ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 161 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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B.P.C.C. Charge Against Govt.

PETAIN'S REPLY TO CHURCHILL

Diplomatic Relations With Britain End

PROTEST AGAINST ORAN NAVAL INCIDENT

Attack On Fleet Described As Stab In Back Of France

VICHY, July 5.

The Havas Agency has confirmed the report that the French Government has decided to break diplomatic relations with Britain. It is stated that the decision was taken at a meeting of the Council of Ministers yesterday.

A PRETEXT

According to the Havas Agency the decision was reached at the meeting of the Council of Ministers yesterday after examination of the situation resulting from what is described as "unjustifiable aggression of a powerful squadron of the British Fleet against a French squadron anchored at Merselkebir".

LAVAL ON SCENE

The Ministers' decision was communicated to a meeting of some fifty Senators by M. Laval in the course of a review of the general political and diplomatic situation. M. Laval also informed the Senators of Government's intentions regarding the forthcoming revision of the Constitution.

NO CONFIRMATION IN LONDON

LONDON, July 5.

There is no confirmation in French official circles in London of the report that the French Government have decided to break off diplomatic relations with Britain.

"Reuter's" diplomatic correspondent learns that French official circles have no knowledge of this.

It is understood that the Note of protest handed to the British Government referring to the Oran incident was extremely vigorous in tone. It is also learned in authoritative quarters that no intimation has so far been received by the Foreign Office of the reported rupture of diplomatic relations.—Reuter.

Castellane For Fr. Embassy

LONDON, July 5.

It is learned in London this afternoon, says "Reuter's" diplomatic correspondent that M. Cambon called on the Foreign Secretary and informed him that he had placed his resignation in the hands of the French Government. M. Castellane therefore, has assumed charge of the French Embassy.—Reuter.

PROTEST LODGED IN LONDON

LONDON, July 5.

M. Cambon, the French Charge d'Affaires in London, has lodged a protest on behalf of the Petain Government at the Foreign Office against the action of the British Fleet against the French Fleet in the Mediterranean.—Reuter.

PETAIN GOVT. VIEW OF BR. NAVAL ACTION

MARSEILLES, July 5.

The French Admiralty account of the incidents leading up to the Anglo-French action in the Mediterranean described by Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons yesterday is issued from Vichy and published by the Havas News Agency. The "Communique" states:

"On July third a British squadron composed of three ships of the line of which "Hood" is one, one aircraft-carrier and certain number of curisers and destroyers arrived at Merselkebir, where the French Force is lying comprising of two ships of the line of "Dunkirk" and "Strasbourg", also "Provence and Bretagne", three second class cruisers and a certain number of light vessels and submarines which are not in a condition to proceed to sea at once.

BRITISH ULTIMATUM

The British Admiral sent Admiral Gensoul the following ultimatum: "Join the British Fleet or destroy your ship within six hours so that they shall not fall into German or Italian hands." The "communique" does not mention the other alternatives, which Mr. Churchill mentioned yesterday.

The "Communique" adds: 'In case this was refused the British said they would not hesitate to destroy the ships themselves. Admiral Gensoul refused and declared he would meet force with force and the first shell fired would see the whole French Fleet lined up against Britain—a result the very opposite of what he desired. The Admiralty and the Government approved of this and the Armistice Commissions were notified.

ARMISTICE STIPULATION

It will be recalled that Germany and Italy had not demanded the surrender of the French Fleet, only its demobilisation and recall to French ports. France would not have consented to the surrender of the Fleet. Marshal Petain, Admiral Darlan and General Baudoin repeated this twenty times over to Mr. Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Alexander and the Ambassador, Sir Ronald Campbell."

STRUCK IN BACK

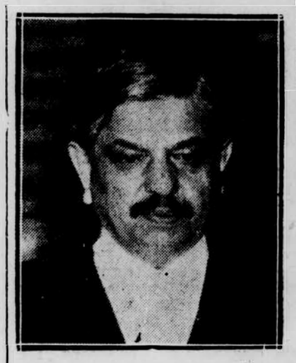
The French Admiralty had the painful feeling that France's mis-

(Continued on page 7 col. 5)

FRENCH NAVAL UNITS TOWED TO BRITAIN

LONDON, July 5.

It is confirmed in authoritative circles in London that some French naval units in the course of construction in northern France were towed across to Great Britain with a number of skilled workmen aboard.—Reuter.



M. Laval, who again appears on the French scene.

INDEPENDENCE FOR SYRIA

Turco-Iraqian View On Future Of French Mandate

BAGHDAD, July 5.

Gen. Nurie Said Pasha, the Iraq Foreign Minister, who has just returned from a conference with the Turkish Government, said that the future of Syria was among the subjects discussed.

Both Iraq and Turkey were of the opinion that Syria should be for the Syrians and that the country should enjoy complete independence.

The Syrians, concluded the General, were fit for independence and it was only right that the final word about their future should rest with themselves.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

ZETLAND ON INDIA'S 'LAMENTABLE SPECTACLE.'

LONDON, July 5.

Lord Zetland presiding at the annual meeting of the World Congress of Faiths, London, said that it was one of the tragedies of the time that in such countries as Ireland, Palestine and India the sanction of religion was still claimed for political and economic enmities.

"There can be no doubt on which side in this conflict stand Protestant and the Catholic, the Arab and the Jew, the Muslim and the Hindu. What does not yet seem to be fully realised is that the thing for which every religion stands is being ruthlessly assailed and that sectarian quarrels weaken power of defence, it is in the interest of all to promote.

Ireland and India—what a lamentable spectacle these countries present in the presence of existing events. They disputed, they argued and engaged in controversies regardless of the imminent peril that threatened all alike".—Reuter.

TWO NAZI SHIPS DAMAGED

LONDON, July 5.

A small German anti-aircraft gun ship off the Dutch coast was completely overturned by a bomb from a Hudson aircraft early to-day. Several patrol ships were left in sinking condition and a German supply ship near Stavanger was damaged.—Reuter.

BREACH OF FAITH WITH LEGISLATURE

Attack On Abandonment Of Prohibition: Call To People

"THE FAILURE OF GOVERNMENT TO ISSUE A REQUISITE NOTIFICATION AFTER THE HIGH COURT JUDGMENT WAS AN ACT OF DEFINITE DISSERVICE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE PROVINCE, FOR IT DESTROYED THE PROHIBITION POLICY AND PROGRAMME OF A POPULAR MINISTRY".

"Maintain Status Quo"

In these words the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee criticised the action of Government in not maintaining the "status quo" with regard to Prohibition, by a resolution, unanimously adopted, on Friday evening.

Sjt. Nagindas Master was in the Chair.

Definite Disservice

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the B. P. C. C., moved a resolution characterising the failure of Government to issue a requisite notification after the High Court judgment as "an act of definite disservice to the people of the Province, inasmuch as it has destroyed almost beyond repair, the Prohibition Policy and Programme of a popular ministry, a policy which has the backing of an overwhelming majority of the people of the Province".

Government Warned

The resolution warned Government against the serious consequences of their attitude and trusted that the people would realise the gravity of the situation and be prepared to do the needful for restoring the policy of Prohibition.

The resolution also expressed the view that Government were not sincere in their prohibition policy and that the least that they could have done was to maintain the "status quo".

Breach Of Promise

The resolution concluded with a note of regret that Government failed to carry out their promises given to the people of the Province.

Speaking on the resolution Mr. S. K. Patil said that from the very beginning it was clear that the present Government were not earnest about Prohibition. Government should have at least maintained the "status quo". By not issuing a notification after the High Court judgment, Government stabbed the ex-Congress policy in the back.

The attempt, he said, to throw the blame on the Congress Ministry was highly deplorable. It only served to hide the real intentions of the present Government.

The resolution when put to vote was unanimously carried.

Protest Against Bose's Arrest

On a motion of Sjt. Purshottam Tricumdas, the House adjourned as a protest against the arrest of Mr. Subhas Bose.

(See Page 12.)

"SAVE CAIRO"

CAIRO, July 5.

A dramatic appeal to save "the sacred city of Cairo" from aerial bombardment was made in a broadcast by Sheikh Maraghi, Rector of the Azhar University, reputed to be the oldest seat of learning in the world. The Sheikh broadcast from the Rifai Mosque after Friday prayers at which King Farouk was present.—Reuter.

CONGRESS ALTERNATIVE TO SIMLA PROPOSALS?

Aney As Messenger To Mahatma

DECISION ON NEXT STEP DELAYED

The Congress Working Committee which met on Wednesday continues to be in Session. It has heard Mahatma Gandhi on his interview with the Viceroy and whatever proposals His Excellency had made have been under consideration for three days. But no decision has been reached on them. It is now stated that the Committee will sit for at least two more days.

Speculators Busy

Such an unexpectedly prolonged Session of the Congress Executive has given rise to all sorts of surmises and political speculators seem to be vying with one another to build up some plausible story, since the members and participants in the Committee's deliberations are pledged to the strictest secrecy and remain tongue-tied.

Three Versions

Two stories are current in Delhi. One story is that Gandhiji is in communication with the Viceroy, while according to another Mr. M. S. Aney who is arriving from Simla is a bearer of an important letter to Gandhiji. There is yet a third report which suggests that there seems to have arisen divergent views on the next step among the members of the Working Committee, some holding the opinion that alternative proposals to those made by the Viceroy should be formulated on behalf of the Congress.

ANEY BRINGS MESSAGE FROM SIMLA

NEW DELHI, July 5.

It is definitely learnt that the Congress Working Committee will sit for at least another two days. And it has now become certain that the meeting will not conclude before Monday next.

The Congress Working Committee adjourned again at 7 p.m. without having come to any final conclusions on the Viceroy's proposals to Mahatma Gandhi.

The Congress President told the journalists that the Committee was still discussing the general political situation and was not in a position to announce anything to the public.

MALAVIYA CALLED AGAIN.

Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya was again present by special invitation at this afternoon's sitting of the Congress Working Committee. This coupled with the news that Mr. Aney is coming here to-morrow to meet Mahatma Gandhi and Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya, has given rise to considerable political speculation in Delhi.

The further news that Mr. Aney is bringing a letter for Mahatma Gandhi from Simla has deepened the mystery.

Political observers believe that the Congress and Congress Nationalist Party may once again collaborate.

MYSTERY DEEPENS.

The mystery is further deepened by the fact that all members of the Working Committee and invitees have been specially warned not to disclose anything of the discussions to the press. The members have even been asked not to answer questions put by journalists. This "censorship" has made difficult, if not impossible, to give any correct appreciation of the position.

From the fact that members of the Working Committee have telegraphically cancelled all engagements for the next two days, it appears that no immediate termination of the Delhi talks is anticipated. Indeed to-night some members of the Committee were openly saying that the present meeting may well continue until the week-end.

After apparently discussing Mahatma Gandhi's conversations with the Viceroy for fifteen hours

(Continued on page 8 Col. 4)

Nazi Pretext To Invade Eire

German Press Propaganda Against Britain's "Threat"

ZURICH, July 5.

German propaganda campaign against Britain's "threat" to the neutrality of Eire which opened a few days ago, is being continued.

Articles in various German newspapers, the aim of which may be to find a Nazi pretext to invade Eire, referred to reports from "leading National Irish circles in New York" that Britain has offered "a guarantee" to Eire based on a promise to send Polish and Czechoslovakia troops to help Eire.

The articles declare that the news of the intention to place the country under British protection has caused great anxiety in Eire.—Reuter.

REYNAUD'S CONDITION

VICHY, July 5.

The condition of M. Reynaud who was reported to have been involved in a car accident last Friday no longer gives any cause for anxiety, says a Havas despatch from Montpellier.—Reuter.

FIVE PILLARS OF PERMANENT PEACE

Disarmament, Freedom Of Press, Platform And Religion And Removal Of Cultural And Commercial Barriers: Roosevelt On Question For America

NEW YORK, July 5.

President Roosevelt at a press conference gave a list of five essentials which, he said, must be realised before permanent peace can result.

FIRSTLY, FREEDOM FROM FEAR SO THAT PEOPLE WILL NOT BE AFRAID OF BEING BOMBED FROM THE AIR OR ATTACKED BY ANOTHER NATION.

This would require disarmament.

SECONDLY, FREEDOM OF INFORMATION.

President Roosevelt said that this was important because the whole country must be able to get news of what was going on in every part of the country and the world. He said that there could be no stable world unless there was freedom of every means of distribution of information.

THIRDLY, FREEDOM OF RELIGION.

President Roosevelt observed that this was maintained fairly well under the democracies but not in countries under other systems of Government.

FOURTHLY, FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION.

President Roosevelt declared that every person should be free to voice his opinion as long as he does not advocate the overthrow of his Government.

FIFTHLY, FREEDOM FROM WANT.

President Roosevelt said that this must be accomplished by the removal of cultural and commercial barriers between nations.

QUESTION FOR AMERICA

President Roosevelt said that an outline of these objectives raised the question whether the United States was going to seek the five "freedoms" or give them up or encourage by lack of opposition those nations which had removed them in order to achieve somewhat more efficient Government. He frankly admitted that what he termed Corporate State or Government as maintained in Italy, Germany and Russia was more efficient than a Democracy. Delays were inherent in the American system, he said, because of its system of checks and balances in legislative, executive and juridical branches.

FASCIST TENDENCIES

The President revealed the reason behind his remarks when he said that he was sorry to say that a large number of Americans were willing, because of the greater efficiency of Corporate States, to adopt that form of government. He pointed out, however, that this part of the population was not large in relation to the entire population, though it represented a good many.—Reuter.

MONROE DOCTRINE 'UNTENABLE'

Germany's "No" To U. S. Interpretation

WASHINGTON, July 5.

GERMANY HAS DECLINED TO ACCEPT THE UNITED STATES INTERPRETATION OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE CALLING IT "UNTENABLE" ACCORDING TO THE GIST OF A NOTE PUBLISHED BY MR. CORDELL HULL.—REUTER.

'STATUS QUO' FOR INDO-CHINA

SINGAPORE, July 5.

An official "communique" states that "status quo" is being maintained by both the British and the French authorities regarding the French Indo-China and French naval forces.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a B.E. (Civil) or holder of other Architectural Diploma recognised by Bombay Municipality, to supervise building construction, repairs; whole-time job; minimum three years' practical experience essential; salary Rs. 80- per month. Only qualified, experienced persons need apply stating age, nationality, vernaculars known and details of experience, with copies of testimonials. Box 13389, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Gujarati-knowing trained Graduate, strong in English (Passed nine months' Physical course at Kandiwali). Apply stating terms to Principal, Union High School, Surat. (2905)

Wanted Electricians with First Class Certificate. Apply stating qualifications, experience and age to Box No. 2897, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted cultured persons of both sexes to act in Gujarati pictures. Apply Box No. 13390, "Bombay Chronicle."

Respectable Cash Clerk experienced or at least matriculate. Salary 30|- with increment. Refundable deposit Rs. 200|- essential. Box 13398, "Bombay Chronicle."

Posts Guaranteed In A Month— Wanted 8 non-Madrassi Stenographers, Tutors, Teachers, Accountants, Gujarathi Clerks, Assistants, Sec. Federal Co., Employment Specialists, 39, Forbes St. (13399)

Wanted—An M.B.B.S. or an L.C. P.S. with experience of Sanitation and Public Health to work throughout the State on initial pay of Rs. 50 p.m. plus Rs. 25 as P.T.A. Applications with testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before 20th of July, 1940. C. G. Kulkarni, S.B., M.Sc., Ph.D., M.D., Chief Medical Officer, Sangli. (2908)

Wanted a qualified L.S.G.D. and experienced Sanitary Inspector for Bhavnagar Municipality. The post is permanent and graded 40-2|5-60. Applicants must state clearly their age, native place, qualifications, experience, etc. in their application with copies of Certificates which must reach the undersigned before the 15th July, 1940. K. V. Thakkar, President, Bhavnagar City Municipality. (2887)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted 40 Boys Learning Shorthand, Typewriting, Office Training (Diploma). Written Guarantee of Posts. See: Brentford's College, 204, Hornby Road. (13402)

Wanted Lady Doctor; Male Doctor 50|- Nurses, Compounder, Stenographers, Clerks, for immediate employment. Apply: Goldwyn & Co., 39, Forbes St. (13403).

Wanted a graduate to work as Superintendent of a State Boarding House. Apply stating age, qualifications, previous experience, pay expected forwarding copies of testimonials to the President, Education Society, Palitana. (2915)

Wanted three experienced Chemists for a Chemical Factory. Apply immediately with full particulars, stating qualifications and past experience to Box No. 13393, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

Godown and shops Victoria Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort. Cheap rents. Business locality. Apply Gazdar, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort. Phone: 26403. (13391)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Sydenham College of Commerce: Evening Classes are held at the College for preparing students for the First R. A. Examination and also for the Sydenham College Diplomas in Accountancy and Secretarial Practice. Students desirous of training for the Final Examination can join the Senior Diploma Class in Accountancy. Admissions made daily. (2853—A)

Marris College of Hindustani Music, Lucknow. Admissions begin on July 10. Impart first class training in Vocal and Instrumental music, Dance, Band, Instrument manufacturing and Repairing, Teachers Training classses and Juvenile training Diploma and degree recognised for Government service. Fees moderate. Prospectus for annas six. Postage extra. Apply to Registrar, Bhatkhande University of Indian Music. Arrangement for Ladies Hostel under lady Superintendent has been made. Intending lady students should communicate at once. (13318)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13392, "Bombay Chronicle."

174. BOOKS

Law—Wanted Indian Law Reports original all series or any Court 1924 to any year or full Set, correspond with Wadhwa Brothers, Kutchery Road, Karachi. (13354)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS.

Diabetes cured under guarantee within seven weeks. Apply: Vaidya Vedpathak "Mapla Mahal" Thakurdwar, Bombay 4. (13386)

260 DYERS & CLEANERS

Ordinary cotton-silken woollen sarees. Suits other garments cleaned, dyed Waterproofed at moderate rates by process new to India, trial solicited. Vasudev Dyeing Works, opp. Marine Lines Station. (13396)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:—Experienced agents for Products of daily use on decent Salary and Commission. Apply: Setia Brothers, 2, Beadon Road, Lahore. (13388)

341. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS

Your Chance to enhance your business in Northern India at little cost. Consult Nath Bros., 40, Nisbet Road, Lahore. (13377)

346. INVESTMENTS.

Wanted a reliable and enterprising distributor or financier to advance Rupees Fifty Thousand for production in two versions (English and Hindi) alternative rupees thirty-five thousand plus raw material for both versions. Complete lien on Hindi version only. Advances in three instalments. Story, dialogues, songs, scenario, office equipment, stationery, all complete. No brokers. Only those genuinely interested may please apply stating terms and conditions to Box No. 13338 "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE GUZERAT RAILWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE GUZERAT RAILWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on MONDAY THE 22ND day of July, 1940, at 5 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1st.—To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st March 1940.
2nd.—To declare a Dividend.
3rd.—To elect Directors in place of Mr. Dadubhai P. Desai and Mr. R. C. Giles who retire by rotation, but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 15th July to Wednesday, the 31st July 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 26th June, 1940. (2911)

INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN".

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Executive and Engineering Courses commencing on January 10, 1941, are invited from candidates between 13 years 8 months and 16 years of age on 15th January 1941, so as to reach the undersigned by the *15th September 1940* at the latest.

The Public Qualifying Examination will take place at various centres in India from 4th to 6th November 1940; and successful candidates will be interviewed by the Governing Body in Bombay in January 1941.

Successful applicants will be required to produce a transfer certificate from their last school, if any, within one month of their joining.

The illustrated prospectus, containing the application form, specimen examination papers, etc., may be had from the undermentioned Officer on prepayment of Re. 1/4/- by Money Order, and also from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, and through local agents for Government Publications.

R. C. G. MCCLEMENT, Capt. R.I.N.
Secretary, Governing Body,
I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin",
Mazgaon Pier, Bombay, 10. 2507

345. COMMERCIAL TRAINING

Government Commercial Class (Elphinstone High School, Bombay). Students prepared for the full course for Government Commercial Diploma Examination and also in single subjects such as Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting, etc. Evening Classes from 6 to 8 p. m. for Matriculates. Admissions made daily. (2854—D)

347. LOANS AND MORTGAGES

Rs. 40,000|- wanted at 5½% for five years on Leasehold property. No Brokers. Please write Box No. 13395, "Bombay Chronicle."

Loans! New Management from to-day! Either you get your Loan on the tenth day or otherwise! Urgent work done quickly! Proofs of large sums already advanced ready for inspection! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road Tram Junction, opposite Hardinge Co., Hours (8 to 11, 2 to 5) or 269 Hornby Road (11 to 2, 5 to 7). 'Phone 20016. (13400)

Railway Employee, 18 years service, pay 160|- needs Loan Rs. 200|- reasonable interest. Personal security. Repayment twenty instalments. Reply Box No. 13401, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Loan Rs. 500 by Government servant. Payable in ten instalments. Reasonable interest. Apply Box No. 13385, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
(Works Branch)

NOTICE.

Fresh Tenders for the work of construction of closed S. W. drains in lieu of and filling in the open channel between Worli Road and Cleveland Bunder Sluice gates will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on MONDAY the 15th July, 1940.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees five to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer

City Engineer's Department,
(Works Branch)
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 4th July, 1940. (2912)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HORMUSJI DHUNJIBHOY MEHERJI-Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Hormusji Dhunjibhoy Meherji, deceased, who died at Bombay on the 15th May, 1940, and Probate of whose will having effect throughout the Province of Bombay was granted on the 29th June, 1940, to Phirozesha Dhunjibhoy Meherji and Bai Dosibai Dhunjibhoy Meherji, of Bombay, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the Office of Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & Co. their attorneys within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

AND all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amounts owing by them and|or to deliver up the said securities or the property as the case may be to the said Executors at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1940.
MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Attorneys for the Executors,
14K, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (2906)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DARBARASINGH JAWAHIRSINGH of Poona Sikh Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Sheth Mafatlal Gagalbhai of Bombay.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate lying and being at Bhamburda, bearing final Plot No. 437 (Four hundred and thirty-seven) of the Town Planning Scheme (Bhamburda and Yeraudavua) measuring 1 acre and 27 gunthas assessment Rs. 1-12-0 annas within the limits of Poona City Municipality bounded, on the East by 45 feet road, on the West by Plot No. 436, on the North by Ganesh Khind Road and on the South by Plot No. 438 in the Sub-Registration District of Haveli District Poona.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1940.
AMIN DESAI AND NANAVATI
Purchaser's Attorneys. (2913)

Public Notices

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPOINTMENTS OF EXAMINERS AT THE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR-1941.

APPLICATIONS ARE HEREBY INVITED for the appointments of EXAMINERS at the University Examinations to be held during the Calendar year 1941, and should be sent in to the Registrar in the prescribed form so as to reach him not later than Wednesday, the 31st July, 1940. Applications received after the 31st July, will not be accepted.

Forms of application and particulars regarding the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar. There are two kinds of forms of applications, viz., (A) for the Matriculation Examination and (B) for Examinations *other than* Matriculation. No one should apply for appointments in more than two subjects at the Matriculation, and in more than one subject or a group of allied subjects at Examinations *other than* the Matriculation. Candidates should state in their requisition for forms whether they desire to be supplied with a form of application in regard to the Matriculation Examination, or for Examinations *other than* the Matriculation, or for both.

Applicants are particularly requested to *specify at the top of their applications in a bold hand the serial number of the appointment for which they apply.* For each appointment a separate form should be used. However, in the case of appointments coming within the purview of a particular Board of Studies, no separate applications are necessary.

Canvassing, direct or indirect, will disqualify an applicant for appointment as Examiner.

By order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 2nd July, 1940. 2895

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an Agreement for Building Sub-lease, dated 20th March, 1940, SORABJI SHAPURJI DUBASH has agreed to grant to RAHIM KARIM and FAKIR MAHOMED KARIM, both of Bombay Mahomedans a Sub-lease renewable in perpetuity of the undermentioned property and that the said Rahim Karim and Fakir Mahomed Karim have contracted for the absolute sale of the said property to our client Khan Bahadur Mahomed Abdul Kadir Mackawee. All persons, therefore, having, or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement 527 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 14 of the Chanda Ramji Press Estate in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 14/318 of Colaba Division forming part of a larger piece of land or ground bearing Collectors New Nos. 15901, 15902 and 15931, New Survey Nos. 1/9565, 2/9565 and 3/9565 together with the buildings and erections standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 460 (2) Street No. 5 L all which premises are situate at Colaba Road and are bounded on or towards the East by Plots Nos. 9 and 10 of the said Estate leased to Dossabhoy Ardesir Wadia and others, on or towards the West by Government land, on or towards the North by a Road 40 feet wide and on or towards the South by Plot No. 13 of the said Estate leased to Dr. Sorab M. Cama.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1940.
ARDESIR HORMUSJI
DINSHAW & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 2914

Auction Sales

MISTRY & CO.

BONA-FIDE-SALE at "Wadia-House", Wodehouse Road, Colaba on SUNDAY, 7th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) Modern and household furniture, Chesterfield suite, gramophone, radio, glassware, etc.

MISTRY & Co.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUY NEW PROPERTY IN HIGH CLASS HINDU LOCALITY.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "LANGDALE" OPPOSITE TRAM TERMINUS KING'S CIRCLE, MATUNGA.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Haridas & Co., Attorneys for Sole Surviving Mortgagee Sheth Hariram Sobhraj and on account and at the risk of Temurasp Kaikhushrow Printer, the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Deed of Mortgage dated 11th November, 1937, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property this day Saturday the 6th July, 1940, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Leasehold land with the dwelling house situate on the N. West side of Vincent Road, Dadar of the Dadar Matunga Estate Scheme No. 5 and known as plot No. 450A admeasuring 576 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadestral Survey No. 383A|10 of Matunga Division and under F Ward No. 7787 (1) and Street No. 1359 and bounded on the East by plot No. 450C, on the West by plot No. 461B, on the North by plot No. 452 and on the South by plot No. 461B.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Haridas & Co., Attorneys for sole-surviving Mortgagee or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

The wife does not know about her husband—he does not remember her! What a strange thing! See

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"LAXMI"

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To-day and Sunday
Matinee at 1-15 p. m.

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Vincent Road,—Dadar.

THE MOST TOPICAL FILM, DEPICTING THE MOST AMAZING SCENES

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NEXT FRIDAY
BOOK NOW.

India Artists' Great Movie 3RD WEEK

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★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ANURADHA
★ ROSE ★ MUBARAK
★ PRATIMADEVI

The Picture You can never Miss

Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays
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MINERVA

BANDRA TALKIES

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

From July 6th to 9th.
War . . . as to-day in Europe
ERROL FLYNN—BASIL RATHBONE—DAVID NIVEN in WARNER BROS.

DAWN PATROL

Sunday 6th July at 10-30 a.m.
GRETA GARBO
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
MARIE WALEWSKA

CHANGE

YOU SO BADLY NEED
From the Daily Drab
have it in plenty in

Ardhangi

"HUNS" comedy of sterling merit

Starring:
WINAYAK,
LEELA CHITNIS,
MEENAXEE &
BABURAO PENDHARKAR

GIVING A GOOD LAUGH-TIME IN ITS

16TH WEEK

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Sat. Sun., Matinee 1-30 p.m.
Tues. Thurs. Zanana
Show 1-30 p.m.

At
NEW WEST END

AN ORDEAL WHICH ENDED
IN THE VICTORY OF RIGHT!
PRABHAT'S Memorable Masterpiece

DNYANESHWAR

Starring:
YESHWANT
SHAHU MODAK &
SUMATI GUPTE

Directed by:
DAMLE and
FATEHLAL

8th Week at CENTRAL

Daily: Marathi: 4, 7 p.m. Hindi: 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Marathi: 1-30, 4 p.m. Hindi: 7, 9-45 p.m.
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CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 1,13,00,000

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Branches:

AHMEDABAD: Bhadra Office, Station Branch.
ANDHERI, Near Bombay.
BANDRA, Near Bombay.
BOMBAY: Bullion Exchange, Colaba, Kalbadevi, Malabar Hill.
CALCUTTA: Clive Street (Main Office), Bara Bazar, Chowringhee Square.
JAMSHEDPUR.
NAGPUR: Kingsway, Itwari Bazar.
POONA.
POONA CITY.
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HEAD COLD

DO THIS: Put some Vicks VapoRub up each nostril and sniff well back. You'll feel better right away. Next, melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water; then breathe in the steaming medicated vapors for several minutes. This loosens phlegm and further clears the air-passages. At bedtime, rub VapoRub on throat, chest, and back so that its long-continued *double* action can relieve the misery of the cold while you sleep. VapoRub acts direct through the skin like a poultice; at the same time its medicated vapors, breathed in direct, bring comfort to the irritated air-passages. Try it. VICKS VAPORUB

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For this DREADFUL DISEASE
ARSENO-TYPHOID
is an EXCELLENT REMEDY

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IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?

That depends on the LIVER! An Old Joke, but you will make a mistake if you do not

TAKE IT SERIOUSLY

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NO INCREASE IN PRICES.

On The Air

SATURDAY, JULY 6.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Asad Ali Khan. 5-30 Vilayat Khan. 5-45 Husn Lal: Violin recital. 6-15 Geets. Gay and Grave. 6-45 Bai Gangu Bai of Hubli. 7-25 Applied Poetry. 7-45 Books I have been reading: Talk. 8 Master Madan. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or Instrumental duet. 10-5 Thumri, Bhajan aur Ghazal. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Asad Ali Khan. 8-30 Bai Gangu Bai of Hubli. 8-45 Master Madan: Punjabi Geet. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Faqiruddin. 9-45 Vilayat Khan. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Mian ki Malhar.

Delhi III—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5-50 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-25 to 8-42 A.R.P. News Play Poster. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Popular Airs on Violin. 10-45 Master Mohan.

Bombay I & II—Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Indian music. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 to 8-40 As in Delhi 2. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12 Noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
61.48 metres (+,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 to 6 Indian music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 A Variety Programme in gramophone records. 7 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Flying Officer Henry Ranganathan interviewed by Mr. G. R. Genge. 8-45 As in Delhi 2. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 to 10-30 As in Delhi 2. 10-30 Close down.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 Bobby Daniels. 6-30 Bobby Daniels. 6-40 Renuka Roy. 7 Kajri: A picture in music of the cloudy and rainy days. 7-45 Landmarks in the History of Calcutta: Talk in Bengali. 8 Kamalabala (Jharia): Bengali Thumri and Bengali Tappa. 8-30 Prio Lal Chowdhuri: Esraj solo. 9 Gracia Duveck: Entertainer. 9-55 Dance music.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-40 Naresh Ch. Chakravarti. 9-55 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

A. R. P. DRAMATIZED

The Hindustani and Marathi translations of Aubrey Menon's News play, which are to be broadcast to-day (Saturday) and (8th July) Monday respectively from the Bombay Station—should arouse great interest among listeners since it is a topical feature, instructive and entertaining at the same time.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S BROADCAST

The speech of His Excellency the Governor of Madras at the meeting convened by the Sheriff of Madras at 5-30 p.m. on (Saturday, July 6) to discuss India's war effort will be broadcast by the Madras centre of All-India Radio. It will be broadcast on both wavelengths, namely 211 and 60.98 metres.—A. P.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chhoeki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-50
Poona Mail	10-10	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-38	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-50	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-30	14-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
		(Sun.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45

Chairman Of Board Of Communications

Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

Mr. C. H. Bristow has been appointed the Chairman of the Bombay Board of Communications during the period of his appointment as Adviser for the Public Works Department to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

In future, the Adviser for the Public Works Department or the Honourable Minister for Public Works, Bombay, when one is appointed, will be the ex-officio Chairman of the Board of Communications.

A Mehsana Correspondent wires to say that the Praja Mandal has secured a brilliant victory as a thumping majority of 1700 votes Madhusoodanray got 3,330 and Ramlal (independent) got only 1656 votes.

Rumour Of Higher Loan On American Cotton

PRIVATE CROP ESTIMATES

Higher Spot Cotton Basis In Liverpool

Bombay, July 5

On Thursday all American markets remained closed, it being "Independence Day".

In the meantime following private crop estimates were issued:—

The "Journal of Commerce" estimate cotton acreage at 24,600,000 and condition as 79.8 per cent of normal.

Mr. Jackson Curtis estimate cotton acreage at 24,767,000 condition at 74 per cent of normal.

The "Daily News Record" gives area under cultivation as 25,481,000 and condition at 67 and production at 11,660,000 bales.

McFadden gives acreage under cultivation over U. S. A. Cotton Belt at 24,794,000 acres.

It may be mentioned that area given as above is merely a guess work as it is possible to get return from each farmer. Moreover the Government estimate which is based on extensive information gathered through various reliable source will also be an approximate figure but it is impossible to find out the actual area.

However these rough estimates act as a basis in ascertaining the production on the another guess of condition. Thus crop estimates issued at this time of the year do not help much in finding out the ultimate production which is entirely dependent on weather developments, insect damage and killing frost But all markets often act on these estimates and to this extent the area does not indicate any marked change.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 7 points with October 7.11. The market was steady with Bombay and New York advices. There were rumours of a higher loan indicating 9 1/2 cents per lb. on the next American cotton crop. Near months were steady on higher Spot cotton basis but distants were quiet. There was trade calling and light hedge selling. July highest was 7.35 and the lowest was 7.31. The sessional finally closed at a net rise of 10 to 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 15 points at 7.77d. per lb.

Egyptian cotton was steady. Uppers futures closed 10 to 9 points up and Giza futures advanced 9 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Liverpool July highest	7.35+11
Liverpool July lowest	7.31+07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 4

July	7.34+10
August	7.25+08
September	7.18+07
October	7.11+07
November	6.98+07
December	6.88+06
January	6.84+06
February	6.80+06
March	6.76+06
April	6.71+04
May	6.67+03
June	6.63+02
July	6.59
Middling Spot	7.77+15
	10 a.m. quotations
October	7.10
January	5.84

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 5

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and New York market was closed. London Spot silver prices were unchanged at 21 3/4d. and forward quotation was 1/16d. down at 21 5/8d. India sold and Bears covered. Business was small. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 57-11-3 and forward parity was Rs. 57 6-9. In the local market there was scattered buying in silver while gold was quiet with a limited business.

Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	42 1 0
Ashad		42 0 0

SILVER

Ready		62 9 0
Ashad		62 5 0

LONDON GOLD

London, July 4

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 4

Spot	21 3/4
Forward	21 5/8

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, July 5

The local Seeds market remained closed today owing to death of a member.

There was a meeting of the Board of Directors and it was decided that minimum prices fixed and other restrictions will continue till next Thursday. The Board will again meet on Friday to reconsider the situation.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 4

T T London on: 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2; Paris not quoted; Berlin unquoted; Madrid 37.70; Montreal 4.43/4 47; Amsterdam unquoted; Brussels unquoted; Milan unquoted; Berne 17.75/17.85; Copenhagen unquoted; Stockholm 16.85/16.95; Oslo unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 4

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62	1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£79	
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91	1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107	
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£72	
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99	1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99	1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110	1/2
Victory bonds	£109	
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£5	7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£63	
National Bank of India	£25	1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 4

Rosario Santa Fe	20/ quoted
Barletta Russo July quoted	23/6
South Australian July quoted	28/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 4

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers	12 7/8

INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO.'S PRODUCTION

Production at Hirapur and Kulti works for June was as under:

	Tons
Pig Iron Production	41,680
Castings	5,544

Tata Steel Production

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of June 1940, was:—

	Tons.
Pig Iron	97,700
Steel Ingots	85,100
Finished Steel—	
Semi-for sale	13,000
Finished	51,000
	64,100

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA: July 5.

Share Market conditions showed very little alterations to-day. Jute preferences on the other hand met with some enquiry and changed hands at steady rates. Security prices also exhibited better movements.

The following are the closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent new loan 1963-65 85/12 c t s lot; 3 1/2 per cent Govt paper 86/2; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 99/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 99/8 s lots; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100/8; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 106/12 s lot.

Railways: Chaparmukh Silghat Rly 84/8; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rly (Guaranteed) 9/8.

Jutes: Alliance pref 1/9; Cheviot pref 136; Craig pref 34; Dalhousie pref 149 ex-div; Hooghly pref 16/4; Hukumchand pref 76/12 s lot; Kankinarah pref 131; New Central pref 147; Reliance pref 151/8 ex-div; Union pref 149 ex-div; Waverley pref 35/8.

Miscellaneous: Bengal Telephone pref 11/14 ex-div; Steel Corpn pref 98; B I Corpn pref 149 s lots.

Tea Shares: Banarhat pref 161 s lot; Moheems pref 10/8 ex-div.

Debentures: 4 per cent 1934/64 Calcutta Improvement Trust Debs 99/2; 7 per cent 1925/45 Waverley Jute Debs 102.—A. P.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 5

Yesterday New York cotton market was closed and Liverpool closed 10 to 3 points up. The local market opened steady at Rs. 180 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 181/8 on improved buying. The tone of the market was very steady and it is after a long time that there was less disposition to sell.

Later on there was increased selling on issue of 12600 bales tenders against Broach J/A delivery and price declined to Rs. 152 while new Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 179. Scattered buying again appeared and prices improved to Rs. 180/8. Liverpool market opened one point up and prices in the local market were unchanged. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach—		
July/August	Rs.	154 8 0
April/May		180 12 0
Fine M G Oomra:—		
July		140 4 0
December/January		157 4 0
F G M G Bengal:—		
July		113 0 0
December/January		129 0 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 5

	To-day	Total
Broach J/A	12550	17450
Oomra July	2300	4400
Bengal July	5150	7150

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 5

Bengal Fine	118-20
C. P. No. 1	145-48
C. P. No. 2	139-41
Berar	138-40
Khandesh	133-35
Jalna	134-36
Ahmednagar	131-34
Broach	151-55

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, July 5

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year Since 1st Sept.	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	39,585
Central India		109,361	224,121
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	92,231
Hyderabad-Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar	104	318,396	162,254
Central Provinces		76,962	38,096
Total Oomras	104	722,386	559,861
Dholera		89,297	276,238
N W Provinces		26,048	8,208
Rajputana		35,228	74,534
Sind-Punjab	981	359,892	326,673
Broach		407,930	414,409
Coompta and Dharwar		48,362	141,624
Western-Northern		34,725	91,326
Cocanada		85	98
Tinnevelly		1,390	3,631
Total	1,085	1,726,534	18,94,891
Bail Arrivals		339,387	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 4-7-40	7805000	3869000
Receipts yesterday 4-7-40	.....	6000
Export to date 4-7-40	5399000	3462000
Stock at Ports 28-6-40	2612000	1930000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-6-40	2096000	2510000
Stock at Liverpool 28-6-40	.....	712000
Visible Supply 28-6-40	.....	4982000
Quantity in sight 28-6-40	13530000	9280000
Quantity out of sight 28-6-40	.....	9933000

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 382 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 256 penny points at exchange 1/6

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 4

Broach J/A highest 154 1/2 lowest 151 closing 153

Broach A/M highest 181 1/2 lowest 177 1/2 closing 176 3/4

Oomra July highest 138 lowest 136 1/2 closing 136

Oomra D/F highest 187 1/2 lowest 184 1/2 closing 154 3/4

Bengal July highest 115 1/2 lowest 110 closing 110

Bengal D/J highest 131 lowest 127 closing 127 1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 4

UPPERS:—	
Spot	11.65+04
July	11.08+10
October	10.61+09
December	10.51+09
January	10.32+09
March	10.16+09
May	10.09+09
GIZA NO. 2—	
Spot	11.32+04
July	10.67+09
October	10.41+08
November	10.41+08
January	10.29+08
March	10.24+08
May	10.19+08

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 5

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

Shipment September Rs. 8-9-0 F B H Indian sugars ready:—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-4-0 to 17-14-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 17-15-0 to 18-4-0

Tone:—Steady

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 5

A further rise in Stee shares was noted to-day on the Exchange with a slight recession at the close. Tata Deferreds were at the opening quoted at 1700, being Rs. 20 higher than their previous closing, and, after touching 1735, they eased down to 1715. The Ordinary shares which closed at 328 yesterday, opened at 332 and after advancing to 335, receded to 332, finally quoting at 333. Textiles ruled steady.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:

Tata Deferreds (1680) 1700 1735 1715
Tata Ordinaries (328) 332 335 332 333
Tata Ordinary 333; Tata Deferred 1715; Indian Iron 25; Bombay Dyeing 890; Century 247/8; Central India 246/4; Kohinoor 337/8; Associated Cement 112; Bombay Burma 530; Scindia Steam 18/8; Tata Hydro 152/8; Reserve Bank 97/8; Imperial Bank F P 1422/8; Central Bank 31/14; Bank of India 130; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 86/4

NET PROFITS OF CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Ad-Interim Dividend Of 6 Per Cent.

The Net Profit of the Central Bank of India, Limited, for the half year ended 30th June 1940, subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 8,08,303-12-10 brought forward from the last year's account, amounts to Rs. 20,19,605-1-3 which the Directors have resolved to dispose of as follows:

To pay an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, free of Income Tax, for the half year ended 30th June, 1940	Rs.	5,04,396 0 0
To carry forward to next half year's account	Rs.	15,15,209 1 3
	Rs.	20,19,605 1 3

Madras Share Bazar Displays Better Tendency

MADRAS, July 5

A slightly better inquiry was in evidence in the local market. Rangoon Telephones came in for some business. Miscellaneous issues remained steady. Cotton Mills were unchanged. Banks and Government securities were firmer. Exchange transactions from 12 noon 4th to 12 noon 5th instant. 4 per cent Madras Central Land Mortgage Bank Debs 100/4; Sitarams 36 ol; Travancore Sugars 12; United Breweries 81; Telephone 13/4, 13/9; Mysore Paper 11.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 5

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	58 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	64 0 0

Tone:—Steady

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

Bombay, July 5

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. August 120; October 122; December 124

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. August 138; October 141; December 144

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. August 158; October 161; December 164

Yarn No. 40s. August 241; October 244; December 247

Is Indian Cotton New Crop A Safe Purchase?

Messrs. Breul and Co. state:—

"In the absence recently of any European developments, which, in the opinion of the general Body of the Traders, are likely to influence the course of hostilities, our market has fallen under the influence of factors more closely associated with prevailing local conditions and there appears to be developing a more general realisation that these factors do not warrant higher prices.

In comparison with foreign markets present prices undoubtedly look to be cheap, but it is our contention that a comparision with the overseas markets is entirely misleading and that Indian Cotton must be judged on its own merits and not on markets governed by a completely different set of circumstances. We emphasise once again that in this country we cannot depend upon a philanthropic Government to relieve the Farmers of their crop at a price which is unobtainable in World markets, and that as the result of events in Europe India has lost at least 25 per cent of her normal export trade in raw cotton. That provides a picture of the position as it exists to-day; a few months hence it may better or it may be worse, but at the moment we discern no indications of a silver lining in the clouds and we feel that it would be folly to discount in advance the miracle necessary to restore the position as it existed immediately prior to the outbreak of war. If we carry our memory back for a moment to those peaceful days, we find that during the months of July and August last year new crop April/May Broach fluctuated between a maximum of Rs. 164 and a minimum of Rs. 148, so that we are compelled to ask ourselves whether at that time the various interests which make the market were too pessimistic or whether those interests to-day are unduly optimistic. During the intervening ten months the world has been a witness to catastrophic changes, and our market has been subjected to violent fluctuations; fortunes have been made and lost and at the end of it all new crop contracts are some 15 per cent higher than they were immediately prior to the outbreak of war and the country is faced with the task of finding new outlets for 7 to 8 lacs of bales normally taken by Europe (excluding Great Britain). In this position we see no foundation for higher prices.

Whenever we are asked to say whether purchases of new crop Broach can be made with reasonable safety at prices now ruling, our answer is in the negative, but it must not be forgotten that we are now on the eve of a period of six months during which speculators can manipulate prices without the risk of their activities being corrected by the need to accept cotton against their purchases, and having had an example during the closing months of last year of what can be done so long as dealings are in paper only, the possibility of a repetition of that insane manipulation cannot be entirely ignored, provided, of course, that events connected with the war do not prove the futility of such activities."

SHIPPING NEWS

SAILED

Bombay, July 5

M B Kaisha's Japanese s s Yodogawa Maru of 4801 reg tons, Captain T Aso sailed for Moji with general cargo.

EXPORTS

276 bags fleaseed husk D Abraham and Sons; 264 pkgs gum A Abdulla and Co; 200 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 18 bales cotton pcegoods M Jani and Sons; 513 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 15 bales cotton pcegoods S R Pusalkar and Co; 50 bales cotton pcegoods Manekji and Co; 144 bales cotton pcegoods The Jessain Carpet Co; 392 bags steatile powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 6 bales ctn pcegoods G N Musry; 52 cases brassware curios The American Express Co. Inc.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 5.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 92-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-4
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 93
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 88-8
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 100-1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 98-14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 104-8
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-6
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 85-8

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 107-4
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1947 98-8
4 per cent M. Deb. 1947 98
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 106
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 112-8
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956 113

Tone: Steady to firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 5

S. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 5th January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 5th January

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 5th January

Bank's buying D D 1/5 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling T T 333

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 85 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying T T 80 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/2 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 56

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 5th inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 5/32 5th inst.
New York London closed 4th inst.
London Java 7.58/62 4th inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 4th inst.
London Paris 176 1/2—3/4 4th inst.
London Switzerland 17.75/85 4th inst.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 4th inst.
London Japan 1/3 3/16 4th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 3rd inst.
Gold £8-8-0 4th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 3/4 3rd inst.
Silver London Ready 21 3/4 4th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 11/16 3rd inst.
Silver London Forward 21 5/8 4th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 3rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 4th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 3rd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 4th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 3rd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 4th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on 28th June:—

1. Demand Liabilities:		
(a) In India		136,59,30,000
(b) In Burma		7,34,38,000
2. Time Liabilities:		
(a) In India		104,04,73,000
(b) In Burma		3,71,57,000
3. Cash:		
i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes:		
(a) In India		8,94,43,000
(b) In Burma		1,77,000
ii. Burma Notes:		
(a) In India		26,000
(b) In Burma		39,16,000
iii. Rupee Coin:		
(a) In India		1,33,39,000
(b) In Burma		1,56,000
iv. Subsidiary Coin:		
(a) In India		30,81,000
(b) In Burma		46,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank		20,29,72,000
5. Advances:		
(a) In India		135,61,50,000
(b) In Burma		4,62,94,000
6. Bills Discounted:		
(a) In India		4,85,97,000
(b) In Burma		14,82,000

Comparative statement of the position of Scheduled Banks:—

(In thousand Rupees)

	28-6-1940	21-6-1940	30-6-1939	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India and Burma	143,98,68 (7,34,38)	143,28,22 (7,35,27)	131,83,57 (6,85,93)	141,39,78 (7,03,39)
2. Time liabilities in India & Burma	107,76,30 (3,71,57)	109,34,39 (3,76,10)	108,15,72 (4,31,13)	106,46,46 (4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India and Burma	11,01,84 (42,95)	8,15,03 (37,54)	10,10,76 (36,55)	7,29,82 (59,37)
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	20,29,72	23,30,87	16,14,00	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	140,23,84 (4,62,24)	141,95,93 (4,79,19)	115,54,57 (3,96,01)	105,65,68 (4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India and Burma	5,00,79 (14,82)	5,06,05 (15,58)	5,38,99 (30,60)	3,86,74 (29,46)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets).

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 4

3 per cent		79
3 1/2 per cent		91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59		100
4 per cent 1948/53		104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55		107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68		109
5 per cent 1942/47		103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52		96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols		72
3 1/2 per cent War Loan		99 1/2
4 per Funding loan 1960/90		110 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord		36/3

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS.

London, July 4

	This week.
Total bullion	£ 1,700,000
Public deposits	15,560,000
(a) Other deposits	188,900,000
Government securities	171,300,000
(b) Other securities	28,600,000
Notes and coin	23,500,000
Notes in circulation	605,200,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	11.47 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	140,100,000
(b) Other securities include discount	5,400,000
Total deposits	205,800,000
Total securities	199,800,000

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Further Rise In Prices

Bombay, July 5

The Bombay Stock Exchange again ruled very steady and with improved buying prices registered further rise for active shares.

American markets were closed but Mr. Churchill's statement encouraged buyers and the market displayed good undertone. Investors are showing more confidence and money being easy, there is more disposition to buy industrial shares. There was some selected bargain hunting.

Cotton Mill shares were very steady with improved buying Bombay Dyeings gained Rs. 10 at Rs. 910. Century Mill shares were steady at Rs. 255. Central India shares remained unchanged at Rs. 250.

Associated Cements shares hardened to Rs. 112/4 while Tata Powers improved to Rs. 1275.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1710 and advanced to Rs. 1760 but later declined to Rs. 1725 and closed at Rs. 1735, Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 335. Jamshedpur

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, July 5

Bombay Dyeing (900) 900 905 910 July 910 915 920
Century (250) 252 255 254 255 July 253 255
Central India (250) 250 July 253 251
Kohinoor (335) 342 345 343 345 July 342
New Great (310) 310
Simplex (90) 90
Swadeshi (221) 221
Associated Cement (111/6) 111/8 111/12 112/4
Tata Power (1265) 1270 1275 July 1265
T Steel Defd (1700) 1710 1730 1745 1760 1725 1730 1735 July 1750 1760 1755 1765 1760
T Steel Ord (331) 335 336 338 336 335 July 338 339 341 337 337/8
Bellapur (200) 201
B Burma (531) 535 540 532/8 July 537 535 530

Steel production for June of Pig Iron was 97700 tons and Steel Ingots were 85100 tons. Finished Steel production was 64,100 tons.

Bellapur shares were steady at Rs. 201 and Bombay Burma shares were steady at Rs. 532/8.

Government securities were steady with increased buying. Among Banks, Central Banks hardened on dividend declaration.

The market was fairly firm and with scarcity of offerings prices hardened, but prices reacted on scattered selling. The tone of the market at the close was steady.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 5.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	263 12
250	Bombay Dyeing	910 5
100	Century	255 0
100	Central India	250 0
100	Colaba	120 0
100	Coorla	118 0
250	David	345 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 5 6
100	Finlay	148 0
100	Gokak	177 0
1000	Hindustan	1920 0
100	Indore	37 0
100	Khatau	120 0
100	Kohinoor	345 0
250	Laxmi	475 0
100	Morarji	175 0
50	Model	58 0
50	Mysore	101 0
200	New Great	310 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix

N. Y. COTTON FOUR POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940
New York: July 5.

Previous closing	9.35
To-day's opening	9.40
Difference	+1
To-day's closing	9.35
Difference	—4

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August 1940 ..... Rs. 153/8
Broach April/May 1941 ..... Rs. 180/0

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool: July 5.

Previous closing	7.11
To-day's opening	7.12
Difference	+1
To-day's closing	7.09
Difference	—2

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 5.

New York cotton displayed brighter sentiment following encouraging Liverpool and Bombay cables and good business was done. The trading in October began at 9.40, i. e. one point higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and advanced further on outside interests and local operators buying, while contracts were scarce with October steadily rising to 9.57.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old 10.07/05
October 9.40/40
December 9.26/26

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: July 5.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 42 1/4) dol 42 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 30
U S Steel Common (dol 50 7/8) dol 51 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS.
London: July 5.

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£15 7/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES

Dundee August (£34 3/4) £34 3/4
Lightning August (£32) £32

RUBBER

Spot (12 5/8d paid and buyers) 12 5/8d paid and value.
Forward October/December (11 1/2d paid and buyers) 11 1/2d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£265 1/2 buyers; £266 sellers. Steady) £266 buyers; £266 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 6 (111 sh.) 111 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: July 5.

Previous closing 3.82
To-day's opening 3.82 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: July 5.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London: July 5.

Previous closing ..... 176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening ..... Not quoted
To-day's closing ..... Not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: July 5.

The following cable was received from London:—

Market quiet and featureless. Business small.

LONDON SILVER
London: July 5.

Spot (21 3/4d) 21 11/16d —1/16
Forward (21 5/8d) 21 9/16d —1/16

LONDON GOLD
London: July 5.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: July 5.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.78

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1 6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 5/8 to 0-4 1/8) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 5/32
London on Kobe (1-2 11/16 to 1-3 3/16) 1-2 11/16 to 1-3 3/16

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
5 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: July 5.

There was no trading during the night session.

2nd SUCCESSFUL WEEK

PUNKAJ MULLICK'S MAGICAL MUSIC &
MOLINA'S RHYTHMIC DANCE!
Associated Productions Ltd.'s
Maiden Musical Melodrama

ANDHI

(The Tempest)

Co-starring:
MUZAMIL, SHRILEKHA
K. C. DEY, NEMO, etc., etc.
KRISHNA
Daily: 4-45, 7-15, 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. at 2 p.m.

Please see page No. 12 and read the sensational news of the "Tempest."

UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD

HEAD OFFICE
APOLLO STREET, FORT BOMBAY.

BRANCHES.
1. COTTON EXCHANGE BLDG. HALBADEVI RD., BOMBAY
2. MATHA BAZAR, MANDVI BOMBAY.
3. RAJKOT (CIVIL STATION)

Directors
Mr. M. S. CAPTAIN, (Chairman).

Lachhmandas Harkhchand Daga, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhavdas, Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

Capital Paid Up ..... Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 8,75,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund ..... Rs. 60,000
Deposits on 31-12-'39: Rs 1,44,60,000

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 PER CENT., per annum on daily balances upto Rupees one lakh.

Fixed Deposits for LONG and SHORT periods received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts Interest allowed at 1 1/2 PER CENT. per annum on minimum monthly balances upto Rs. 10,000 withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT.
Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road.
Annual Rent Rs. 4 only.
B. M. BHARGAVA
Secretary.

WAGE LEVELS IN BOMBAY AND AHMEDABAD

Surplus Of Women Labour Reduces Wages In Bombay

The Bombay Millowners' Association has issued a press note in connection with the statements which have repeatedly been made regarding the comparative wage levels in Bombay and Ahmedabad. The following are the extracts from the note:—

The President of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association would seem to have based his statement on certain wage statistics contained in the Interim Report of the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, but it should be pointed out that the figures of average earnings set out in that Report are, in no way, comparable. The average wage figure given for Ahmedabad included the earnings of Double Siders and Two-side Roving Tenters, but the average wage figure for Bombay did not include the wages earned in rationalised occupations.

It must be remembered, however, that the average wage in Bombay is lower than it should be owing to the fact that the mills in Bombay employ a large surplus of women labour in reeling and winding. It is a well-known fact that there is very little reeling in Ahmedabad, as most of the yarn is used up in weaving.

In the first place, there is considerable difference in the character of production. In Ahmedabad, the average reed space of the looms is wider and the cloth woven is finer than in Bombay, both of which constitute good reasons for a higher wage. It is also a fact that, on account of the machinery being newer, looms are run at higher speeds in Ahmedabad than in Bombay.

With more work to attend to owing to the machines being longer, and more strain on the mind owing to the higher speeds at which the machines are run, it is natural that the individual worker in Ahmedabad should be paid more than his confrere in Bombay. Notwithstanding this, however, it is a well-known fact that not only is the Wage Bill per 1,000 spindles and 100 looms less in Ahmedabad but that the wage cost per pound of yarn of the same count, and per yard of cloth of the same quality of cloth is less in Ahmedabad than in Bombay.

Facilities In Training In Agriculture In Baroda

To meet with the increasing needs of the agriculturists of the State, who have been availing themselves of the extended facilities of training in agriculture offered by the Government, the Government have sanctioned the extension and reorganisation of the Agricultural Institute at Baroda.

At present there is room for only 25 students. After the reorganisation it will be possible to take up 85 students. The reorganisation involves the construction of new dormitories at the cost of Rs. 25,000, the increase in the scholarships of Rs. 3,000 p.a. and an additional staff.

The Institute holds the following classes:—

(1) One year general class—26 students. (2) Short practical instruction class for 2 to 3 months during the rains—20 to 25 students. (3) Malis' training class—lasting 10 months—10 malis in a year. (4) 6 weeks' course in oil engine and motor tractors—20 to 30 students. (5) Short course in tobacco—12 to 14 students. (6) Short courses, one month to 6 weeks in horticulture and fruit preservation of which 2 or 3 are held in each year—about 8 to 10 students per time.

BETTER BREEZE AT HALF THE COST

THE INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD
6 SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD FORT BOMBAY.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: July 5.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: July 5.

The Stock Exchange was mainly steady.

INDIAN LOANS
London: July 5.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent 1958/59 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72) £72
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 1/2) £99 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/2) £110⅛
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/2) £99
New War Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109) £109

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (7 9) 7-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-0) 30-6
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-3) 5-3
Princhin Johnson (16-6) 16-6
Imperial Chemicals (23-7 1/2) 24-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (46-6) 48-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£29) £29
Dundee Rubber (24-7 1/2) 25-3
Unilever Ordinary (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Ford Motors (16-0) 15-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£36) £26
British American Tobacco Ordinary (65-0) 66-10 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (88-1 1/2) 87-6
P and O Def (14-3) 14-3
Distillers (58-0) 56-0
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (27-6) 27-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-10 1/2) 25-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-7 1/2) 13-7½
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (36-3) 36-3

TEA SHARES
Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Empire of India (16-3) 17-6

JUTE
Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES
Rnglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 15-0
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (21-6) 22-6

MININC SHARES
Nandydrug (20-7 1/2) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (31-3) 31-3
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

MINE SHARES
Crown (£12) £12 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (45-7 1/2) 45-7½
Trinidad Leasehold (55) 57-6
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Spring Mine Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 16-10½
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Anglo India (35-0) 36-3
Burma Oil (45-0) 45
Mexican Eagle (3-1 1/2) 3-3
Shell Transport (36-3) 38-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/4) £28 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£13 1/4) £13 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 3/4) £1 3/4
London Southern Def (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£109 1/2) £110 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£28) £29 1/2

COLOMBO MARKET

COLOMBO: July 5.

Rubber 54 sheet; 50 1/2 crepe. Yesterday's closing rates:—54 1/2 sheet; 51 1/4 crepe. Copra 23.75; Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 185.00. Business done.

DEADLOCK OVER INDIAN REFORM SCHEME

Allocations Of Functions Between Centre And Provinces

How the problem of allocating functions between the Central and Provincial Governments had almost created a deadlock as early as in the sixties of the 19th century has been revealed in a paper read in the Indian Historical Records Commission held recently in Calcutta, the proceedings of which have been just published.

As it was felt that the Presidency of Bengal stood in an anomalous position in relation to the Central and was unwieldy in size as well, Sir Stafford Northcote, the then Secretary of State for India, who favoured the creation of a full Government for Bengal with a Governor and a Council, limiting the scope of the Central authority to matters of all-India concern, and leaving only the details of local administration to the Provincial Government to manage.

However, the recommendations of the Committee of the India Council appointed by Sir Stafford, following the Orissa famine of 1867, to report on the best measures for improving the position fell far short of his expectations as they recommended no charge beyond the abolition of the Bengal Council and the creation of a separate province of Assam.

The matter when referred to the Government of India, created a sharp difference in the Viceroy's Council. Manifield, Taylor, Maine, and Massey endorsed Sir Stafford's view, while the Viceroy and his supporters who vigorously advocated the maintanance of the "status quo" though willing to concede powers of summary legislation to Lieutenant-Governors, were opposed to any scheme likely to narrow down the authority of the Centre in any way. This opposition proved fatal to Sir Stafford's scheme of reforms.

Bengal Club Cup League

WEEK-END FIXTURES

The following matches in the championship round of the Bengal Club Cup League will be played at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel, during this week-end.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY.)

5-40 p.m. Bengal Club vs. Young Goans.

TO-MORROW (SUNDAY.)

4-40 p.m. W. I. A. A. Staff vs. Y. M. C. A.

5-40 p.m. Bombay Muslims vs. Matunga Athletic.

SATIRANJAN SHIELD

Entries for the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament, which is to commence at Parel on July 13, will be closed on Sunday, July 6. The competition is open to all civil and military teams in the Presidency. Those who intend to compete in it should promptly send their entries to the Hon. Secretary, Indian Football League, Srikrishna Nivas Hospital Avenue, Parel.

MYSORE DISTRICT BOARD ELECTIONS

Congress Majority In Four Districts

BANGALORE CITY, (By Mail).

After the results of the Elections to the several District Boards in the State was announced, it was found that members who had succeeded on the Mysore Congress ticket were in a majority in four Districts namely, Tumkur, Chitaldrug, Mandya and Hassan. In another District viz., Mangalore, the number of Congress Members was exactly half the strength of the Board and as such there was no clear majority. Some friends who had succeeded on Independent ticket promised support to the Presidential Election in Kadur, Shimoga and Bangalore Districts. Hence it was decided to contest the Ections in the seven Districts. No Congress Candidates were put up in the Districts of Mysore and Kolar.

INDIA EXPORTS MORE TOBACCO

India's exports of unmanufactured tobacco improved from 41,100,000 lb. valued at Rs. 1,04,00,000, in 1936-37 to 42,500,000 lb. valued at Rs. 1,18,00,000 in 1937-38. The total area under tobacco in India in 1937-38 was 1,288,000 acres as compared to 1,183,000 acres in 1936-37 and the total yield of dry leaf was estimated to amount to 511,000 tons in 1937-38 as against 493,000 tons in 1936-37.

Exports of cigarettes of Indian manufacture, almost entirely to Burma, declined from 2,600,000 lb. to 2,500,000 lb. in quantity but the value rose from Rs. 67,00,000 to Rs. 70,00,000. Exports of other manufactures were valued at Rs. 11,00,000 in 1937-38.

Research on the various aspects of cigarette tobacco production was continued at the Tobacco Research Sub-Station at Guntur and work on leaf-curl of tobacco was continued at Pusa by the botanical, entomological and mycological sections of the Imperial Agricultural Research Institute.

Cultural Approach To Communal Problem

CALCUTTA, July 3.

Mr. Atulananda Chakrabarti, whose recent book "Hindus and Mussalmans of India" has been commended by Mahatma Gandhi, has addressed a communication to the Congress President, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, for consideration by the Working Committee of what he says a cultural approach to the communal problem.

"The political approach to what is called the practical problem," he says, "must be supplemented by the cultural approach."

"As Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru observed: 'All understanding, to be real, must be based on the cultural and ideological background of the country.' Intangible things of the mind are not really unreal."

Mr. Chakrabarty suggests the establishment of an institute for the promotion of cultural unity in India and decommunalisation of history and tradition through revision of the educational curricula.—United Press.

Maubin District To Go Dry

RANGOON, July 3.

Danubyu, a town in Maubin district in Delta division, will go "dry."

An order issued by the Governor states that with effect from July 1 no person shall have in his possession within Danubyu township alcoholic liquor.

The order will not apply to the possession of foreign liquor by certain categories of persons excluded in the order.

Another order issued by the Governor prohibits the transport of any excisable article within or through the Danubyu township, with certain exceptions.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, July 5.

Following are results of First League matches played this evening:—

Bhowanipur one; Border Regiment nil.

East Bengal one; Aryans nil.

NAVAL RATING IN CAR ACCIDENT.

BOMBAY: Friday.

A naval rating who was passing along the Marine Drive was involved in a car accident to-night as a result of which he received serious injuries. He has been removed to the G. T. Hospital.

POLICEMAN KNOCKED DOWN

Another accident took place at Dhobi Talao, where a Police constable was knocked down by a car. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital for treatment.

NO CO-OPERATION WITH "MAHARAJA'S GUARDS"

State Govt. Criticised For Not Consulting People

(From Our Own Correspondent).

SRINAGAR, (By Mail).

Closely following the footsteps of the Indian National Congress, the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference has passed a resolution after reviewing the present international situation.

The Working Committee held a protracted meeting on Saturday and Sunday at Mujahid Manzil under the presidentship of Sheikh Mohammad Abdulla.

The Working Committee's resolution deplored the attitude of the British Government and recognised the importance of keeping in readiness for all eventualities which might crop up in future from time to time. The resolution also criticised the State Government for not consulting the public opinion, and declared its refusal to join the "Maharaja's Guards" proposed to be set up by the Government

NATIONAL DAY.

The Working Committee also decided to hold 13th July as National Day throughout the State when processions will be taken out and meetings held. The 13th July was being observed as a Martyrs Day in Srinagar. It was on this day in 1931 that the masses were politically aroused to consciousness of their birthrights.

ANNUAL SESSION

The Working Committee decided to hold the next session of the Conference in the Baramulla District on 27th, 28th and 29th September 1940.

Administration Of Justice In Santhal Paraganas

RANCHI, July 2.

Changes are being made in the administration of Criminal and Civil Justice in the Santal Parganas (Partially Excluded Areas).

The Santal Parganas Enquiry Committee had recommended 'inter alia' that the criminal courts should be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Patna High Court with certain exceptions, the Deputy Commissioner should cease to exercise the powers of the District Judge, except in rent suit appeals, and district and sessions judgeship and two subordinate judgeships should be created.

These recommendations, states the Communique, have been accepted by the Government of Bihar, but arrangements for establishing judge and subordinate judges will take some time and action is being taken.—A. P.

QUETTA, July 3—Twelve deaths due to heat occurred in Sibi during the last few days.—United Press.

Weather Report

POONA: July 5.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	83	76	0.5	31.4	+7.2
Calcutta	90	79	0.0	11.0	—2.9
Cuttack	87	79	0.1	15.7	+3.6
Ranchi	82	73	0.1	8.7	—3.3
Patna	94	81	0.0	5.2	—4.7
Gorakhpur	96	83	0.0	6.7	—3.0
Benares	98	82	T	3.4	—3.5
Allahabad	97	82	0.5	4.9	.....
Cawnpore	94	77	0.3	2.1	—2.5
Lucknow	96	82	0.1	2.1	—3.9
Jhansi	92	76	0.1	5.2	—1.0
Agra	97	85	0.0	1.7	—2.0
Bareilly	88	75	0.7	6.7	—0.5
Dehra Dun	84	75	0.2	15.5	+3.7
Delhi	95	81	0.0	0.5	—3.8
Ambala	93	76	0.0	4.3	—0.9
Ludhiana	97	81	0.0	4.8	+0.8
Lahore	106	80	0.0	2.9	+0.6
Rawalpindi	103	71	1.3	4.1	+1.0
Lyallpur	108	90	0.0	0.5	—1.1
Multan	107	88	0.0	0.0	—0.9
Srinagar	94	71	0.0	3.5	+1.9
Peshawar	107	82	0.0	0.8	+0.4
Dehra I. Khan	108	88	0.0	0.2	—0.7
Fort Sandeman	104	83	0.0	1.7	+0.8
Quetta	95	56	0.0	0.3	.....
Khandwa	80	72	T	13.7	+7.0
Jubbulpore	80	73	0.8	9.5	—0.6
Nagpur	77	70	0.6	24.5	+13.6
BOMBAY	85	81	T	31.3	+8.6
Ratnagiri	86	79	0.4	28.5	—6.2
Ahmednagar	80	72	T	10.9	+5.7
Poona	79	73	0.2	5.9	+0.2
Sholapur	88	73	0.1	3.0	—2.3
Hyderabad (Dn.)	89	74	0.1	4.5	—1.3
Bangalore	82	66	0.0	4.7	+1.2
Mysore	77	67	0.4	6.3	+3.2
Calicut	77	73	2.6	34.7	—4.7
Madras	99	83	0.0	1.2	—1.4
Shillong	76	66	0.0	12.9	—5.2
Simla	75	58	0.4	10.5	+0.2
Pachmarhi	70	67	1.5	33.0	+20.3
Kodaikanal	66	54	T	5.7	+1.0
Colombo	87	77	0.5	8.6	+0.1
Jacobabad	111	85	0.0	0.1	—0.2
Hyderabad (Sd.)	108	83	0.0	0.7	.....
Karachi	89	83	0.0	0.4	—0.6
Jaipur	100	84	0.0	2.0	—1.5
Ajmer	99	80	0.0	1.4	—2.0
Deesa	96	79	T	4.3	+0.8
Rajkot	97	80	0.0	4.7	—0.9
Ahmedabad	97	81	0.0	3.6	—2.3
Bhopal	87	84	T	12.6	.....
Akola	91	75	0.1	9.8	+3.5
Amraoti	93	71	0.5	13.5	+5.7
Indore	82	74	T	11.3	+4.1
Marmagoa	85	78	0.3	28.3	.....
Malegaon	80	74	0.0	5.7	+0.5
Mussooree	70	62	0.0	12.6	+5.2
Mahableshwar	66	62	5.0	60.4	+1.0
Baroda	94	80	0.0	5.5	.....
Bahawalpur	108	86	0.0	0.3	—0.6
Belgaum	77	70	1.8	14.3	+4.2
Murree	78	58	0.2	8.2	+2.8
Cherrapunji	70	65	1.1	91.9	—16.7
Bijapur	89	73	0.1	3.2	—0.4
Dalhousie	77	65	1.1	5.8	—1.1
Mount Abu	78	66	0.0	3.3	—5.1
Jodhpur	101	82	0.0	0.3	—1.7

T denotes rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A. P.

HEAVY RAIN EXPECTED IN MALABAR COAST

POONA, July 5

The monsoon has been active in Assam, the United Provinces, East Central India, Central Provinces, Berar, South Bombay Deccan and Malabar. Fairly widespread showers occurred in and near the Punjab Hill and in Konkan and Mysore, local showers in Bengal, South Hyderabad, while a few falls are reported from Orissa, Chota Nagpur, South-East Madras and North Madras Coast.

TEMPERATURE IN CITY SHOOTS UP

Very Little Rain Yesterday

Bombay has passed through one more almost rainless day. The quantity of rain that fell during Thursday amounts to no more than small fractions of cents.

But the weather prophets insist on their earlier forecast and say that this spell of rainless weather will be broken by Sunday.

Meanwhile the temperature is becoming distinctly uncomfortable, although there is hardly any sunshine. The variation in temperature throughout the day is less than four degrees, which means that the day is uniformly hot and people are suffering much from prickly heat.

The rainfall figures for the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. on Friday and the totals for the various localities are as follows:—

	24 hours.	Total.
Colaba	0.01 of a cent.	31.35 inches.
Fort	0.03 ,,	32.23 inches.
Byculla	0.07 ,,	33.86 inches.

The rainfall recorded at Colaba is 8.62 inches above normal, but this figures is fast diminishing with the continued dry weather.

The maximum temperature for Thursday was 85.4 degrees which is 1.1 degree below normal but the minimum temperature was 81.2 degrees which is 4.3 degrees above normal.

No large change in temperatures is expected over the country.

Heavy rainfall warning: Moderate to heavy rain may occur locally in Malabar Coast during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 5-7-1940.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.035 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.9 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.4 degrees 1.1 below normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 81.2 degrees 4.3 above normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 84 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 149 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 9

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.01 inches

Total rainfall during the month 1.37 inches

Total rainfall during the year 32.74 inches.

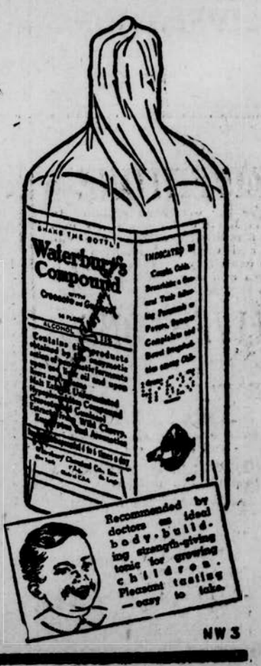
Weather remarks: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READINGS DATED 5-7-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.9 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.82 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.67 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BIG LITTLE MAN in TIP TOP FORM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He's in tip-top form—always. They call him the "Big little man" in the field of sports. And the secret of his popularity is the vigorous health and abounding energy which Waterbury's Compound helps to give him.

Waterbury's Compound is rich in body-building elements such as liver and malt extracts, iron and copper. It supplies the system with extra energy, extra strength and joyous vitality. Give your son Waterbury's Compound regularly—help him grow to vigorous sturdy manhood—to enjoy the happiness that good health brings. Two sizes—8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles.

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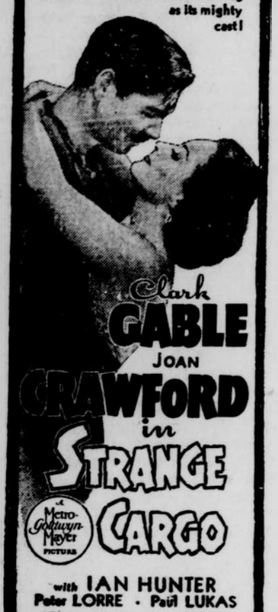
Nine men of violence fought for love! Adventure as thrilling as its mighty cast!



Clark GABLE
JOAN CRAWFORD
in STRANGE CARGO
with IAN HUNTER
Peter LORRE · Paul LUKAS
Albert DEKKER · J. Edward BROMBERG · Edmund GWENN
A Frank BORZAGE Production

TOMORROW MORNING
AT 10 A. M.
THE MARX BROS.
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"A DAY AT THE RACES"

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Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

One of the most original entertainment ideas to come out of Hollywood this year!
LINDA DARNELL
in
STAR DUST
with
JOHN PAYNE · ROLAND YOUNG
CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD
3 — SONGS — 3

BANDHAN
STARRING
LEELA CHITNIS & ASHOK KUMAR
A BOMBAY TALKIES PRODUCTION
Next Change at the Roxy

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu : Jeth Ashad 1, 1996
Muslim : Jamadi-ul-Avval 29, 1359
Parsi : Bahman 5, 1309
Hightide : 12-51
Lowtide : 6-00; 18-56
Sunrise : 6h. 6m.
Sunset : 7h. 20m.

MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM
The annual general meeting for elections will be held in the Royal Institute of Science to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC
The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the school hall, 257, Vithalbhai Patel Road, near Prarthana Samaj, Bombay 4.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT
That "Women should remain out of Politics" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m.

BALKAN-JI-BARI
Boys and girls of Khar and Vile Parle Balkan-ji-Baries will visit their Ghatkopar brethren on the morning of Sunday (to-morrow). A nice programme has been arranged.

BETWA LEVEL CROSSING CLOSED TO TRAFFIC
The Betwa crossing at Jhararghat, 24 miles from Jhansi, on the Jhansi-Saugor Road, is closed to all traffic from the afternoon of July 2 due to floods.

GITA CLASS
Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct the weekly class on Bhagawat Geeta at the Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m.

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY
Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on Vedanta Philosophy at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

SANTA CRUZ CONG. COMMITTEE
Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at the Saraswat Colony, Ropekar Hall, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. when Sardar Shree Prathvi Singhji will deliver a lecture.

JYOTI MITRA MANDAL
An urgent meeting of the Central Board of the Jyoti Mitra Mandal will be held on Sunday, the 7th July, at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the residence of Sri. Shah, its Treasurer, Bombay 4.

SHREE KHIMJI POONJA BHATIA NIVAS
The opening ceremony of Shree Khimji Poonja Bhatia Nivas will be performed by Sjt. Mathradas Trikamji, Mayor of Bombay, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturday (to-day) at 233-35, Samuel Street, Wadgadi.

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE
Under the auspices of the above League, a public debate (in English) will be held today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. in the League's hall, 129, Abdul Rehman Street. The subject will be: "Knowledge increases anxieties."

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE
The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Dr. P. M. Titus will deliver a lecture on "Social Ethics" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.)

BAHA'I ASSEMBLY
A public meeting of the Truth-Seekers will be held at the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder, to-day (Saturday) at 7-30 p.m. when Mrs. Shirin Boman will preside and a debate will take place on the subject: "Is Religion in Accord with Science?"

SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE
Under the auspices of the Institute Prof. R. P. Kar, B.Sc., L.T., T.D. (Lon.) of the Secondary Training College, Bombay, will give a talk on the 'Teacher as an Artist' in the King George English School to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

LATE SAI BABA
Shri Guru Paurnima (Ashadha Shudha 15) Utsava for the Shake Year 1862 of Shri Sadguru Sai Baba will as usual be celebrated at his shrine at Shirdi, Taluka Kopergaon, Dt. Ahmednagar from Thursday, the 18th inst. and terminate on Saturday, the 20th inst.

RAMWADI FREE EYE HOSPITAL
Following is the attendance of the Marwadi Free Eye Hospital for the month of June 1940:—
Total attendance was 6,261 out of which, 3,323 were males, 2,253 females and 685 were children; 118 operations were performed. The daily average attendance was 250 during 25 working days, of the month.

DEVELOPMENT OF ANTI-FRICTION BEARING METALS
(From A Correspondent)
The composition and physical properties, and the various uses of anti-friction bearing metals in the present-day industries were dealt with by Mr. A. Schwarz with the aid of film slides, at a meeting of the Bombay Engineering Congress, held on Friday evening at 'Electric House.'

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION
The Monsoon Adult Education Classes begin on July 8. The programmes for three centres: Bombay, Dadar and Santa Cruz, a new centre, consist of two-year courses, Language courses, Terminal and Special. All Information and enrolment at the office of the Association, Cama Oriental Institute, Museum East, Bombay 1.
The "At-Home" fixed for to-day (Saturday) is postponed for the present.

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Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Disputed Passage" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Star Dust" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Strange Cargo" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Virginia City" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"My Son, My Son" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CHITRA—"Laxmi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee at 1-15 p.m.

Sir Purshottamdas To Broadcast On 'Rush For Rupees' To-day

BOMBAY: July 5.
"The present rush for the Rupee: Is it justified from any point of view?" will be the subject of a broadcast talk by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas from the All-India Radio, Bombay, at 6-10 p.m. to-day Saturday. Sir Purshottamdas will speak in Gujarati, which will be broadcast on both wavelengths.

Civic Guards In City

BOMBAY: Friday.
Upto now 775 applications have been received for enlistment in the Bombay Civic Guards. 72 out of these, who have been selected for the first batch will be medically examined this evening at St. George's Hospital. Those found fit will assume duty tomorrow.

UNIFORM
The uniform for the Guards, which is still under consideration, will, it is said, consist of a dark-blue shirt, Khaki shorts and blue brassards (armlets).
All the Guards will be provided with batons and belts. The officers will be selected later.

CONDOLENCE MEETING
Swami Paramanand, a direct disciple of Swami Vivekananda and founder of the Vedanta centre at Boston in U.S.A. and at Dacrescenta in California, passed away on the 21st June last. A condolence meeting will be held at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)
Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. F. J. Ginwalla, Mr. J. K. Mehta and Swami Sambuddhananda and others will address the meeting.
Mr. K. Natarajan will preside.

'A' WARD CONG. COMMITTEE
The Secretary "A" Ward D.C.C. writes:—
The annual general meeting of 'A' Ward Distt. Congress Committee was held on Wednesday, the 3rd inst. under the presidency of Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, M.L.A.
The statement of accounts and annual report were adopted after some discussion on the basis of the report, some suggestions were made for the work in the Ward for the future.
Resolutions were passed on the arrest of Mr. Subhas Bose and others under Defence of India Act, Independence goal, Constituent Assembly, etc.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS
The Jt. Hon. Secretary, B. N. G. writes:—
A special general body meeting of the Bombay National Guards will be held tomorrow at 7 a.m. at the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4. The main agenda will be the consideration of the Emergency Guards and the resolution about the Prohibition.
A meeting of the Managing Committee of B. N. G. will be held to-day, Saturday at 7 p.m. at the Anglo-Ayurvedic Hospital, to consider the report of the Sub-Committee of Emergency Guards and the recommendations of the Captain about the reorganisation of volunteers.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

RESULTS OF INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER EXAMS. D. COM. (I.M.C.) EXAM. 1940.
The following students of Davar's College of Commerce have been declared successful in D. Com. (I.M.C.) Examination held in May 1940.
Out of 27 who passed from all India in Business Organisation and Management Group Diploma (D. Com. I.M.C.) 24 are Davar's College Students. In all this College Students secure 34 Diplomas including seven Honours or Distinctions, plus eleven Certificates and fourteen exemption in Senior Diploma Subjects.
BUSINESS ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT GROUP DIPLOMA (D. COM. I.M.C.).
M. G. Agarwal, M. D. Bandari, P. C. Bhatt, M. D. Buch, K. J. Chhatbar, B. M. Chinoy, B. H. Dalal, J. M. Desai, O. S. Hasmani, M. R. Hatalkar, Devika Nath Joshi, N. D. Karki—(Distinction in Salesmanship), A. G. Khairaz, G. I. Mendonca, B. P. Paneru, M. B. Pandya, E. J. Punagar, B. S. Savur, T. I. Sundaram, A. J. Taraporevala, G. N. Toprani, V. K. Madhavrao, (Distinction in Commercial Geography and Salesmanship), D. Vithaldas, (Distinction in Practical Commerce and Finance), V. C. Zaveri.
COMPANY SECRETARIAL DIPLOMA (D. COM. I.M.C.).
D. A. Dhulia, N. M. Mehta (Distinction in Practical Commerce and Finance), K. V. Sharma, (Distinction in Practical Commerce and Finance, and Book-Keeping and Accountancy).
BANKING GROUP DIPLOMA (D. COM. I.M.C.)
J. B. Aibara, K. Srinivaschari.
ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA (D. COM. I.M.C.)
B. S. Tanksali, A. Kandaswamy.
INSURANCE DIPLOMA (D. COM. I.M.C.)
M. Bhoja Rao, J. A. Patel, M. M. Thakur.
CERTIFICATE EXAMS. (SENIOR.)
B. H. Dalal, (Book-Keeping and Accountancy), G. I. Mendonca (Book-Keeping and Accountancy), S. H. T. Khorakiwala (Salesmanship), R. N. Pestonjee (Practical Commerce and Finance), R. B. Gotlaseth (Salesmanship), C. N. Jhaveri (Salesmanship), J. D. Munshi (Salesmanship), D. S. Bagli (Life Insurance), S. P. Gupta (Business Correspondence).
CERTIFICATES (JUNIOR).
C. V. Srinivasan (Book-Keeping), K. Alladin, (Theory and Practice of Commerce and Commercial Correspondence.)
The following candidates have secured Exemptions (in the Diploma Groups) in the subjects indicated against their names:
K. Alladin (Practical Commerce and Finance and Mercantile Law), G. B. Gorkar (Business Correspondence), M. A. Gonsalves (Miss) (Practical Commerce and Finance), D. J. Kharas (Practical Commerce and Finance), H. H. Mahomed (Practical Commerce and Finance), K. P. Nathwani (Practical Commerce and Finance and Salesmanship), M. H. Zanzibarwalla (Practical Commerce and Finance), C. V. Desai (Practical Commerce and Finance and Company Law), P. B. Setty (Book-Keeping and Accountancy), S. V. Kale (Practical Commerce and Finance and Book-Keeping and Accountancy).

SUCCESS OF A. R. P. EXERCISE

Governor's Appreciation

The following note to the public has been issued by H. E. the Governor of Bombay:
Friday's A. R. P. exercise was successfully carried out and brought out some useful points. It will be followed by others at regular intervals.
I feel it necessary to emphasise this because of the deplorable signs of panic which have appeared in some quarters in the past few days. The special features of alarm which have prevailed in Bombay during the last few days have occurred only in Bombay and not elsewhere. I am sure that I have only to bring this to the attention of the public to make every responsible citizen determined to put panic aside and maintain the reputation of the city.

SUCCESSFUL AIR RAID EXPERIMENT

BOMBAY, Friday.
For the second time in the course of a fortnight Bombay had a mock air-raid at 11-30 this morning.
As the wailing sirens sounded the signal, the whole city went under cover. Pedestrians moved to restaurants and nearby porches and vehicular traffic came to a dead standstill almost automatically.
The occupants of trams who appeared to be reluctant to vacate their comfortable seats, were forced to do so and seek shelter by the Police and A. R. P. Wardens.
As far as the demonstration was concerned it was more successful than the previous one, the more so, on account of the hypothetical damage and fire which was attended to by the Fire Brigade and the Salvage Corps in the B. and E. Divisions. (Police) and the Docks.
A point is raised by the public some of whom were victims of rudeness at the hands of owners of buildings and managers of business concerns as to why the Government does not insist upon better behaviour from these 'Burrahsabs".

Indian Piece-goods Samples For Afghanistan

Last year samples of Indian cotton piece goods were sent by a leading firm of Bombay manufacturers to cloth dealers in Afghanistan, but the price quotations were found to be a little too high and counter offers were considered by the manufacturers to be too low. The samples from Bombay were sent on the receipt from Afghanistan of samples, chiefly of Japanese and Russian piecegoods sold in the Afghan market.

RUSH AT RESERVE BANK SUBSIDES

BOMBAY, Friday.
The almost unremitting pressure on the Reserve Bank of India since Saturday last, for "change" has been considerably relieved to-day.
A pretty large number of people turned up at the Bank's premises this morning, but 10 minutes before the first A.R.P. Siren sounded the crowd had melted away. But tens and dozens of people kept on coming till 12 noon but nothing like the big crowd of yesterday. The policemen were having what may be called a holiday.
The reason for this is that from the morning all the banks of the City have been supplied with all the change they demanded and they are paying their clientele change up to Rs. 50. Eighteen windows are open in the Reserve Bank to give out change.
In all nine centres have been opened between the Fort and Bandra where officers of the Reserve Bank sit and give change up to Rs. 10 for anyone who cares to ask for it. The ten rupee note when tendered is changed into one five-rupee note, two rupee coins and three rupees' change.
THE CENTRES ARE AT FORT MARKET; CRAWFORD MARKET, NULL BAZAR MARKET, FERGUSSON ROAD MARKET, BYCULLA MARKET, DADAR MARKET, BHULESHWAR MARKET, KAMATIPURA MARKET AND BANDRA SLAUGHTER HOUSE.
Interviewed, a high Official of the Reserve Bank said that the situation had considerably eased and they did not expect more than Rs. 5 lakhs to be paid out to-day.

Seth Govindram Sekhsaria, who has given a donation of one and a half lakhs for the College of Commerce which is to be opened by Sardar Vallabhbhai at Wardha.

Lathi Charge On Students

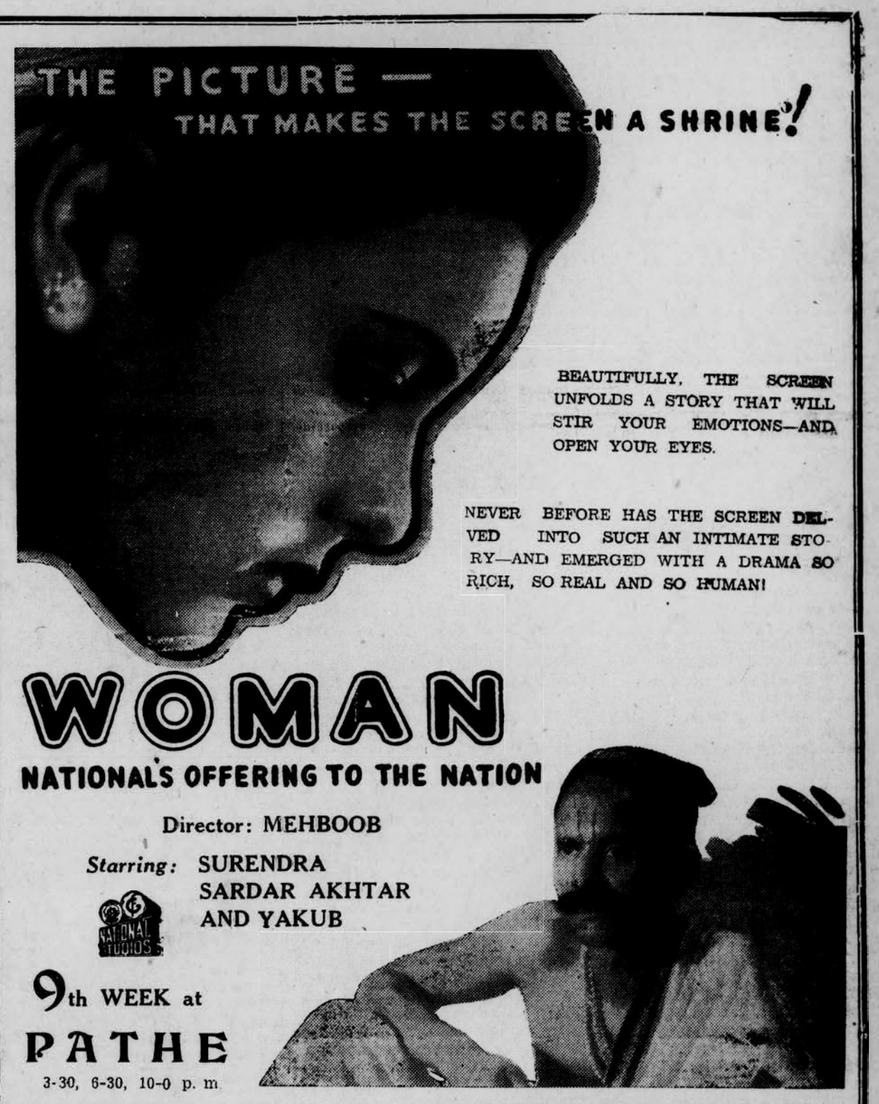
(From Our Correspondent.)
BHAVNAGAR, July 5.
Students experienced a serious lathi charge by high-school peons on public thoroughfare outside the compound on Thursday. Several were injured. A request for inquiry is made.
Students are observing a strike.

AROUND THE COURTS

CASE AGAINST ASTROLOGER
Shankar, alias Babasaheb Keshav Phansalkar, proprietor of the Universal Astrological and Statistical Bureau and his son Waman, alias Rao Saheb, who are standing trial before the Chief Presidency Magistrate for alleged violation of the Defence of India Rules for circulating false and alarming news in regard to the War, put in a plea of 'not guilty.'
In a written statement Phansalkar pleaded that the astrological forecast in question which was taken exception to by the Police was only issued to private subscribers. He had not the remotest intention of causing any fear or alarm as to prejudice the prosecution of the war. The literature of the bureau aimed at producing confidence.

A PROTEST MEETING
Under the joint auspices of the Forward Bloc and the Bombay Students' Union a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 6-30 p.m. at the Jinnah Hall, to protest against the arrest of Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose.
Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas will preside.

BENGAL CLUB
A meeting of the Bengali residents of Bombay will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 7-30 p.m. at the Bengal Club premises to consider the advisability of inviting the next session of the A.-I. Prabashi Banga Sahitya Sammelan to Bombay in view of the progress made in this connection.



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C. R. Biswas, 33B Amherst Street, Calcutta, says: "Since eating Quaker Oats regularly, my family has enjoyed splendid health. My wife and I both feel better and the children have more energy for study and play than ever before."

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the Standard Quaker Oats which cooks in 20 minutes and the new Quick Cooking Quaker Oats which cooks in 2½ minutes. Both equally delicious, both equally beneficial. Buy a tin today.

QUAKER OATS PORRIDGE—
In saucepan stir slowly one part Quaker Oats into two parts freshly boiling water. Boil twenty minutes or longer. If Quick Cooking Quaker Oats is used, boil two and a half minutes or longer. Serve hot adding sugar and almonds or milk to taste. If a thick porridge is desired, use less water to obtain consistency desired.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1940

GANDHIJI'S APPEAL

We are happy to note that Gandhiji's appeal to Britain to offer only non-violent resistance to the enemy has not been received by the British in India with the ridicule which, we feared, was in store for it. The gravity of the situation that has called it forth, the utter sincerity of the man who has made it, and the sublime ideal envisaged by it, all forbade ridicule. Nor is the ideal of non-resistance to evil new to the Christian world. The British in India—we do not know if those in Britain have heard the appeal—are stunned only at the suggestion that the ideal can be realised by a whole nation to-day by just one effort of the will. And they seem to have replied, with sympathy and without ridicule, that it is neither possible nor wise for them to accept the suggestion to-day—one cannot speak confidently of to-morrow. Many of them have appreciated the tribute implied in the appeal being made to them after a similar one had failed to convince Congressmen, Gandhiji's own kith and kin, who had been nurtured in the theory and practice of non-violence for twenty years. But if there is any man on earth who can feel towards all humanity as his own kith and kin it is Mahatma Gandhi.

Important Difference

While both Indians and the British confess their unpreparedness to adopt non-violence against foreign aggression, there is this important difference that Congressmen still pledge themselves to pursue non-violence in the struggle for freedom, from their present subjection to foreign domination. And it is for this reason, and not as a virtue of necessity, that they refuse to start mass civil disobedience while Britain is in distress. This is both a tribute to Britain and an appeal to her sense of honour. So far Britain has not responded to that appeal by conceding to India the freedom which is her due. If Britain arrives at a settlement with India, it will not only be a great advantage to both but it will also be a great triumph for non-violence which may lead to greater triumphs in other parts of the world. But reports from Delhi are far from reassuring in this respect.

Strengthen His Hands

At the conclusion of his appeal to Britain Gandhiji says: "I am telling His Excellency the Viceroy that my services are at the disposal of His Majesty's Government should they consider them of any practical use in advancing the object of my appeal." Nobody who knows Gandhiji regards this as an empty promise or is unaware of its implications. It implies that, if Britain and India start upon a common enterprise of non-violence, there are no limits to the sacrifices that Gandhiji would make for the sake of this common goal. Just at present both Britain and India are unable to adopt a policy of non-violence towards foreign aggression. But in the absence of a fuller support to his cause, Gandhiji will be content for the present with partial support in the shape of an amicable settlement between the two countries. And for such a settlement he will strive his utmost, as indeed he has been these many years. Both Britain and the Congress will gain by strengthening his hands in the negotiations he has been carrying on with both.

The Silver Panic

The silver panic in the City has considerably eased, thanks to the steps—though much belated—taken by the Reserve Bank of India. But a wilder panic persists in the country and is particularly exercising the minds of the business community. This cannot be dismissed as being due mainly to hoarding or to conditions more or less inevitable during a war. It will appear on a closer scrutiny to be a logical sequel to the policy pursued by the Reserve Bank of India since the beginning of the war. While the Government in England have been taking active steps to meet the extraordinary financial and economic situation created by recent events, the authorities in India have not yet felt the need for the co-operation or advice of the commercial and business interests whose knowledge and experience would be of very great help to them. It is pointed out by these that the Bank of England has not only an important directorate of full time workers but the British Treasury has appointed, in addition, a most influential Advisory Board since July first. The names of the members on this board can be seen at a glance, as representative of a variety of interests most eminently fitted to cope with the difficult situation confronting them and to offer independent and the right kind of advice to the Treasury and the Bank of England.

In sharp contrast to what is being done in Britain India for some decades now has been suffering from the vagaries of Indian finance as regulated and worked up by Civil Servants, involving the loss of millions of rupees to the country and causing no end of heart-burning to the people. India, as is too well known, contributed very largely to the establishment of some sort of stability not only in the finances of the country but of Great Britain too by the export of gold worth over Rs. 350 crores since September 1931. It is indeed clear as day light that whatever results have been obtained in the stabilisation of currency have not been due to the superior intelligence of those who are managing Indian finance but to the gold which was found available primarily owing to the much abused hoarding habit of the people. The Finance Department, the Reserve Bank of India or anyone else may take the credit for saving the situation. But what, one wonders, would they have done if the 350 crores of rupees worth of gold had not been given by the country!

Since the beginning of the present war, there have been heavy movements in the prices of silver but not so heavy as were experienced during 1934 to 1936, which was a period of peace. This gives away the lie to the plausible argument which seeks to put the blame on the speculator and the man in the street for every conceivable ill whose cause can become apparent only with a little honest introspective effort at finding the truth. From the time of the famous World Economic Conference held in London in 1933, which, incidentally, was a failure, the Indian Treasury has been throwing away its silver resources by selling to the American Treasury, every year, its quota of about 50,000 bars. Since September last, the authorities had been selling silver both in London and here, and had ultimately to cease doing it with a poor argument that it was not physically possible to handle the silver required by the unprecedented demands of the past months.

The price of silver then dropped by about Rs. 10 per 100 tolas or 20 per cent of its value and the Reserve Bank wisely bought large quantities of the metal. Subsequently, conditions became more normal and business would have proceeded as usual had not the authorities of the Reserve Bank acted like petty shop-keepers. Instead of adoping a far-sighted policy, they placed all kinds of obstacles in the way of silver imports and raised the price of the metal with an imposition of upto Rs. 10 on every 100 tolas. Had they only followed the sensible course of maintaining the price of silver at 8 annas a tola, there would most certainly have been no cause for panic.

An explanation of the present financial debacle is to be found in the unwise policy and myopic outlook of the Reserve Bank which has been allowing the prices of silver and sovereigns to rule at a premium. The Reserve Bank has much to learn from the Bank of England which, with remarkable fore-sight, has fixed the dollar exchange with a narrow margin between the buying and the selling rates, and is dealing in unlimited amounts at fixed rates, for bona fide business despite the fact that outside market or block sterling may fluctuate up to 25 per cent of its value. Is such a sensible policy not practicable for India? It is not yet late for the Government of India to rise above the orthodox economics of a century ago and to revise its views of finance and currency. The shy oster-like attitude of the Government is harly compatible with the changing conditions of to-day and the right thing for it to do would be to invite the co-operation of the commercial community and the best economic brains in the country not only to advise it on facts and figures but on mass psychology and general matters of finance and currency.

During the last war, the Defence of India Act could not prevent the melting of sovereigns and rupees and Government issued rupees in exchange of currency notes to an almost unlimited extent with an additional supply of gold coins too. To-day, the conditions are not as bad as they were twenty five years ago, and if the Government and the authorities of the Reserve Bank sincerely seek the co-operation of the business community and best brains they will surely get it, particularly as the latter have much at stake and will be called upon to make heavy sacrifices for the common weal and the winning of the war.

The abnormal shortage of silver coins in the last few months is a warning which the Government can ill-afford to ignore. The currency authorities, as has been amply proved, can hardly be absolved from their share of the responsibility. The bungle has been made and it will not pay to cover one blunder with more. Recent events have shown that even the British Prime Minister or the War Minister has to be changed to infuse a greater spirit of efficiency in the Government machine. The war, as Sir Neville Henderson, has rightly said, has to be fought on professional and not amateurish lines. Can amateurs then handle the currency problems of this country without the genius with deep insight into banking and high finance? It is surely time for professionals, for the men who know the pulse of the money market, whose knowledge of finance is deep and intimate, to be appointed to the great task of putting national currency and finance on a sounder and more stable basis than heretofore.

Yesterday And To-morrow

By D. F. KARAKA

Fourty-three weeks ago,—it seems almost yesterday—Mr. Neville Chamberlain, then Prime Minister of England, made the dramatic announcement that his country was at war with Germany. Not so long afterwards he defined this war as against the Nazi regime and not as against the German people. Squadrons of R. A. F. planes swooped over Germany and littered it with pamphlets, telling the German people the truth about the causes of the war. It was hoped thereby that the German people who had lived under the oppression of the Nazis would be induced to revolt against that regime and that, pressed internally and externally, the Nazi regime would crumble up.

This, however, has not happened, instead Britain has had to modify its attitude and declare that the war is as much against the German people as the Nazi regime and this puts a construction on the aims of the war far different from that which was originally intended.

To-day we witness the clash between two opposing systems of Government and two rival philosophies of thought. The one calls itself totalitarian, the other democratic. That is the outward and ostentatious classification. Yet, deep down it is not really a clash between rival aims of life. The causes of the war go deeper into the roots of human society and the conflict is to be traced to the system which has made it possible for the existence in our midst of a class that is able to dominate the lives of others and even gamble for their own sakes with other people's destinies.

If we go so far back as the last war we find that when it was over, the terms of the treaty of peace made it impossible for peace to come to Europe and the world for any lasting period of time. Peace cannot exist at the point of the sword. Sometime or other the oppressed of this world are bound to rise and if they are strong it is obvious they will try and seek vengeance for the suffering that has been inflicted on them. The generation of Germans who are fighting for Adolf Hitler are the sufferers of the Versailles Peace. They have not forgotten the days when in the reconstruction of their fatherland they found it difficult to scrape up a morsel of black bread. Reparations, indemnities, taxes sapped every ounce of their energy and they found at the end of years of sacrifice that they were still the underdogs of Europe.

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A last appeal was made by the Germans when their Foreign Minister came to Paris and on bended knee implored that France should along with England give Germany a loan, which would help it find its feet again. France refused. That day something happened to the German people which made it possible for an unknown corporal to come to power. The destiny of the world was changed and fate stood at the cross-roads, uncertain which path it would follow. When Hitler came into the public eye, there was a scorn on the face of the world. How long, one wondered, would this new heresy last? How long could he stand up in the face of the existing regime in Germany and the might and power of those who were the top-dogs of Europe?

The League of Nations was a league of the people of the world only in name. It was a form of obscurantism which like "esperanto" was never understood by anyone at all. Only the chosen few spoke the language of the League and only the chosen few operated it. Diplomacy was like graft, a cherished occupation and money and power ruled in the name of democracy and civilisation.

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The years rolled on and the effigy of Hitler, which was a music-hall joke became a symbol of German culture and civilisation. Whatever his methods, he achieved in unifying pan-Germanic suffering and gave a sense of direction, though misguided, to a people who were wandering aimlessly on the barren desert of their country. He was a hero to a lot of people who were desperately fighting for their existence. He glorified their suffering, he extolled their vandalism, he pandered to the savage in them and in the name of Germany he brought out in them something that was base and ignoble, but something which he knew he could direct to some purpose for the ultimate end he had in view—the revenge for which he and some many other Germans were thirsting. Once his ultimate aim was acceptable to the Germans he did not scruple about the means of achievement. He found symbols of hatred which were artificial but which served his purpose. The Jews, the Communists, the very people of Germany were the victims of his terror and he stood out from the carnage and the suffering as the Father of the German people. He was of his kind a Marlowesque or Napoleonic figure. He was never loved but he knew he could make himself feared. And that was enough for him. He had no sense of moral values, no honour, but he thought, honour and scruples and morality had no place in the new creed, which was to bring to Germany the millennium which was promised to it.

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He had likewise some redeeming features. He was plausible and his future for Germany bore signs of hope instead of despair. The map of the world was already marked out by him and he had a plan which for Germany was so Utopian that even the most optimistic among the Germans were a little sceptical about its success. He spoke of things like "lebensraum", as if it was really the sun which the Germans were fighting for. He spoke of lost frontiers as if they were the symbols of honour. He reminded one of an old time, uncouth gangster who would be shocked if he was accused of cheating a poor man of ten shillings. He painted himself like a bandit who wanted to rob the rich to feed the poor.

Hitler certainly has a sense of dramatic value and must go down to history as one of the greater exponents of denouement. Even recently when France accepted the ignoble terms of the armistice Hitler did not fail to see that he chose the same spot for it as the French had chosen in 1918. He then dramatically announced that the wagon in which two fateful armistices were concluded should now go to Berlin for exhibition and that the memorial to French victory should be destroyed, though that to a great soldier, Marshal Foch, should be retained. One has to admire the finesse of a burglar even if one does not accept his moral code.

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Such is the story of Europe as it will be written in the years to come. To-day we stand at the same cross-roads hoping that the last bastion of democracy will withstand the Germanic invasion. The real fight for existence has only just begun. The chances for democracy will be considerably improved if its resources are properly utilised. Yet to many of us who take a longer view of peace for this world, this immediate result of the war fades into insignificance when compared to the way. Britain's victory may be utilised when that day of victory comes. Indeed, a great day has already come for Britain to show what it really stands for and to clarify to the world the purpose of its domination over Europe and the world. What is the British Empire to stand for? What will Britain do when it has achieved its victory? On the answer of this question and a truthful answer will depend the future of civilisation as we understand it. Wars are made because something is wrong with the order of this world. But wars are not won merely be-

Continued on page 9) col. 4)

Br. Coastal Aircraft Account For Five U-Boats In Five Days

LONDON, July 5.

The Air Ministry announces that British aircraft of the Coastal command attacked five U-boats within five days last month. The first U-Boat was sighted in the North Sea early one morning. Bombs struck the starboard beam, while the submarine was submerging and two large oil patches appeared on the water. Aircraft circled overhead for three hours, but nothing more was seen of the U-Boat.

On another occasion an Australian crew patrolling in a Sunderland flying boat saw an U-Boat a mile away. The U-Boat began to submerge, but while it was still at periscope depth the flyingboat dropped six bombs near the port bow. A mass of oil and bubbles appeared to be increasing as the aircraft circled around.

A third U-Boat was attacked while the conning tower was out of water, and bombs fell directly ahead of the conning tower.

DIRECT HIT.

The fourth submarine was attacked two days later. A direct hit was scored just as it was breaking surface. The Aircraft dived and two bombs struck the submarine on port and starboard beam. Oil patches appeared on the surface after only two minutes..

In the fifth case bombs began to fall a few seconds after an U-Boat had submerged when the pilot could still see the periscope. Immediately after a crash dive, the submarine altered its course in an effort to dodge but the pilot saw the manoeuver in time and his salvo of bombs fell across the U-Boat's bows a few yards ahead.—Reuter.

Frankly Speaking

Heart-Aching Measure

This war has been so full of surprises that nothing now is surprising. But only a month before who in the world could have possibly dreamt of a clash between the British and the French Navies. And yet this "grievous" and "heart aching" tragedy did occur on Wednesday last at Oran in North Africa. Mr. Churchill has detailed the reasons for the measures which the British Government were obliged to take. They speak for themselves. What we appreciate even more is the tribute which the Premier paid to the French Admiral who gallantly did what he thought—wrongly, because he should have quite conscientiously accepted at least the offer of being escorted to a French Port in the West Indies—was his duty. Any way the inevitable tragedy is over, although it is sure to be employed as anti-British propaganda among Frenchmen. One point remains obscure: what is the proportion of the French Fleet which will now certainly be used by the Axis to that actually serving with the British?

Eire's Neutrality

During his speech in the House of Commons, Mr. Churchill made a rather cryptic statement to the following effect: "We are making every preparation in our power to repel the assaults of the enemy whether they be directed upon Great Britain or Ireland, which all Irishmen without distinction of creed or party should realise is in imminent danger. These again are matters upon which we have clear views." It is this statement which has worried Mr. de Valera so much as to declare that his Government had "no intention of departing from the policy of neutrality adopted last September as representing the unanimous will of the Irish people and that, moreover, Eire was resolved to maintain and defend her neutrality in all circumstances. We hope Mr. Churchill did not mean any threat to Eire.

The danger to Ireland is undoubted, but it is, geographically, a more difficult proposition for the Germans than Britain. No considerable army can reach Eire by sea without being intercepted effectively by the British Navy. Some parachute troops may succeed in landing and even in being joined by the fifth column—against which, incidentally, severe measures have already been taken by the Eire Government. But parachutists are useful only as a part of a main land army. Without the latter they have no 'raison d'etre.' They may cause some trouble. But they can be soon conquered. And in any case, there is, we believe, a very large body of British troops stationed in Northern Ireland and it can quickly go to the assistance of Mr. De Valera's army. Any action by Britain in violation of Eire's neutrality will be unnecessary and unwise, too, for it will not only involve a clash with Eire but will also produce a bad impression in America.

Rumania And Germany

The Germans are, as they should be, proceeding discreetly in Rumania. Officially they have expressed their inability to offer Rumania, for the present, any treaty of alliance or military assistance. This is, of course, intended, to reassure Russia—for the present. But it is obvious that Rumania's policy is developing under the direct inspiration of Berlin, probably through the German Minister in Bucharest. The renunciation of the Anglo-French guarantee was for the benefit of Germany. And Rumania's policy has now reached the logical culmination of an anti-Semitic and pro-Nazi Government, including even Iron Guard exiles! This orientation is immediately a loss to Britain—all Rumania's cereals and oil will now go to Germany and Italy. But eventually it is a menace to Russia.

A Memorial To Dr. Choksy

It is gratifying to see that the Bombay Medical Union, which is the oldest medical institution in the city, has taken the lead to commemorate the memory of the late Dr. Sir Nasarwanji Choksy. Dr. Choksy played a part in the civic life of our city, which cannot be easily forgotten. In various epidemics from which this city suffered, he did his duty often at considerable risk to his own life. Plague, cholera, influenza have swept over this city and when a man has stood by the poor in such perilous trials it is only fitting that his life-work should be in some suitable manner commemorated. Therefore, we cordially commend the endeavour of the prominent medical men in the city who have taken lead in this direction and wish their efforts every success.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

BERLIN, July 5.

The French Armistice Delegation has reported incidents between British and French warships at Oran to the German Armistice Commission.

The Official German News Agency states that the "leader of the French Government has given orders for French ships to scuttle themselves if they cannot escape seizure by the British."

—Reuter.

* * * * *

It is said that this is not the age of miracles. This is a mistake. Miracles do happen even now, as one did on Thursday last.

On the evening of July 4, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad declared: "We are yet in the midst of general discussion, both regarding the political situation and the Viceroy's proposals to Gandhiji. The stage has not yet been reached when a decision could be taken."

And it was while Gandhiji and the Working Committee were still discussing the Viceroy's proposals at Delhi that Gandhiji's letter containing the Congress reply to the Viceroy arrived at Simla.

This letter which was written by Gandhiji and received by Viceroy without the knowledge of either is a sheer miracle.

* * * *

During yesterday's Air Raid rehearsals, someone, it is reported, said to an A. R. P. official "You ask us to take shelter, where have you provided any shelters in the city"

That was a neat one. Almost a direct hit.

* * * *

Foreshadowing intensified campaign against the "Fifth Column,", Sir John Anderson announced on behalf of the British Government that he would not be deterred by any consideration of "social standing."

Britain IS becoming a democracy at last.

* * * *

Among the diplomats present in the House of Commons to listen to Mr. Churchill's speech, M. Maisky is specifically mentioned along with the Ambassadors of Belgium, Argentine and China.

Why?

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The Rome radio announcer threatens "vaval reprisals" against British action in Oran.

Might we expect—but no, the challenge is to come and fight at an Italian naval base.

* * * *

According to Senator Pittman "every patriotic American citizen will applaud Mr. Churchill upon his wisdom and courage in preventing the use of the French Navy by Hitler."

The British and the French who suffered in the melancholy encounter have the overriding consolation to know that it has been approved by "patriotic American citizens."

* * * *

HAS FRANCE SOLD SUEZ TOO? asks a contemporary.

If "France" has sold France herself, why not Suez too?

* * * *

The official German News Agency refers to Marshal Petain as "Fuehrer of the French Government."

Breaking the future of France gradually to the world?

* * * *

"The Rumanian Minister for the Interior has ordered the expulsion of 22 British subjects, including five women. No reason is given for the action."

—Bucharest Report.

Isn't it self-evident?

* * * *

He: 'Darling, I am so happy I could kiss the whole world!'

She: 'Now that we are engaged you must give up those bachelor habits.'

R.A.F. Attacks Nazi Bases And Factories

Nazi Bomber Shot Down On British Coast: Raids On England

LONDON, July 5.

It is officially announced that the R. A. F. yesterday bombed oil refineries at Hanover and Emmerich, objectives at Hamm and Soest, and Amsterdam and Brussels air ports.

The objectives also included Naval Bases at Wilhelmshaven, Emdem and Kiel and aircraft factories at Wenzendrof and Bremen.

Coastal Command aircraft damaged enemy patrol vessels off the Dutch coast.

NAZI RAIDS ON ENGLAND

Bombs Dropped In Wales: Bomber Shot Down

LONDON, July 5.

It is learned that an enemy aircraft flying over Wales this morning dropped four bombs, which fell in open country. There were no casualties or no damage.

German Bomber Shot Down

A German bomber is reported to have been shot down by a British fighter and crashed in flames into the sea off the south-east coast in daylight early to-day.

The German bomber shot down off the south-east coast this morning carried a crew of five, of whom only two survived.

11 Civilians Killed

It is announced that eleven civilians were killed in yesterday's raid on Portland Bill.

Nazi Bombers Over British Districts

The Air-Ministry and Ministry of Home Security announce that enemy bombers carried out attacks on a few districts in north-east, south-east and south-west England last night. Reports so far received indicate that the damage inflicted was very slight. No casualties are reported.

Britain's Food Problem

Lord Woolton, Minister for Food, speaking at Manchester, said that the future would probably call for certain abstinence. We are going to have to be content to live a harder life gastronomically, but we shall not be any the worse for it as there is no question of going short.

KEEP ROADS CLEAR

The Minister for Transport has made an order empowering the Regional Commissioners to prohibit the use of any class of vehicle in their areas. The primary object is to prevent roads urgently required for military movements being blocked by non-essential traffic.—Reuter.

Fight With Nazi Bomber

LONDON, July 4.

AN AIR MINISTRY BULLETIN ANNOUNCES THAT IN AIR BATTLES OVER THE SOUTH COAST YESTERDAY R. A. F. FIGHTERS SHOT DOWN A GERMAN BOMBER AND A GERMAN FIGHTER AND SERIOUSLY DAMAGED ANOTHER GERMAN FIGHTER.

The battle with the bomber was fought in and out of clouds.

Hurricanes patrolling off the south-east coast this evening intercepted six Messerschmidt "109" fighters. While they were attacking, nine more Messerschmidts swooped down and joined in the battle. In the dogfight one German fighter was shot down into the sea by a Hurricane who a few minutes later seriously damaged a second Messerschmidt.

An Air Ministry communique states enemy aircraft crossed the coast during the night. Anti-aircraft defences went into action.

The communique further states that in an engagement with enemy fighters of the south-east coast of England this evening R. A. F. fighters shot down a Messerschmidt into the sea and severely damaged another.

Earlier it was stated that German bomber was to-day brought down by anti-aircraft fire in south-western England. Three of the crew were killed and two others came down by parachute and are reported to have been captured.

Out And Out Fascist Govt. For Rumania

M. Gigurti Forms Cabinet With Pro-German Personnel

BUCHAREST, July 5.

M. Gigurti formed a new National Government strongly anti-Semitic and pro-German in character. Several new Ministers are members of the former Goga anti-Jewish Cabinet of 1939 and several Iron Guard members have also been included.

The provisional list includes the Vice Premier: General Ionescu, Minister for the Interior: General Popescu, Minister for Finance: M. Eugene Savu, Foreign Minister and M. Mihail Manoilescu, an Iron Guardist who recently arrived from Germany.

The new Rumanian Cabinet in a declaration addressed to the country described Government's foreign policy as one of "sincere integration in the system created by the Berlin-Rome Axis."

'LOGICAL CONSEQUENCE'!

The declaration continues: "This is not only an expression of political realism, but also logical consequence of political and ideological conceptions of its members, who are faithful interpreters of the feelings of the nation. At the same time the Government is determined to maintain the best and most cordial relations with all her neighbours regarding peace in this part of Europe, as an indispensable condition of higher political order. In this sense, our, regional alliances should be regarded as stages along the path of this policy. With regard to other countries the Government considers it its duty to collaborate now and in future in everything that can serve the supreme aim of peace and European reconstruction.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA PARTY TO MR. BRELVI

CALCUTTA, July 5.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi, editor of the 'Bombay Chronicle' and president of the Journalists' Association, Bombay, who came to Calcutta on a short visit after presiding over the Bihar Azad Muslim Conference, was entertained at a tea party this afternoon by Mr. B. Sen Gupta, Managing Editor, and staff of the "United Press of India."

Guests included Mr. Hemprasad Ghosh, editor of the 'Basumati,' Mr. Makhanlal Sen, editor of the 'Bharat,' Mr. Satyendranath Majumdar, editor of the 'Anand Bazar Patrika', Mr. Mrinalkanti Bose of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" Mr. G. L. Mehta, Mr. K. M. Neogy, manager of the 'Reuters', Mr. Khairulanam, manager of the 'Azad' Mr. Janaki Jiban Ghosh, editor of the 'Advance', Abdul Mansoor Ahmed, editor of the 'Krishak' Dr. Pratap Guha Roy, editor of the 'Matribhumi,' Mr. T. G. Narayan, representative of the 'Hindu' Madras, Mr. Ramsanker Tripathi, editor of the 'Lokmanya' and Mr. A. Dignum of the Indian Democrat.

Mr. Brelvi left to-day for Bombay.—United Press

WOMEN AND CHILDREN EVACUATED

HONGKONG, July 5.

Mass evacuation of 2,000 women and children began this morning with the embarkation of a constant stream of small parties on two lines which will take them to Manila.—Reuter.

GIBRALTAR ATTACKED

GIBRALTAR July 5.

Gibraltar to-day had its first air raid since the war began. No casualties hitherto are reported or any damage. It is learned that eight bombs were dropped but all fell into the sea.—Reuter.

Raid On Alexandria

CAIRO, July 5.

A Naval Communique states that during the Italian air raid on Alexandria to-day 32 bombs were dropped but there was only slight damage. Casualties were three killed and some slightly injured.—Reuter.

Air Encounter

An R. A. F. 'Communique' states that six British fighters encountered nine enemy fighters at Sidilarrani and shot down seven yesterday afternoon. One British fighter is missing, but it is believed to have made a forced landing on our side of the frontier.

British fighters also met and attacked other enemy aircraft, the encounter resulting in one enemy machine crashing in flames and another making a forced landing.

A formation of Blenheim bombers attacked a large military camp at Birel Gobbi yesterday evening causing much damage.

Withdrawal From Outposts

To-day's war 'communique' admits that a small British garrison has withdrawn from an outpost at Kassala in the Sudan following an attack by an Italian force which included light tanks, armoured cars and bombing planes.

The British likewise withdrew from an outpost at Galabat to prepare positions after inflicting heavy loss on a strong attacking force including two aircraft.

The 'communique' states that British air forces bombed Matemma gaining direct hits on barracks and a landing ground.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Casualties

LONDON, July 5.

The following appear among the missing: Flight Lieut. P. Slade Jolliffe (born at Padukler, Ceylon, where his father is); Flight-Lieut J. W. Stephens (born in Calcutta) and Pilot Officer B. A. Taylor (born at Jhelum).

The following previously reported missing are now reported prisoners of war:—

Pilot-Officer B. A. James (born at Shamshernagger,) Sergeant H. R. W. Winkler, (born at Parlakimedi, Southern India) where his father is.—Reuter.

Fascist Candidate Detained By Police

LONDON, July 5.

Fredrick Haslem, the Fascist candidate in the recent Middleton and Preatwich Parliamentary by-election, has been detained by the police under Defence Regulations. Haslem won a military medal in the great war.—Reuter.

Two Unopposed Returns

LONDON, July 5.

Mr. John Maclay and Mr. William Nunn were returned unopposed as the Liberal National Member of Parliament for Montrose and National Conservative Member for West New Castle respectively. The Montrose by-election was caused by the elevation to peerage of Col. Charles Kerr and West Newcastle by the death of Sir Joseph William Leech.—Reuter.

Bose Must Be Released

Calcutta Public Demand For Removal Of Holwell Monument

CALCUTTA, July 5.

Hindus and Muslims assembled in large numbers at a public meeting held this evening at Shradhananda Park in observance of the "Subhas Day". Mr. Santoshh Kumar Basu, ex-Mayor and Deputy Leader of the Congress Parliamentary Party, presided.

The meeting adopted a resolution criticising the Government on its action and supporting the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument. The meeting further demanded the immediate release of Mr. Bose.

A similar meeting was held at Deshpriya Park in south Calcutta, Mr. Niharendu Dutt Mazumdar, M.L.A., presiding.—A. P.

Germans In America Arrested

NEW YORK, July 4.

The Manager and President of the New Jersey German-American Bund and two other Bund officials, Wilhelm Kunze and Mathias Kohler, were arrested by the Sheriff and deputies, Camp Nordlung, the German-American Bund Camp, when the members of the Bund were about to celebrate the Independence day.

120,000 Candidates For Australian Air Force

SYDNEY, July 5.

One hundred and twenty thousand applications have been received for admittance to the Royal Australian Air Force under the Empire Air Training Scheme, stated the Federal Minister for Commerce and Navy, Mr. Cameron in a speech.

This, he said, was treble the number that the Commonwealth promised under the three years plan.

Br. Citizenship For Frenchman

LONDON, July 5.

It has been decided in principle to afford special facilities for naturalisation to French citizens, who continue to support the Allied cause, states the Home Secretary in a written reply in the House of Commons.

NO MOSUL OIL FOR ENEMY

LONDON, July 5.

In well-informed oil circles "Reuter" learns that the passage of oil through the pipeline connecting Mosul wells with the French Mandated territory of Syria has been interrupted for the past three weeks. Hence, since this decision was taken, there is no risk of any of the important quantities of oil produced in these fields reaching enemy hands.

The pipeline between Mosul fields and Haifa continues to function normally.—Reuter.

Trinidad's Help For War

LONDON, July 5.

Unofficial members of the Trinidad Legislature voted to lend to Britain a sum of two and a half million dollars, free of interest from Trinidad's Reserve Fund.—Reuter.

Big Bugs May Face Gallows

ANDERSON FORESHADOWS SEVERE MEASURES AGAINST FIFTH COLUMNISTS

LONDON, July 5.

In the House of Commons in a reply to a question Sir John Anderson stated that any person proved to have participated against the security of this country would be guilty of an offence under the Treachery Act and be liable on conviction to suffer the death penalty.

Sir John Anderson intimated that he would not be deterred from immediate action by any consideration of social standing.

More Germans To Be Arrested

In the House of Commons in a written reply to a series of questions on the subject of aliens, Sir John Anderson said that in view of the exigencies of the military situation certain further categories of Germans and Australians are being interned but it would not be in the public interest to give details of the scheme at this stage.

REPORT TO POLICE

LONDON, July 5.

A Home Office order issued tonight requires all former Austrians, Germans and Italians, both men and women, other than persons in the service of His Majesty who have become British subjects since December 31, 1932 to report to a police station either next Sunday or Monday.—Reuter.

Japanese Destroy University

Rain Of Bombs On China's War-Time Capital

CHUNGKING, July 5.

The University was practically destroyed as a result of Japanese bombing yesterday afternoon. Over 2,000 bombs were dropped on the western outskirts of China's war-time capital and demolished, among other buildings the University's Science School, School of Arts, Library and Auditorium and boys' and girls' dormitories.

The Central University nearby was also badly damaged.—Reuter.

FRENCH REPLY TO CHURCHILL

(Continued from page 1.)

fortunes have left British rulers indifferent and that the latter are only thinking of becoming masters of the French Fleet. The French Fleet was going to remain French or perish. In any case it did not deserve to be struck in the back on the orders of Mr. Churchill.

Even before the ultimatum expired the British Admiral had magnetic mines dropped from the air in the Channel leading from Merselkebir and on expiration, British ships opened fire on French ships which were still at anchor, but returned the fire assisted by the coast batteries. It appears that "Bretagne" was blown up and "Dunkirque," "Provence" and "Mogador" had fires aboard. Other ships were able to get under way and contact with French warships sent to meet them."

The "Communique" concludes that the French sailors reacted indignantly against the treason of their old brothers in arms.—Reuter.

FRENCH FLEET IN ALEXANDRIA

No Information About Its Future Available

ALEXANDRIA, July 5.

No information regarding the future of the French fleet in Alexandria has been made public as yet.

Meanwhile the combined British and French fleets remain in harbour.

Turkey Feels Relieved

ANKARA, July 5.

There was a feeling of relief mingled with admiration when news of the fate of the French Fleet was published. Previously a feeling of deep concern had existed owing to lack of news about the whereabouts of the French Fleet.

Measures have been taken to appeal to the Turks, whose historic keyword has always been "action."—Reuter.

Safer For U. S. Too

NEW YORK, July 5.

The Washington correspondent of the "New York Times" says while American naval experts would not go so far as Senator Pittman in giving outright statements on British action against the French Fleet, the Navy men have been privately ready to point out that Britain has taken a step vitally necessary from her point of view and of tremendous importance since Germany if she controlled the French Navy, could face Britain on the seas on almost equal terms.

Some went so far as to admit that the United States might also feel safer in the knowledge that most of the larger units of the French Fleet were sunk or otherwise rendered "hors de combat" as instruments of Hitler's ambitions.

First Sea Lord Pays Tribute To Admiral Somerville

LONDON, July 5.

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, describing the action against the French Navy paid a tribute to Admiral Somerville and his men and said they suffered only very minor casualties—one officer and one man wounded and the crew of one aircraft missing.—Reuter.

Recognition Of Bordeaux Govt.

In the House of Commons asked if the French Government at Bordeaux, now under German command, was still recognised by the British Government, Mr. Butler replied: "It is not yet possible to speak with certainty as to the conduct of our relations with the Government of Marshal Petain".—Reuter.

Shocking Outrage At New York

Disastrous Explosion Kills Visitors

Bomb Hidden In British Pavilion Of New York World Fair Bursts While Being Removed

NEW YORK, July 4.

TWO DETECTIVES WERE KILLED AND SEVERAL OTHERS INJURED BY THE EXPLOSION OF A BOMB AT THE BRITISH PAVILION IN THE NEW YORK'S WORLD FAIR ACCORDING TO POLICE HEADQUARTERS.

THE BOMB WAS FOUND HIDDEN IN THE PAVILION.

THE POLICE WERE CALLED AND THE BOMB EXPLODED WHILE BEING REMOVED, CAUSING ALSO SOME DAMAGE TO THE POLISH PAVILION NEARBY.

THERE WERE 168 THOUSAND VISITORS INSIDE THE FAIR GROUNDS CELEBRATING THE INDEPENDENCE DAY AT THE TIME OF THE EXPLOSION AND SEVERAL THOUSAND WERE AT THE FOREIGN EXHIBIT AREA WHICH IS THE BRITISH PAVILION'S LOCATION.

The force of the explosion mangled the bodies of the victims, horrifying the surging holiday crowds.

The explosion occurred at about 5 p.m. local time and was heard some distance away though the air was already filled with heavy explosions of fireworks in celebration of the fourth of July.

The bomb was disguised as a portable wireless set.

The bomb which is now described as a "flame-throwing bomb" was discovered two days after the warning had been telephoned to the British pavilion.

A mysterious voice said, "Get out of the building; we are going to blow it up."

The detectives were attempting to open the bag containing the bomb when the explosion occurred.

A fountain pen, a pocket-knife and other effects of the victims were found as far as 50 feet away.

The bomb was found in the fan room of the British pavillion, where it had been secreted apparently on the previous day.

The head electrician took it to Mr. Rawlings Assistant British Commissioner, who said "I heard a ticking noise".

The bomb had been placed temporarily on the lawn behind the polish pavilion, when the explosion occurred causing a hole in the ground two feet deep and five feet across.

A sheet of flame spread fanwise over the ground burning some police officers standing 50 feet away. An analysis of the fragments of the bomb will be made in an effort to learn if it is of the same workmanship as the bombs placed at the German Consulate and offices of the Communist newspaper "Daily Worker" a few weeks ago

Since the warning telephoned to the pavilion by an unknown person on Tuesday two detectives were specially assigned to duty to be patrolling the pavilion.

A message telephoned from the British Embassy in Washington to Mr Pickthall, British Commissioner General at the exhibition says that the British Ambassador "deplores this shocking incident" and expresses sympathy for the victims' relatives.—Reuter.

Incessant Vigil Of New York Police

NEW YORK, July 5.

The Police Commissioner has ordered the city's entire force of 18,000 police to go on continuous duty to track down the perpetrators of the Exhibition bomb outrage and avert repetitions.—Reuter.

FRANCE JOINS DEAL OVER SUEZ

Secret Agreement Between Rome, Bordeaux And Berlin

CAIRO, July 5.

According to the Wafdist paper "Al Misri", a secret agreement concerning the Suez Canal was reached between France, Germany and Italy during the armistice "negotiations."—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN T. U. C. TO CO-OPERATE WITH GOVT.

MELBOURNE, July 5.

The Australian Trades Union Congress has passed a resolution deciding upon co-operation with the Government by serving on the Trades Union Advisory Panel. The step has been taken owing to the needs of defence against aggression. The Congress had previously refused co-operation.—Reuter.

RUMANIA TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

But Will Intensify Relations With Axis Powers

The new Rumanian Government adheres to the policy of neutrality, but wil intensify Rumania's relations with the Axis powers, according to a communique issued after its first meeting to-night quoted by the Swiss Radio.—Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

If Winston Churchill will be remembered by posterity, it is certain that his orations will be as greatly admired by the generations that are to come even as they are to-day. Here is a man who hardly had a following in the House of Commons and who was left out of all Peace time Cabinets for over a decade. Suddenly, in England's hour of need, he comes back to the front of the stage and triumphantly marches on to it to take his bow. It is a great performance, worthy of the momentous occasion.

There have come to hand a few copies of Pushpa, the children's own paper. It is pleasing to think that someone has thought of starting a paper for children and that someone has the patience to cater for this great need in our midst.

A certain Lady shopping in the market offered to pay for what she bought with a ten rupee note. The shopkeeper said he had no change. She then walked out leaving her name and address. The shopkeeper followed with the necessary change. Those who are in a similar position will note this new method of getting shopkeepers to part with their change.

A. R. P. was again active yesterday and the weather made practice much more possible than the last time. At any rate it gives a lot of people something to do. Somehow people love costumes and labels and bands. The world still has a fascination for them.

Power Of Attorney To Jinnah

Calcutta Khaksar Leader Pleads For Peace With Punjab Govt.

Dr. Mohd Ismail Nami, Madarunnizam (present head of the Khaksar movement), of Calcutta, writes:—

The following telegram has been sent to Mr. Jinnah by the present head of the Khaksar Movement in response to the former's recent appeal to the Khaksar leaders:—

"Regarding your recent statement, I the present head of the Khaksar movement, delegate authority to you for honourable peace with the Punjab Ministry including removal of ban of Feb. 28, release of Allama Mashriqi and others, compensation to the survivors of those killed refund of fine and return of property confiscated by the Government.

MASS TRIAL OF KHAKSARS

LAHORE, July 5.

Two hundred and thirty Khaksars, who were arrested from different mosques in the city during the general round-up of Khaksars on June 10, were sent up for trial to-day in the court of a local Magistrate.

Evidence will be recorded from to-morrow.

JAIL FOR FIVE KHAKSARS

Five Khaksars who were recently arrested were convicted and sentenced to-day by a local Magistrate to two years' rigorous imprisonment each under the Defence of India Rules.

BAN ON ARMS IN PROCESSIONS

No person forming part of a procession of ten or more persons shall carry any arm (other than a sheathed sword) or any article capable of being used as an arm, says a "Gazette" extraordinary.

This does not apply to processions for which licences have been obtained.—A. P.

Way Out Of Calcutta Satyagraha

Griffiths Suggests Removal Of Holwell Monument To European Cemetery

CALCUTTA, July 5.

No responsible member of the European community is opposed to the removal of the Holwell Monument. The monument commemorates no event worth remembrance, says Mr. P. J. Griffiths, Member of the Central Legislative Assembly, in a Press statement.

Mr. Griffiths suggests that the controversy be stopped by removal of the monument to the European Cemetery, "so that free from the heat all could devote their energies to the more urgent task of uniting against the mechanised barbarism of Germany."—United Press.

Governor Speaks To Press

MADRAS, July 5.

H. E. the Governor had an informal talk with representatives of the Press at the Government House this evening when he invited suggestions for the furthering of the war effort in this Presidency.

The conference lasted nearly an hour.—A. P

Hartal In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 5.

There is "hartal" in the Indian quarters of the city to-day in observance of the "Subhas Day," all shops being closed.

Students of most of the private-owned schools and colleges absented themselves from their institutions and paraded the streets in groups, carrying flags.

Several meetings have been arranged to be held in the evening in different parts of the city.—A. P.

Five Batches Arrested

CALCUTTA, July 5.

With the arrest of two batches of five each, comprising the fourth and fifth batches to-day, 26 Satyagrahis have so far been taken into police custody in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument.

The twelve Satyagrahis arrested yesterday were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who remanded them to custody, fixing the hearing of their cases for July 18.—A. P.

Third Batch Of 7 Volunteers Arrested

CALCUTTA, July 4.

About an hour after the arrest of the second batch of Satyagrahis, a third batch of seven appeared on the scene and were immediately taken into custody. They were carrying Congress flags and some of them were armed with hammers.

Nirmal Singh and three others, who, forming the first batch of Satyagrahis, were arrested yesterday, have been sentenced to eight days' rigorous imprisonment each by a Police Magistrate at Bankshall Street Police Court, for alleged riotous and disorderly behaviour.—A. P.

PROTEST AGAINST BOSE'S ARREST

Caveeshar's Call For Public Meeting

Sardar Sardool Singh Caveeshar, President of the Forward Bloc, in the course of a press statement says:—

"I would request my countrymen in general and members of the Forward Bloc in particular to hold public meetings all over India on Wednesday the 10th July next to congratulate Sj. Subhas Chandra Bose on his arrest and to protest against the action taken by the Bengal Government, which is a direct attack on the civil liberty of Indian people.

I would also remind the members of the Forward Bloc to observe the Sunday, the 7th July as an "All-India Political Prisoners' Day" to demand the treatment of political prisoners as prisoners of war and accordingly give them all facilities and comforts.

RESTRAINT ORDERS ON EX-DETENUS

Arrest Of Another Bengal Labour Leader

CHITTAGONG, July 5.

Mr. Promode Sen, a prominent organising member of the Bengal Labour Party and Forward Bloc, was arrested here to-day under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules. He was lately externed from Calcutta, Howrah and Hooghly and arrived here a week ago.

Restraint orders are reported to have been served on more ex-detenus, including Mr. Bhupendra Sen, Mr. Pulin Dey, Mr. Nakshatra Nandy, Mr. Priyoda Mitra, Mr. Ardtendu Guha and Mr. Fanindra Das Gupta.—A. P.

LABOUR ARRESTS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 5.

Three labour leaders, Promode Sen, Abdul Halim and Abdul Razak were taken into custody following searches of their residences this morning. The police are reported to have seized some literature in the course of the searches.—A. P.

Rajendra Chandra Deb In Custody

CALCUTTA, July 5.

While returning from the Chief Magistrate's Court, where he is being prosecuted in connection with a statement made by him regarding the organisation of the Calcutta Civic Guards, Mr. Rajendra Chandra Deb, President of the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, was taken into custody by the special branch of the Calcutta Police under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Act.

He has been removed to the Presidency Jail, where he is being detained.—A. P.

Kisan Worker Arrested

BARISAL, July 5.

Niranjan Sen, a Kisan worker, was arrested yesterday under section 129 of the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

Political Hunger Strike

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, (By Mail).

Information received from Indore says that Messrs. Ratanlal Upadhyay and Shyamu Sanyasi, who were recently convicted by the District Magistrate of Indore city to undergo sentences of three years and nine months under the Defence of India Act, have gone on hunger strike since June 26 as a protest against ill-treatment in the Jail.

It is stated that Mr. Ratanlal Upadhyay has lost nearly 20 lbs. in weight and has been removed to a hospital. His condition is reported to be serious.

Kaganovich was also removed from the post of Commissar for Oil but retains the position of Commissar for Railway and transport.

Nigeria has given the British Government a hundred thousands sterling from the emergency fund to assist in the prosecution.

Congress To Make Alternative Proposals To Viceroy?

(Continued from page 1.)

this indefinite and uncertain prolongation of the Working Committee meeting has led to a suggestion that the Committee are waiting for some news from outside and that pending this the Committee is now marking time. For two days members of the Committee have been anticipating the issue of a statement "on the morrow", but to-day there is no talk of this sort.

AWAITING ANOTHER STATEMENT

It is not, it seems, a mere matter of drafting which has caused the Committee to continue in session, but no decision has been arrived at, and it may be that the facts on which the Committee is to base its resolution are perhaps not complete. Indications are not lacking that the Committee has not yet arrived at any decision on the future policy of the Congress. It may be of course that the Committee is awaiting further communication to Mahatma Gandhi, but a very persistent rumour says that the Committee may be anticipating that some statement on the future of India may be made by the Viceroy or the Secretary of State within the next few days on conclusion of the present series of talks between His Excellency the Viceroy and Party leaders. It should, however, be emphasised that the rumour cannot be traced to any authoritative source and, therefore, should be regarded as nothing more than what people in touch with the Working Committee members are saying.

It seems true, however, that the Committee are waiting for something and while talk of a possible settlement is still derided, it is difficult to believe that such is impossible so long as the Working Committee has reached on final conclusions.—A. P.

MAHATMA-VICEROY COMMUNICATIONS

It is certain that Mahatma Gandhi is in communication with the Viceroy. But whether the subject matter of correspondence relates to his non-violent approach to the international situation or clarification of points arising out of his interview on last Saturday or the Congress leaders' reactions to the Viceroy's proposals cannot be definitely stated. All the members of the Working Committee have resolved not to communicate with Press representatives.

It is also being suggested that the Working Committee is awaiting developments arising out of the Viceregal interviews with Hindu leaders and Mr. Aney's arrival is being awaited. Telephone communications with undisclosed centres are also being made.

ALTERNATIVE TO VICEROY'S PROPOSALS

Judging from group consultations that have been the feature at Birla House this morning it appears that the Congress leaders have not yet been able to arrive at definite conclusions either regarding the reply to His Excellency the Viceroy or the political situation. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan met Pandit Malavia this morning before proceeding to the Working Committee meeting. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Pattabhai Sitaramayaya met at the residence of Mr. Devidas Gandhi.

TERMS FOR NATIONAL GOVT.

The "United Press" learns that while there are no two opinions about the Viceroy's offer, the view is gaining ground that the Congress High Command should put forward alternative proposals for the formation of National Government at the Centre and lay down conditions under which they would be prepared to undertake responsibility for its formation during war emegency. Pandit Malaviya and some other Congress leaders seem to share the view that at this juncture the Congress should not merely reject the Viceroy's offer but formulate positive proposals and undertake responsibility for external and internal defence. It is anticipated that the Congress conditions for National Government during emergency would find support among all other parties and groups in India.—United Presss.

Mass Rally Of Congress Volunteers

Allahabad Parade: U.P.C.C. Plan To Organise Internal Defence

ALLAHABAD, July 5.

Five-hundred Congress volunteers dressed in uniform and bearing lathis paraded 'en masse' the streets of Allahabad City last evening in the course of a mass rally which is being held here to-day and to-morrow in pursuance of the instructions from the Provincial Congress Committee, who are organising one lakh Congress Volunteers for the whole province for internal defence.

Mr. Sri Krishnadatt Palliwal President of U. P. Provincial Congress, specially arrived in the City to-day to participate in the function. Babu Purushottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U. P. Assembly, also joined later at a public meeting held in the Purushottamdas Park, to address the volunteers.—United Press.

SATYAGRAHIS' STRENGTH IN BIHAR.

PATNA, July 5.

3337 Satyagrahis have been enrolled in the Bihar province up to June 20. Except two districts —Einghbhum and Saran others have sent reports of their activities to the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee.—United Press.

KISAN DAY OBSERVANCE

JUBBULPORE, July 4.

The District Congress Committee have been asked by the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee to observe the Kisan Day on July 7 throughout the province and explain to the public the implications of the Tenancy Act enacted by the Congress Ministry before its resignation.—United Press.

"NO OFFER FROM VICEROY"

Savarkar To Call Mahasabha Executive

SIMLA, July 5.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha, had one and half an hour's interview with the Viceroy from 3-30 p.m.

Although secrecy is being maintained about the trend of talks Mr. Savarkar informed the 'United Press' representative that he did not feel "much satisfied' after the interview.

Mr. Savarkar said: "His Excellency the Viceroy did not make any offer so to say."

The 'United Press' learns that after his return to Bombay, Mr. Savarkar will call a meeting of the Working Committee of the Maha Sabha in the third week of this month when he will acquaint other members of the Committee with what transpired at the interview.

Mr. M. S. Aney, leader of the Congress Nationalist Party, met Mr. Savarkar this afternoon and had half an hour's talk. Mr. Aney left for Delhi this evening.

Mr. Savarkar met some prominent Hindus of Simla at Sir Jalal's place. It is learnt that he will not address any public meeting.

Mr. Savarkar is leaving for Bombay on Saturday evening.—United Press.

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OH, MY DEAR MRS. MUTT! YOU LOOK STOUTER THAN EVER!
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DID YOU FOLLOW THE DIET I GAVE YOU? HAVE YOU BEEN EATING EXACTLY WHAT I ORDERED?
OH, YES, INDEED! PICKLED HERRING, CUCUMBER SALAD AND ALL THE THINGS YOU TOLD ME TO EAT!
YOU HAVEN'T BEEN EATING ANYTHING ELSE, HAVE YOU?
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Steamers.	Arrive. Bombay.	Leave. Bombay.	Leave. Colombo
PENANG MARU	Beginning July	16th July	——
ONOE MARU	16 July	31 July	——
x*HAKUSAN MARU	24 July	24 July	27 July
*GINYO MARU	30 July	15 Aug.	18 Aug.
x*HARUNA MARU	5 Aug	5 Aug.	8 Aug.
*ANYO MARU	15 Aug.	31 Aug.	3 Sept.
DURBAN MARU	——	July	July

COLOMBO-BOMBAY LIVERPOOL VIA DURBAN, CAPE TOWN AND LISBON.

Steamers	Leave Colombo.	Arrive Bombay.	Leave Bombay.
*HAKONE MARU	9 July	12 July	13 July
*HAKOZAKI MARU	23 July	26 July	27 July

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Our Readers' Views

"Children's Club"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with interest the letter of Mr. and Mrs. Mahaluxmivala in your to-day's paper, June 5, regarding a Children's Club which they propose to start. I have also been in touch with correspondence in this connection appearing in the local press, ever since a report of Mrs. Mahaluxmivala's speech at the P.V.M. Gymkhana, making "a strong case for the establishment of a Children's Club for recreative education" was published. However, I have not offered my own comments on this matter hitherto for reasons of my own.

All the same, I have been wondering how Mr. and Mrs. Mahaluxmivala and others interested in the children's cause have missed or not cared to take any notice of the children's activities already going on in Bombay since 1935. These activities of Balkan-ji-Bari—the All-India Children's Association are reported from week to week regularly through the "Children's Own Corner" in the Sunday edition of your paper and also casually through the columns of other local papers. And I am surprised to find that neither Mr. and Mrs. Mahaluxmivala nor the others who have been writing so much on the subject of a Children's Club have cared to make even a passing remark about or a casual reference to these Children's activities.

For the guidance of those who may not be knowing what Balkan-ji-Bari stands for, I shall here enumerate its aims and objects, which are the following:—

(a) To make children as happy as possible and let them be good by themselves.

(b) To provide entertainment for them in the form of stories, folk-songs, garba dances, indoor and outdoor games, picnics, excursions and tours, with a view to give them practical education.

(c) To encourage them in having hobbies such as paper-made things, clay modelling, drawing, painting, spinning, embroidery, knitting, sewing, fret-work, meccano, etc.

(d) To interest them in making collections of pictures, photographis, coins, leaves, feathers, books, etc., etc.

(e) To promote friendship and brotherhood through their meetings and correspondence.

(f) to celebrate great days and festivals and thus indicate. In them the Hero-Spirit, the Hero-Worship and the Swadeshi-Ideal.

(g) To develop in them habits of nature study, exercise, endurance and cheerfulness. To encourage them to have a living contact with poorer class of children.

(h) To foster among them the spirit of service, self-help, simplicity and sacrifice.

(i) To organise prize competitions in singing, recitations, acting, story-telling, literary pursuits, puzzles, riddles, games, hobbies, arts and crafts, etc., etc.

(j) To run Bal Mandirs and Children's Schools on the most modern lines.

(k) To enhance the literature of children, to conduct Children's Corners in various papers, and to publish children's magazines devoted to writings by children and for children.

(l) To evoke the interest of elders in children by inviting them children's functions.

I do not claim that Balkan-ji-Bari has achieved all these aims and objects, but surely it has been slowly and steadily striving for that achievement, as will be seen from the following short report:—

Balkan-ji-Bari—the All-India Children's Association was originally started at Larkana (Sind) in the year 1926. It has very strong centres at Karachi and Hyderabad and branches in almost every city and many villages of Sind.

The first Branch of the Association at Bombay was started in Khar in 1935. Then branches were started also at Vile Parle, Bandra, Ghat Kopar, Matunga and Bellasis Road (Bombay Central). Now the Association has branches throughout Gujarat and Kathiawar and also at Calcutta, Delhi and Cawnpore.

At all these places, the workers who attend to this "labour of love" without payment of any kind, act upto the motto of the Association, which is "educating children through entertainment." Children attend weekly meetings on Saturdays or Sundays and have periodical outings and excursions. At these meetings, children have indoor and outdoor games, stories, songs, picnics, prize competitions, etc., etc. Great days and festivals and anniversaries and birthdays of national heroes are also celebrated. The attendance varies from 25 to 2,500, according to the place and occasion of the meeting.

Wherever the Balkan-ji-Bari has no regular branches, we keep in touch with children and their parents and guardians through the Children's Corners appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" in English, in the "Pravasi" in Gujarati and in the "Hindu" in Sindhi. We also have our own two monthly journals, "Gulistan—The Children's Newspaper" in Sindhi and "Pushpa—The Children's Own Paper" in English, having a section in Hindi. We aim at issuing Children'e Magazines in the other Indian Languages as well and also to publish Children's books in various dialects.

At Karachi "Pushpa Bhavan"—the "Home of Flowers", a school based on the Kindergarten and Montessori methods with modifications as can be best applicable and suitable to Indian children is going on successfully. Here children feel quite at home as every thing for them is a play there, and thus slowly and steadily do they march on the footsteps of learning and knowledge.

Every year, as far as practicable, we hold Children's Gatherings—They were held at Larkana in 1933, at Karachi in 1934, at Hyderabad in 1936, at Bombay in 1937 and at Sukkur in 1938. In these gatherings children, both boys and girls, came from big cities as well as small villages, in not less than five to six hundred in number;; besides about a couple of thousand local children joined them. At the time of these gatherings, they are given opportunities to see all the important sights and places, and also to extend their brotherhood.

To promote friendship with the unknown friends in foreign countries, correspondence is arranged between boys and boys and girls and girls, of the various countries: This amongst those only who are enrolled in the Association. Such of our members who are interested in this sort of pen-friendship intimate to us of their desire, and we do our best to procure for them friends in the countries required.

Also we have Poor Children's Fund to help the needy children, and a Children's Own Library for the use of any children.

In this Association any child without the distinction of caste, creed, colour or sex upto the age of 12 years can join as a Member by paying an admission fee of Four Annas only. Children from 12 to 16 years old can become Companions by paying Eight Annas only. At present we have nearly 4,000 members on the rolls, besides Companions, Associates and Patrons who number about 850 more.

To have the co-operation of elders as well, classes of Associates and Patrons have been formed. The former have to pay minimum subscription of rupee one, and their forms are to be accepted by Presidents of the Local Branches or the Central Executive Committee. The latter have to send a minimum donation of Rs. Ten or more. Their work is to assist and help the organisers in running the movement, and to carry on the activities.

These subscriptions and donations are to be paid once only as enrolment charges. The Association supplies every member with a beautiful Certificate and badge, for that payment. The poor children are enrolled free. In certain branches, the members pay one or two annas per month for the running expenses. Also they have to pay a small subscription at the time of any outing or excursion.

Of course, I agree that much cannot be done without money. All the same, somehow our workers have preferred to be without it rather than go about "begging". No doubt, collections are raised at the time of holding big Children's Gatherings, which are attended by a large number of outsiders, whose lodging and boarding arrangements, etc., have to be made. Also voluntary donations from the public are thankfully received.

The greater dirth to run the organisation is that of the workers. I have an experience of the paid workers: They do not do full justice to a work of this kind, which they treat as a "mere job" and nothing beyond that. This work requires any amount of love and sincerety for children: It is a work of the heart and the soul—And those only know the reward of it, who can get happiness out of it. We have on a number of occasions invited and take this opportunity again to invite such self-less workers to kindly help us in this work, wherever they are.

My letter is growing too lengthy. To sum up certain other important things, I must point out that Balkan-ji-Bari—the All-India Children's Association is a registered association. Its chairman of the All-India Board of Directors is Shrimati Hansa Mehta, the other members being Syt. S. A. Brelvi, Mrs. M. R. Masani, Syt. G. N. Gokhale, Shrimati Parvati T. Gidwani and Syt. P. B. Chandwani. Its President for All-Bombay is Syt. B. G. Kher and the General Secretary, Syt. S. P. Desai.

Will Mr. and Mrs. Mahaluxmivala and others interested in the Children's Welfare try to help this already existing association and let it achieve its aims and objects?—Yours, etc.,

SHEWAK BHOJRAJ,
Organizer,
Balkan-ji-Bari—The All-India Children's Association.

"Gulistan",
Khar—Bombay:
June 5.

Medical Students

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A Government Notification, General Dept., No. 2929/3 of the 2nd Feb. 1940 says that "the Medical students of the B. J. Medical School, Poona, and Ahmedabad and of the Grant Medical College, Bombay, shall, when treated at the hospitals attached to these respective schools or college, be considered as the members of the Hospital staff....."

The readers would think that this is really a great privilege granted to the students, but as the concluding portion of the notification shows, the privilege turns out to be a very expensive privilege. Because "the students are to be considered as the members of the staff for the purpose of the levy of hospital charges."

Now, upto this day, recognising the fact that the medical students render free services to their respective hospitals and also considering the fact that most of these hospitals are charity institutions, the students were receiving treatment free of any charges. In the J. J. Hospital the students were provided with a special ward through the generosity of Ramchandra Bhatt and others. But now the students will no longer receive free treatment even in this ward.

Very few people might be aware of the fact that the mortality amongst the medical students, as compared with other students is for various reasons very high. Amongst no other students you will come across a mortality rate of 6 to 7 per 500 per year. Mortality amongst the other students is usually nil because of their young age. But this is not the case with the medical students. And all who die, die of some fatal disease. Under such conditions it is quite essential that the medical students should be provided with free medical service at least in the hospitals with which they are connected. And moreover the Government notification is completely contrary to the Medical ethics. One medical-man does not charge other medical-man for treatment.—Yours, etc.,

A MEDICAL STUDENT.

Herbs For Tuberculosis

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The campaign initiated by H. E. Lady Linlithgow to stamp Tuberculosis out of India has met with great success. A number of clinics and sanatorias have been started all over India. The War however, appears to have put a brake on some of their activities as instruments, medicines, injectubes, etc., have to be all imported. Members of the medical profession in India have so long been indifferent to the use of anything of the Eastern origin. Herbs and roots like Bitter Pumpkin, Nagbala, Vaska, Banana root, etc., have been known to be efficacious in Tuberculosis. Unfortunately the profession instead of trying them have come to regard them as quack nostrums simply because there is no mention of them in the British Pharmacopoeia. I may mention here for their edification that some of these herbs have been responsible for the recovery of a number of cases of Tuberculosis in different stages. May I hope that more attention should now be devoted to research along this line?—Yours, etc.,

DHEER KRISTO SIRCAR.

Indian Christians And National Freedom

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The All-India Catholic Conference held recently at Bangalore passed a resolution that a Constituent Assembly (which is in fact convened for no other purpose than to establish the sovereignty of the "entire people" of a Nation) based on adult franchise was, in practice, "too costly and cumbersome a plan to be adopted." I cannot quite gather what they exactly mean to say by "too costly" and so for whom; and I wonder whether the Indian Christians are not prepared to accept and adopt a plan, so very popular amongst the people of India and which is demanded by the Indian National Congress as a historic necessity of the country, simply because it is "cumbersome". If National Freedom is a common cause of the people, irrespective of caste, creed or community, it will be a batter 'of shame and contempt' if the Indian Christians do not rise up to the occasion and actively participate in the movement in order to make it a complete success for all concerned.—Yours, etc.,

"INDIAN NATIONALIST".

Bombay.

YESTERDAY AND TO-MORROW

(Continued from page 6).

cause that order is justified. Whatever Britain may achieve, she will have to change and change quickly in its attitude. She must know that she cannot exist apart from the rest of the world. An Anglo-French alliance will not by itself solve the problem of Europe. Instead it will accentuate the clash and only make wars and strifes a constant feature of European existence. Something radical will have to take place in Britain if it is to ensure peace in Europe and in the world.

★

In this new order which I foresee in the future, you and I must play an important part, if only because without you and I there can be no true democracy. The suppression of class, the suppression of vested interests, the rise of the people, the free expression of opinion, the right to self-determination, the right to live and exist with equal opportunity—these are the foundations of a secure peace wherever peace is to be sought. Exploitation, prejudice, domination must become obsolete in a world such as we hope to see emerging from the aftermath of the war. Without such a change there is no hope, no future, no sense of peace or security, whatever may be the ultimate verdict of the war. To such a morrow alone, must all our great effort of to-day be venerably dedicated.

The Secret of "That Kruschen Feeling"

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GLORIOUS VITALITY FOR A PICE A DAY. Why does a pinch of Kruschen Salts every morning in your tea or in water make such an amazing difference to your health — always keeping you regular, lively, youthful and full of vitality? Sixteen doctors at a famous London Clinic were asked to find out the exact scientific reason. For 9 months they worked without a break. They made 1.436 experiments on 149 men and women volunteers.

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"We found," the Doctors' report said "that Kruschen (just enough to cover a 4 anna piece) taken in water or tea every morning, produces just the right amount of body fluids to prevent constipation. Kruschen actually reproduces Nature's own moistening action. It enables waste matter to be eliminated gently, regularly, completely.

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Here is true scientific proof for men and women everywhere that the 'little daily dose' will smooth away their headaches, aches and pains, constipation, lassitude — easily and for good, in Nature's own way.

GOOD HEALTH FOR A PICE A DAY. Start this simple little daily health rule now. Take a little daily pinch of Kruschen in your morning tea, or in water, every day. After a week you will find an amazing improvement as your body throws off its poisons, gets active and healthy. You will look better, feel younger — in a word you'll get that glorious zest for life known the world over as 'that Kruschen feeling'. Kruschen is obtainable from all Chemists, Stores & Bazars.

Kruschen Salts

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The safest repository for jewellery, valuables and important documents
Safe Deposit Lockers
Now available in the Bank's New Air-conditioned Vault in Apollo Street
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Contribute To Choksy Memorial Fund

At the condolence meeting held on 22nd December, 1939 in honour of the late distinguished physician, Dr. Sir Nasarvanji H. Choksy, it was resolved that necessary steps be taken to commemorate his memory in a befitting manner.

It was further resolved that in view of the many varied and self-less services rendered by him at great personal risk, during the tenure of his office as Chief Medical Officer in charge of the Arthur Road and Maratha Municipal Infectious Diseases Hospitals and throughout the very strenuous times following the several outbreaks of Plague, Cholera and Influenza epidemics in the City of Bombay, a suitable memorial be raised to carry out that object.

An appeal has now been issued under the signatures of prominent medical men in city to all the members of the Medical profession and to the public generally to support the memorial fund.

The appeal after referring to the various public services rendered by Dr. Choksy says:—

Besides his other civic activities, his excellent work as the Honorary Secretary of the Governor's Hospital Fund, and The King George V Anti-Tuberculosis League, and as Superintendent of the Acworth Leper Asylum in organising a scheme of starting over 37 Leper Asylums all over the Presidency, were highly appreciated.

Under the circumstances, we beg leave to approach you for a liberal contribution to this fund in appreciation of his meritorious services mentioned above. We need hardly say that the funds collected will be utilised by the Bombay Medical Union in the best possible manner to perpetuate his memory.

LITERACY DRIVE IN BOMBAY

How Writers, Poets, And Artists Can Help

Mr. K. T. Mantri, the Special Literacy Officer, in the course of his statement says:

"The educated population in the city has been, no doubt, following with interest and appreciation the progress of the literacy activities carried on by the Bombay Adult Education Committee, during the last twelve months and over The huge problem provides ample scope for everyone, to do his or her bit. The rich can supply funds, social workers can organise, teach and supervise literacy classes, while schools and colleges can start and conduct their own classes with the help of students and teachers.

Our writers and artists have yet to realise the valuable part they can play in the campaign. The movement of mass education requires a vast amount of suitable literature. Bombay claims a number of renowned writers who have rendered valuable service to education of children by writing good text books and books of general information for them. They can now write books useful for mass education in all the regional languages, free from religious, communal or political bias and give them to the committee free of charge, which the committee undertakes to print and publish at its own cost.

The books for adults will have to be different from those intended for children. Reproduction of old good songs from popular poets and saints will also be of great help. The committee expects good response from writers and artists in the work.

PRITHVIRAJ and MADHURI in Ranjit's "Pagal", to the released to-day at the Imperial Cinema.

TILAK'S LIFE ON THE SCREEN!

MOLINA and PANKAJ MULLICK in a scene from New Theatres' (or Associated Productions?) "ANDHI" at the Krishna Theatre.

"STUDIO SPY" INTRODUCES

India's Youngest Producer

ABOUT KISHORE SAHU, NEWS-REELS AND OTHER MATTERS

Meet Kishore Sahu, India's youngest producer. Five years ago as a student of Morris College, Nagpur, he was known to take keen interest in amateur theatricals, besides painting and literature. To-day, before crossing the threshold of thirty, he has started a big new concern, India Artistes, Ltd., and he has produced a picture, "Bahurani" which can be envied by many of the senior producers. It is an achievement of which any young man ought to be proud. Indeed, Kishore Sahu and his success are but symbolic of the youth of the country asserting itself in all phases of national activity.

I remember the late Himansu Rai talking about Kishore. The raw young man from College had just concluded an interview with the great producer when I was ushered in.

"To-day I am proud of the Bombay Talkies. I feel that I have achieved something." With these words Mr. Rai greeted me.

"WILL GO FAR"

With that fire of idealism in his eyes, he went on to explain, "Did you see the boy just going out? He is educated and cultured and belongs to a respectable family. He wants to work in films and comes straight to me. He feels the Bombay Talkies studio is the place where a refined person like him will feel at home. That is what I call an achievement for this studio as an institution."

I asked Mr. Rai if he was giving a role to the young man. "Yes", he replied, "in my very next picture, "Jeevan Prabhat." But, mark my words, this boy will go far in this line because he seems to have got the necessary earnestness and determination."

And Kishore Sahu has not belied the expectations of his patron and 'discoverer.' Plenty of earnestness and determination are needed by a young man who suddenly announces his intention to launch an ambitious film enterprise and, within a year, translates his dream into a reality.

With S. Mukerjee producing "Bandhan" at Bombay Talkies and Kishore Sahu at the India Artistes, I think the Indian film industry has entered upon a new phase. No longer will producers be recruited from the Stock Exchange and the cotton market. They will be sought and found in Colleges and Universities.

News—Or Is It History?

The French Army continues to fight the Germans—on the screen! The Hindustani news-reel which I happened to see at a cinema last week was still showering praises upon the French soldiers for gallantly resisting the German advance. Now that so many Boards and Committees have been set up, will someone wake up to the realization that what we want are NEWS-reels, not ancient history repeated in the present tense. "The brave French soldiers are now gallantly rushing to the help of the Belgians" sounds like mockery when heard from the screen.

Army Life On Screen

Talking about war news-reels, I may as well tell you about a little film I saw on Friday morning when it was shown to the Governor. It is called "A Day In The Indian Army." It is good but obvious recruiting propaganda, competently filmed with an eye to the picturesque aspects of army life. The commentary is spoken by Radio Commentator Talyarkhan in English and by Dialogue writer J. S. Cashyap in Hindustani. It has been produced by Bombay Talkies.

I Hear

That a number of people on the staff of National Studios (including a famous Director) may soon be migrating to India Artistes who are contemplating considerable

KISHORE SAHU "He will go very far."

enlargement of their production activities, including the construction of a new sound-proof studio.

That Director Shantaram is going to Madras to perform the opening ceremony of a new cinema.

That Director Sarvottam Badami has completed "Sajni" and started "Savan," both starring Sabita Devi.

That Minerva Movietone's "Bharosa" (starring Sardar Akhtar, Chandramohan and Mazhar Khan) is ready and will follow "Bahurani" at Minerva.

That Prakash Pictures' "Narsi Bhagt" will be released sometime in the beginning of August.

GOVERNOR TO SEE "WOMAN"

Special Show In Aid Of Red Cross

H. E. the Governor will be present at a special show of National Studios' film, "Woman" at Pathe on Wednesday the 10th instant at 9-45 p.m. The proceeds of the show will go to the Red Cross fund.

"Dawn Patrol" At Bandra Talkies

From July 6th to 9th Bandra Talkies will screen "Dawn Patrol" Warner Bros. thrilling film of British wartime aviation. The cast is headed by Errol Flynn and includes David Niven, Basil Rathbone and Donald Crisp.

The story is centred on Flynn, playing the dashing Courtney, who together with Niven, form a pair of hell-for leather flying fools of the British Royal Flying Corps, continue day after day, night after night, to wreak havoc with the enemy while death takes its toll regularly among their less experienced comrades.

SUNDAY MORNING

On Sunday 7th July at 10-30 a.m. will be screened Metro-Goldwyn Mayer's "Marie Walewska" starring Greta Garbo and Charles Boyer.

Why Doesn't Someone Produce Film Biographies Of The Great Ones Of India?

By K. AHMAD ABBAS

THIRTY YEARS AGO A DRAUGHTSMAN NAMED D. G. PHALKE SAW AN AMERICAN FILM ON THE LIFE OF CHRIST. HIS IMAGINATION VISUALIZED INDIAN GODS AND SAINTS ON THE SCREEN AND THE INDIAN CINEMA WAS BORN. WE HAVE NOT SEEN THE LAST OF THESE SAINT PICTURES.

But has no Indian producer been inspired by "Pasteur" and "Zola", "Abe Lincoln In Illinois", and "Young Tom Edison" to think of producing pictures on the lives of the great ones of India?

Did the lives of Tilak and Gokhale, Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Surendranath Bannerjee, and Mohamad Ali, to mention only a few, contain nothing sufficiently dramatic to be turned into a purposeful picture like "Pasteur" and "Zola"?

Look around at the pictures being produced in our studios. The same old "Social" pictures with the same old son of the zamindar crying his heart out because he cannot marry the same old daughter of an untouchable (a bairagi or a beggar); the same old "Hindu wife" masquerading under different disguises (e.g. "Mother India", "Daughters of India", "Ma", "Woman", "Bahurani", "Sohag", "Saubhagya", "Chhoti Bahu", "Bari Didi", "Ardhangi", *ad nauseum*.

Since the remarkable success of "Sant Tukaram", every possible saint has been unearthed and put on the screen. Soon there will be a slump in the saint market, too, and producers as usual will be faced with a famine of ideas. Poor Shivaji, of course, has already been glorified threadbare in picture after picture. Perhaps after the phenomenal box office triumph of "Pukar," Moghal romances may flourish for a while and we may have yet another "Anarkali" and another "Noor Jehan".

But, with their characteristically limited imagination, none of our producers has devoted any attention to the lives of our more recent national heros—patriots and politicians, social reformers, and humanitarians, poets and scientists? Here is an opportunity to do real solid national service by glorifying the sages and savants of modern India whose lives can inspire the youth of the country to equally noble achievements.

SNEHPRABHA PRADHAN who plays one of the leading roles in Hindustan Cinetone's "Saubhagya" at Roxy.

Source Of Inspiration

When Director William Dieterle approached the Hollywood producers with the suggestion that he should film the life of Pasteur one of the movie monarchs is said to have contemptuously remarked, "You mean, that milk man!" Having read the word "Pasteurised" on milk bottles, he associated Pasteur with some dairying enterprises. But it did not discourage Dieterle who was convinced more than ever that the lives of world's great benefactors like Pasteur should be brought to the screen. The result was a cycle of truly magnificent pictures—Pasteur, Zola and Juarez. The trend was started and other studios, too, came forward to picturize the lives of Nurse Cavell, Abraham Lincoln, Stanley and Livingstone and Tom Edison. To millions these names meant nothing before the films were seen. To-day they are no longer mere names. They are a live source of inspiration to the countless cine-goers whose numbers those films helped to augment.

Tukaram And Tilak

Must we depend only on foreign personalities and an alien tongue for our acquaintance with greatness of mind and soul?

It may be said that we have our saints to give us all the inspiration we need. With due deference to the hallowed memory of the Tukarams, I believe that the lives of contemporary immortals like Tilak are more effective material for the regeneration of India.

A Challenge!

It is no use indulging in vague generalizations. Here is a suggestion and a challenge, addressed more particularly to the Maharashtrian film producers. Will they not do their duty by their public—which they can be sure will not be at variance with their duty to their shareholders? The life of Tilak demands to be on the screen. It offers far more dramatic material than "Pasteur", more popular appeal than "Zola", a stronger link with our lives than "Juarez". The story of Tilak's early struggles, his uncanny intellectual powers revealed even in school, his journalistic career (when he himself wrote, composed, printed and distributed his paper!), his thundering speeches and lively debates, the political duels he fought, his sensational programme of social reform, his unbending will and his upright character—shall we have it said that there is not one among our producers with the skill or the courage to make use of such dynamic material?

When A. I. R. Scooped

Once we make a beginning, we shall not stop with the life of Tilak. One after another, all the heroes—and heroines (too!) of modern India will receive their homage from the screen. Only recently the All-India Radio showed us what they could do with a dramatized version of the life of the great scientist, Jagdish Chandra Bose. Surely our producers are not less enterprising than the A. I. R.?

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

CENTRAL—"Sant Dnyaneshwar" Prabhat's new Mythological, starring Shahu Modak with Sumati Gupte, Yeshwant, etc., in Marathi and Hindustani versions. Excellent. Must be seen. (Eighth week.)

KRISHNA—New Theatres' "Andhi" starring Molina, Pankaj Mullick, K. C. Dey, Shreelekha, Muzamil, etc. (Second week.)

IMPERIAL—"Pagal" Ranjit film, starring Madhuri and Prithviraj. (Opening to-day).

MAJESTIC—"Sohag" Circo's latest, starring Kumar, Bibbo, Mazhar Khan, Ashalata, etc. (Fourth week.)

MINERVA—India Artistes' "Bahurani", starring Rose, Anuradha and Kishore Sahu. Average entertainment. (Third week.)

NOVELTY—"Kangan", Bombay Talkies' film starring Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar (Revival).

PATHE—National Studios' "Woman" starring Sardar Akhtar, Surendra with Yakub, Jyoti, etc. Excellent. Most Popular. Must be seen. (Ninth week).

ROXY—Hindustan Cinetone's "Saubhagya" starring Shobhana Samarth, Snehprabha Pradhan, Prem Adib, etc. (Third week).

WEST END—"Ardhangi", Huns' picture in Marathi starring Leela Chitnis, Baburao Pendharkar, Meenakshi and Winayak. Excellent entertainment. Very popular. (16th week).

CAN YOU RECOGNIZE HIM?—Chandramohan in Minerva's forthcoming release "BHAROSA". For the first time he discards beard and make-up and dons modern clothes.

OUR FILM CRITIC WANTS TO KNOW

Who Produced "Andhi"?

NEW THEATRES-ASSOCIATED PRODUCTIONS MYSTERY MUST BE SOLVED

Who produced "Andhi", the film that is now running at the Krishna Talkies? I would like to have an answer because there seems to be some mystery about it.

The picture was ushered in with advertisements declaring in big black type "A New Theatres' New

ROSE as she appears in the role of an emancipated College girl in "Bahurani", at Minerva.

Released". In almost microscopic type it was stated that it was "An Associated Production Ltd's Maiden Musical Hit". Those who went to see it went because of the name of New Theatres being associated with it. The artistes and technicians who have worked on "Andhi" are New Theatre's employees, it was produced at New Theatre's Studios and the picture opens with the well-known elephant trade mark: Imagine our surprise, therefore, when we find that the name of New Theatres has suddenly disappeared from advertisements.

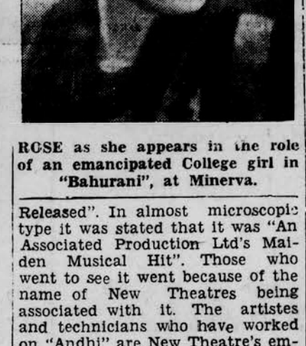
The picture itself, we regret to have to say, is rather poor for a studio like New Theatres. It is amateurishly directed, so badly audiographed that K. C. Dey's and Pankaj Mullick's songs are hardly audible and even the photography is not upto the usual New Theatres' standard. Is that the reason why New Theatres are now feeling shy about acknowledging parentage of "Andhi"?

The "Release" and "Production" mystery has often been attached to New Theatres pictures. "Vidyapati" was "Ramneek Production" and "Adhikar" a "Circo Production." Yet New Theatres got—quite legitimately—the credit for them and even the Film Journalists' Award for the latter. Then they must also now get the blame for "Andhi".

A PROMISING ARTIST.

For most other studios in India "Andhi" may be quite an achievement. It has a story which, at the core, is sound and interesting material, being concerned with the sacrifice of a friend for a friend; it introduces a promising artist, smart and photogenic, in Shreelekha who should do very well when she has got rid of her Anglo-Indian accents; its cast includes Molina who may not be her old slim self to-day but is still a first rate emotional actress. Muzammil is far less wooden in this picture than in his earlier roles and even if Pankaj Mullick fails as a handsome hero, he may yet do better in a sympathetic character role. And, here and there one can hear K. C. Dey's and Pankaj Mullick's melodious voices. Indeed, the film would have been worth while only for their songs, had they been better recorded! Which again brings us back to the point that it is a great pity if after producing technical and artistic masterpieces like "Dhoop Chhaon", "President", "Adhikar" and "Vidyapati", the New Theatres can't even ensure efficient sound-recording!

K. A. ABBAS.



THAT SCHOOL-GIRL LOOK—Leela Chitnis in Bombay Talkies' "Bandhan", nearing completion at the Malad Studios.

THEY ARE TOGETHER AGAIN!

Leela & Ashok In 'Bandhan'

It is the privilege of a motion picture producer at once to guide and be guided by public opinion. While, in the matter of social trends for instance, it often becomes a film producer's task even to shock public opinion into a progressive step, there are matters—especially of aesthetic taste and artistic vogue—where he is the better guided by current public opinion.

PUBLIC NOMINATION

In regard to choice of stars, for instance. With an insight into artistic effect which is an indispensable qualification for a producer, he brings together certain stars in a picture. The artistic poise and histrionic balance that sometimes result from the casting are so beautiful, that they fire the public imagination; and the stars, thenceforth, are associated together in the public mind.

Instances of this fact are plentiful in Hollywood history; neither are they altogether scarce in India, where the star "system" has not yet developed as fully as in the West.

TEAM OF THE YEAR

The Bombay Talkies team of Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar is a notable instance. Brought together in "Kangan", the two became the "rage" of the film-going public, skyrocketting to a peak of popularity with few parallels in our screen history.

The public took a firm fancy for the pair. No wonder, "fans" began inundating the stars, and Bombay Talkies, with letters asking when the two would be paired again on the screen; demanding that they be co-starred. That demand still persists.

MALAD OBLIGES

It is no dumb demand for a mere appearance of the team on the screen. What the public, through the "fan mail", definitely asks for is that the two be presented in romantic roles.

The answer to that intense public desire is "Bandhan", the new Bombay Talkies picture soon to be released at the Roxy, which once again co-stars Leela and Ashok.

Runjit's "Pagal" To-Day At Imperial

The only notable release today is Ranjit Movietone's "Pagal" which succeeds "Civil Marriage" at the Imperial.

Directed by A. R. Kardar and based on a story by Kamal Amrohi, "Pagal" is claimed to be an essay in human psychology, probing the unusual case of a doctor who went mad.

The stars are Madhuri and Prithviraj, with Khatoon, Noor Mohd. (Charlie), etc., in the supporting cast.

"DRUVA KUMAR" IN KANARESE

To Be Shown At Imperial On Sunday Morning

The local Kanarese-knowing film goers will get an opportunity to witness a popular Kanarese film at the Imperial Cinema on Sunday morning at 10 a.m.

The film is "Druva Kumar" featuring Muthu, G. Nagesh Rao, Mari Rao, Kanakalaxmi Devi, etc., produced by Vishnu Film Distributors and distributed by All-India Film Distributors, Bombay.

"LAPANDAV"

Navyug's Maiden Film In Marathi

News comes from Poona that "Lapandav" (Hide and Seek) the maiden production of Navayuga Chitrapat Ltd. in Marathi, is ready for release and will soon have its premiere in Bombay. Written by the well-known humorist, Principal Atre, who has to his credit such hits as "Brahmachari", "Brandy Bottle" and "Ardhangi," the screen play of "Lapandav" is based on the social problem concerning the unmarried educated women who in their zeal of social work observe celibacy and yet pretend to be happy. The principal roles are assigned to Baburao Pendharkar, Winayak, Meenaxi, Salvi, Pawar and Vanmala, new discovery of Nayayuga. Produced by Baburao Pendharkar this maiden Navayuga film is directed by K. Narayan Kale and photographed by Pandurangrao Naik. The Peerless Pictures of Bombay have secured the distribution rights.

A Healthier Life!

Get rid of constipation, the cause of many other ailments. Restore yourself to normal health—your system will be cleansed and your blood purified, if you take Castophene.

Castophene is a chocolate laxative containing pure castor oil. It is not distasteful and acts gently but effectively.

THE CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE

Available at all chemists and stores or from P. O. Box 88, KARACHI.

Hindrance To Indian Insurance

SETALVAD DEPLORES ATTITUDE OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKS AND IMPORTERS OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

That some of the Foreign Exchange Banks persistently refused to accept policies issued by Indian Companies and the attention of the Foreign Exchange Banks Association had been drawn to this attitude adopted by some of its members, was the observation made by Mr. S. C. Setalvad, presiding over the 12th annual general meeting of the Indian Insurance Companies' Association, Bombay, on Friday.

Mr. Setalvad added that the matter was also taken up through the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, and the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Delhi.

Insurance Of Exports

"The other matter which deserved special attention," he said, "is that buyers of cotton, wheat etc., at London and Liverpool stipulate in their letters of credit that insurance will be with an A 1 British Company with the result that Exchange Banks in India accept the documents only if the relative goods are covered by a British Insurance Company.

Continuing he said:—

"Consequently, a good deal of insurance business which would otherwise be placed with Indian insurance companies by shippers at this end has thus compulsarily to be passed on to non-Indian insurance companies. Similar difficulties are also experienced by Indian companies under the terms of contract of the London and Liverpool Cattle Food Trade Association. I am told that this kind of restriction was in vogue in respect of Colonial insurance companies also but the Colonies having taken up this matter through diplomatic channels, it was removed."

Referring to the recent action taken by the Licensing and Registration Committee of the Bombay Fire Insurance Association against some of the Indian Companies regarding their chief agencies, he characterised it as deplorable and if things continued as they did, Indian Companies would have no other alternative but to take necessary steps to safeguard their interests.

WAR TELLS.

"Though we are situated far from the field of war operations", continued Mr. Setalvad, "our insurance activities have been adversely affected. The war has proved the necessity of closer co-operation among our members which may lead to more exchange of business resulting in increased net retention for each of us. It is also necessary that our members should give their wholehearted co-operation to various Committees formed by the Government of Bombay for the prosecution of the war."

TARIFF REFORMS.

Mr. Setalvad traced the history of tariff reforms of the Bombay Fire Insurance Association and said that some time back the Bombay Fire Insurance Association had proposed to frame additional rules and by-laws regarding chief agencies the object of which "was to give a setback to Indian companies and take away the facilities secured by them" as the result of the compromise previously arrived at. The proposals amounted to a virtual transfer of power of selecting chief agents and granting them working expenses, from the directors of Indian companies to the Chairman of the Bombay Fire Insurance Association.

APPOINTMENT OF AGENTS.

After considering the rules the meeting of the Advisory Committee of directors of members of the Indian Insurance Companies' Association unanimously expressed that "there should be only one class of Chief Agent on uniform terms of commission. If this principle of one class of Chief Agent is not acceptable to the Bombay Fire Insurance Association and if two classes of Agents are to be allowed, then it should be left to the sole discretion of the Directors of an Indian Company to decide as to which of the Agents they are from time to time entitled to appoint will be working or non-working."

He also stated that the new committee would give their serious consideration to the question of turning their Association into a Tariff Association.

After the transaction of other routine business the gathering was treated to light refreshments.

THE BEST WAY TO COMBAT MONSOON DAMPNESS

BEST SIGREE. Consumes 1 unit (9 pies) per hour.

This portable electric sigree will keep your home free from damp, and your clothes dry. It can also be used for occasional cooking. Strongly built aluminium body with copper reflector; it is a boon to housewives. 1000 watts, 230 volts, 9" dia.

Rs. 14 Flex and plug extra.

BEST ALMIRAH HEATER. 16 hours use for 1 unit (9 pies).

This compact heater has proved to be excellent, and can be placed inside a wardrobe or cupboard with perfect safety, guarding your clothes against mildew. It is ideal for keeping a piano in good condition. Polished aluminium body 4" dia. 60 watts, 230 volts.

Rs. 5-8 Flex and plug extra.

Good stocks of imported electric fires of all types.

BEST Showrooms

Electric House, • • Fort, BOMBAY.
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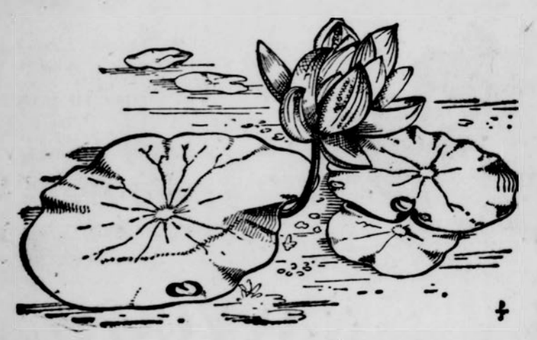

Behold the Lotus! Symbol of Oriental purity and beauty, flowering in abundance in Kashmir's Lakes. Full blown and delicate pink petals nod to the skies from their seats of luscious green leaves floating on the limpid blue waters. Kashmir is the parliament of Nature where she reigns perennially.

Kasnmir welcomes you!

KASHMIR

• Travel particulars from, Director, Visitors' Bureau, Srinagar, or from Tourist Agencies.

Vicereine's Appeal To Employers

RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANTI-TUBERCULAR WORK FOR LABOUR

SIMLA, July 5.

Following are excerpts from the broadcast made by H. E. Lady Linlithgow from the Simla radio station at 8-30 p.m. to-night on the subject "Tuberculosis":—

"It has been calculated that in a city the size of Bombay there are probably between 25,000 and 30,000 persons suffering from tuberculosis in active form. The disease has already penetrated to a great extent even to the remotest villages.

Without real understanding of the way in which tuberculosis spreads, there will be no co-operation by the public in making use of the new tuberculosis clinics and institutions now being established all over India.

Our urgent measure in the anti-tuberculosis campaign is the training of doctors who can take charge of clinics and other tuberculosis institutions.

TRAINING CENTRES NEEDED

The Government of Madras is the first to establish a 9 months' diploma course, and I very much hope that other parts of India will realize the importance of these courses and institute the same. It is hoped that an All-India Training Centre may soon be established in the North. A very generous offer has been made to me by the Pasteur Institute in the Simla hills to hand over as a free gift all buildings and property belonging to them.

The sum of three lakhs is required for equipment, and the annual expenditure will be in the region of Rs. 76,500 for a hundred beds. If this scheme materialises, it will give us two first class teaching schools in India.

APPEAL TO EMPLOYERS

I would like to suggest to the large industrial concerns and the buusiness corporations that they should start anti-tuberculosis measures of their own. Every employer of labour on a large scale should realize the responsibility which rests on his shoulders.

I go so far as to say that employers should be public spirited enough to help to fight one of the most devastating diseases in the country from which they derive their income.

One large influential Hindu community in north India is establishing a large modern sanatorium with the special object of treating its poorer members suffering from tuberculosis. This community has asked for and received the help of the Medical Commissioner to the Tuberculosis Association of India in the selection of the site and in the planning of the building.

WHY JINNAH WAS CALLED FIRST

Moonje's Reading Of The Situation

NASIK, July 5.

In the course of a Press Statement, Dr. Moonje says:—

"It is a good piece of news that the Viceroy has invited Barrister Savarkar as President of the Hindu Maha Sabha to meet him. It now opens out a wide vista of possibilities and opportunities of varied kinds for helpful Responsive Co-operation.

These war times have brought about a tremendous change in the outlook of the people. Who could have imagined that the Congress would relinquish its long cherished love of Non-Violence and throw overboard Mahatma Gandhi's plans for demonstrating to the warring world the effectivity of Non-violence.

With this change came also the procedure of the Viceroy, hitherto followed, in meeting the leaders of India. Previously, the honour of the first invitation would always go to Mahatma Gandhi, the acknowledged leader and dictator of the Congress and Mr. Jinnah the leader of the Muslim League, was treated as the second best. But this time the order was reversed. Mr. Jinnah received the honour of the first call and Mahatma Gandhi followed him as his second best. What is, however, still more surprising though agreeably, is that Barrister Savarkar has been invited as President of the Hindu Mahasabha for consultation close on the heels of Mahatma Gandhi. It seems that the essentials of the situation are now dawning in the mind of the Viceroy in their proper perspective.

Whatever the Congress President may say or do, he is bound to be disillusioned. He will at the end find that the Congress cannot bring about Hindu-Muslim Unity. For it, the Hindu Mahasabha and the Muslim League will have to sit and rub heads together. The Congress does not and cannot represent the Hindus.

The Viceroy should now, lose no time in establishing National Governments composed of representatives of all the major Political Parties both in the Provinces and at the Centre and hurry on with his War Efforts with their help.

JAMSAHEB TO MEET VICEROY

SIMLA, July 5.

H. H. the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes is arriving in Simla to-morrow, it is understood, to meet the Viceroy. His Highness is expected to stay on in Simla for a day or two.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, July 3.—Colonel R. N. Chopra, Director of the School of Tropical Medicine and the Biochemical Standardisation Laboratory, has been elected an Honorary Member of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, according to information received here.

BANKS SAFE DURING THE WAR

Can be seen from the Status of the JWALA BANK, LTD. in Service Over Seventeen Years

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA.

STATUS.

Year ended 30th, June 1940, profits Rs. 1,75,017-2-4, against last year 1,35,326-5-11, hence Dividends 9 per cent. p.a. against 8 per cent. Duration of the Current year Deposits approximately 28 to 30 lacs, Investments made 23 to 26 lacs and were paid off about 24 to 25 lacs keeping a cash balance between 3 to 5 lacs. Shares still available for sale at Rs. 120 per share, may apply to the Finance Director. Mr. C. W. GRANT, I. C. S., (Retired).

Khwaja Sahib's Urs at Ajmer.

The KHWAJA SAHIB'S URS will be held at Ajmer from August 6th to 11th, 1940 Return tickets for all classes available for the completion of the return journey upto midnight of August 20th, will be issued to Ajmer from the undermentioned stations from August 1st to 11th, as under:—

(1) DELHI and via
(2) AGRA FORT and via
(3) IDGAH AGRA and via
(4) ALL STATIONS CAWNPORE CENTRAL TO MUTTRA, and via MUTTRA, via HATHRAS, via KASGANJ, via FARRUKHABAD and via CAWNPORE CENTRAL.
(5) JAIPUR and from all stations on the Jaipur State Railway.

AT 1½ FARES

(6) AHMEDABAD. AT 1¾ FARES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

TELEGRAMS: "JALANATH"

(ESTABLISHED: 1919). Head Office at BOMBAY.

BRANCH OFFICES & AGENCIES AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL PORTS of INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON

TELEPHONE: 30075 (FOUR LINES).

REGULAR SERVICES:—

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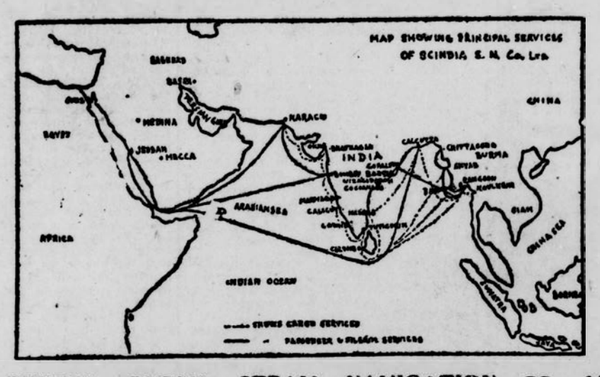
BURMA PORTS — MALABAR via COLOMBO and TUTICORIN.

CALCUTTA — KARACHI via COAST PORTS.

BURMA PORTS — CALCUTTA according to demand.



PASSENGER LINES

RANGOON — COCONADA via COROMANDAL COAST PORTS.

CHITTAGONG — RANGOON and CHITTAGONG—COX'S BAZAR (B.B.S.N. CO'S Services).

PILGRIM LINES

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and KARACHI to JEDDAH.

MANAGING AGENTS OF THE BENGAL BURMA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., RANGOON
THE RATNAGAR STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

For further Particulars, apply to SCINDIA S. N. CO., LTD., Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TERRIFIC TEMPEST SINKS THE BOAT

Famous Botanist & Radio Star Lost?

(By Mail)

CALCUTTA, Wednesday.

The most sensational story about Mr. Ranjan Bose, the famous Bengali Botanist and Radio star, who left for Delta, few months ago, and was mysteriously lost, has now been revealed.

It must be remembered that while Mr. Ranjan was on the boat which was nearing Delta, there came a terrific storm, by which the boat, having been smashed capsized, leaving Mr. Ranjan to his fate. He was washed ashore in unconscious condition. But as fate would have it, a village-girl, Tulsi by name, rescued him. But his memory had completely gone due to the accident. He could not even remember his own name. And as the time flew, Tulsi and Ranjan fell in love, when one day all of them decided to go to Calcutta.

It must be remembered that before he sailed, Mr. Ranjan was to marry Sulata, the charming daughter of Mr. Chaudhri, the Professor of Mathematics of Calcutta. When she heard the news of this horrible accident, intensely deep sorrow took her possession. Their common friend Dr. Ashoke is looking after her.

What happened then?—The most thrilling climax, the great love of a village-girl and her sublime sacrifice, the true friendship between Ashoke, Ranjan and his sweetheart Sulata, all of it form the most emotional climax that one has ever seen or heard—.

From these soul-stirring sequences, "ANDHI" (The Tempest) an intensely emotional melodrama a musical melodrama of rare charms has been produced by Associated Productions Ltd., —which has been drawing crowded houses at the Krishna in its second week. Punkaj Mullick plays the role of Ranjan and his music is exquisitely sweet and sonorous. With him you will see Molina. Shreelekha, Muzamil, K. C. Dey, Manjari and Nemo. Don't fail to see "ANDHI" (The Tempest) in its successful Second Week. At the Krishna.

Talkies, Dubash Theatre.

TO HELP THE RED CROSS

A SPECIAL SHOW

OF

"WOMAN"

At 9-45 P.M.

On 10th July

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY AND LADY LUMLEY.

—REMEMBER—

AT

PATHE

ON

10th July — at 9-45

LADY LUMLEY WILL GRACE THE OCCASION

WOMAN

IN AID OF BOMBAY RED CROSS AND AMENITIES FOR TROOPS FUND

Rates As. 4, As. 9, Rs. 1-8, Rs. 1-12 and Rs. 15 In Box of 4

Miss Mridulaben Sarabhai, the Secretary of the Sub-Committee on Women's Role in Planning Economy reading the report at its meeting held at the Council Hall, Bombay on Thursday afternoon. Rani Laxmibai, Rajwade the Chairman of the Sub-Committee presided.

Collector's Circular

Govt. To Open Own Country Liquor Shops

Foreign Liquor Can Be Sold To Non-Permit Holders:

Directions to all holders of licences for sale of foreign liquor in Bombay and suburbs that they are "permitted to sell foreign liquor to any person or club or mess without any limit of quantity" have been conveyed by the Collector of Bombay in view of the invalidating of the permit system due to the Bombay High Court's findings.

The circular addressed by the Collector is as follows:—

"All holders of Vendor's and Hotel Licences in Bombay are informed that this office Circular dated 1-7-1940 is hereby cancelled and they are permitted to sell foreign liquor to any person, Club or Mess without any limit of quantity, subject to the payment of assessment on sales at the existing rates.

"The sales at licensed hotels will continue to be restricted under condition 9 of the Hotel licence to private rooms which are not exposed to the public view and are not connected with public rooms of the hotels. Performances of general amusement such as music, dancing and the like will not be permitted in such rooms."

The circular dated the 1st of July, 1940, which now stands cancelled was to the effect that "no sales of foreign liquor are to be made to anyone except to licensees or holders of permits and authorisation according to the conditions subject to which the licensees have been granted to them."

So far as country liquor is concerned, the Government, it is understood, will shortly arrange to open their own shops where sealed bottles will be made available.

The Wine Merchants' Association of Bombay has addressed a letter to Government, in the meantime, requesting that the tax of Rs. 2 which was being charged on each unit purchased by the permit holder should either be waived or in the alternative should be extended to the whole province.

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDER WITHDRAWAL OF CASES

Sequel To High Court Ruling

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, July 5.

"Possession of liquor is no offence, and there is nothing like prohibition for drinking or possessing liquor except to sell it," is the general opinion expressed when inquired in Official and Non-Official circles here.

A circular has been issued by the Bombay Government to all Excise Departments asking to withdraw all cases launched before or on the 1st of July in respect of possession of intoxicating liquor after the High Court ruling.

PROVINCIAL MARKETING BOARD FOR SIND

Proposals for the establishment of a Provincial Marketing Board in Sind have been submitted to the Director of Agriculture, Sind. The prospects of starting egg grading stations in two centres in the Punjab, in the Muzaffarpur district of Bihar and in the Habiganj sub-division of Assam were also examined by the Marketing staff. A new intelligence service for the prices of eggs in Bombay has also been started.

GRADING OF FRUITS

Grade specifications for the Bangalore, Pyri, Malgoa and Neelum varieties of mangoes grown in Madras, and Bombay, the Malda and Fajri varieties grown in Bihar and for Sathgudi oranges (grown in Madras) were drawn up. The grading work on Alphonso mangoes and citrus fruits in Bombay engaged special attention.

Discovery Of Shah Jehan's Gold Mohars

NAGPUR, June 30.

Twenty-two gold Mohars of the reign of Moghal Emperor Shah Jehan of the approximate value of Rs. 74/- were discovered in a temple premises at village Jawali in Umrer Tahsil of Nagpur District.

A Gazette Notification under the Treasure Trove Act, announcing the above find invites claimants to appear before the District Officer, Nagpur.—A.P.

2ND WEEK!

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High Court

Bonus Is Not Wages

THE PAYMENT OF WAGES ACT IV OF 1936

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev).

B. K. Mazumdar ..... Petitioner.

vs.

K. R. Gadgil, Inspector under the above Act ..... Respondent.

This was an Application in Revision from the decision of the District Court at Ahmedabad confirming the order of the City Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

The Petitioner was the Manager of the Arvind Mills Ltd., who carried on the manufacture of yarn and cloth at Ahmedabad. Shortly before the year 1938, the said mills determined to offer to certain classes of its workmen a reward in addition to fixed wages,—if, in the case of "time-workers" they put in unbroken and regular attendance, or in the case of "piece-workers" if they produced a certain quantity of work per week.

The Respondent who was an officer appointed under the Payment of Wages Act, thereupon preferred an application to the City Magistrate alleging that this bonus fell within the definition of "wages" in Sec. 2 (vi) of the above Act and that therefore the wages of certain workmen were subjected to deductions not authorized by that Act. The workmen in question had been paid their regular fixed wages, but they not having attended regularly (in the case of "time-workers"), or not having completed the requisite quantity of work (in the case of "piece-workers"), as the case may be were not paid any part of the bonus at all.

Counsel for the Respondent contended that the term "Wages" has been defined in the Act so as to include all payments of money to employees which "would be payable" subject to certain authorized deductions. It is not restricted in meaning to the amount actually paid. The section expressly includes "bonus" in the term "wages". It was further argued that it was not open to a workman to contract himself out of the Act and to subject himself to a condition—e.g. that he would not be entitled to any part of the bonus at all if he did not attend 6 full days in a week. If he actually happened to attend only 4 out of the 6 days in a particular week, he would be entitled under the Act to 3/4 of the bonus, in spite of any such condition attached to the bonus. Such condition would be invalid, and the employee could claim a proportionate part of the bonus.

On the other hand, Counsel for the Applicant argued that the term "wages" in the Act applied only to such wages as had been earned according to the terms of the contract of employment. He further stated that in the present case, the workmen in question had not fulfilled the condition attached to the bonus, and that therefore they had not earned it, and it did not fall within the definition of "wages" in Sec. 2 (vi) of the Act. The Act was intended to help the workmen and the interpretation sought to be put by the Respondent and accepted by both the lower courts would not benefit them, for, in future no employer would declare any such bonus at all.

His Lordship the Chief Justice delivering the judgment of the Court, accepted the arguments advanced by Counsel for the Applicant and expressed the opinion that the word "wages" in Sec. 2 (vi) had to be read subject to anything repugnant in the context and that Sec. 7 of that Act which deals with payment could not possibly apply to wages which had not been earned. He therefore held that the bonus in the present case not having been earned by fulfilment of the conditions by the workers in question was not within the term "wages" in the Act and the employers were right in not paying any part of it at all. The Revision Application was therefore granted with costs throughout.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary with Mr. Chhotrapaty instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co., appeared for the Applicant.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad with the Assistant Government Pleader Mr. Rao, appeared for the Respondent.

High Court

NOSE-CUTTING

Offender Gets Four Years

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia.)

Emperor

vs.

Baboo Piraji—Accused.

The accused was charged with the offence of causing grievous hurt to one Laxmibai Maruti by cutting off her nose on 22nd March 1940. He was committed to the High Court Sessions by Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, and charged under Sec. 326 of the Indian Penal Code.

Laxmibai was a married woman with whom the accused, who was then her neighbour, became friendly. Ultimately he seduced her away from her husband and lived with her at Jacob Circle for more than 2 months. Subsequently, however, her husband found her and brought her back to his place. On the date of the offence at about 8 a.m. Laxmibai left for Kurla in search of work along with one Tatya Masoo. On the way back, at about 10 a.m. when she came near Sion Road, the accused came from behind, threw her down on the ground, cut off her nose with a cobbler's knife and ran away. Tatya who was with her came to her rescue but was himself injured. The accused then himself went to a Police Constable, made a statement, and handed over piece of the nose which he took out from his waist-coat pocket as well as the cobbler's knife. He was immediately arrested.

The jury found him unanimously guilty of the offence charged. His Lordship thereupon sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 4 years.

Mr. M. J. Sethna instructed by the Public Prosecutor Mr. N. K. Petigara appeared for the Prosecution.

The accused was undefended.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

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Gilt-Edged Market Steady On Favourable Interpretation Of War News

STOCK EXCHANGE STRONG

Weekly Market Review

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
BOMBAY, July 5.

MONEY

Money rates were almost static during the week under review, call funds being quoted at 3/4 per cent. Three to six months money was placeable at between 1-1/2 to 2 per cent. per annum.

A Reserve Bank of India statement, made upto 28th of June 1940, records a decline of Rs. 166.03 lacs in the total of notes issued and of Rs. 85.87 lacs in the active note circulation in India. Rupee Coin in circulation records an increase of Rs. 166.17 lacs. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits are up by Rs. 178.06 lacs, whereas Bankers and Other Deposits are down by Rs. 259.08 lacs and Rs. 24.49 lacs respectively. Balances held abroad record an increase of Rs. 183.86 lacs. Loans and Advances to Government against 'Ways and Means' are lower by Rs. 4.29 crores. The item of 'Investments' shows an increase of Rs. 125.78 lacs.

A weekly return of the Imperial Bank of India, compiled upto 28th of June 1940, reveals a decline of Rs. 42.95 lacs in Advances and of Rs. 36.58 lacs in the Cash holding of the Bank. Investments are up by Rs. 97.45 lacs, while Deposits record an increase of Rs. 46.58 lacs.

GILT-EDGED

After tending lower during the earlier part of the week, gilt-edged prices showed moderate improvement at the close on favourable interpretation of war news. The turnover in the market, however, was restricted. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock, in the London market, was stationary around £91-1/2 throughout the week, whilst 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper locally, after losing a point at Rs. 85-8 midweek, reacted and closed better at Rs. 85-12. Among other dated bonds, 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan moved up from Rs. 92-4 to Rs. 92-8, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds from Rs. 100-2 to Rs. 100-4 and 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan from Rs. 100-4 to Rs. 100-7. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan was about unchanged at Rs. 93, whilst 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan closed quieter at Rs. 85-2. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan at Rs. 98-13 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 103. 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan, however, was fairly steady around Rs. 99-9 as compared with the opening rate of Rs. 98-12. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax free) loan was reported to have changed hands at Rs. 107-1, and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan at Rs. 104-4 as against last week's close of Rs. 105-8 and Rs. 103-12 respectively.

EXCHANGE

There was no appreciable change in the rupee/sterling exchange market and sellers of interbank spot T. T. quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Small business at race-course odds within this range was occasionally possible. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were quoted as under:—

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 5-31-32d.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 6-1/32d.

In the free foreign exchange market in New York, sterling was inclined to be easier in terms of hard currencies and as against the previous close of 400.25 cents, the sterling/dollar cross-rate opened at 387 cents and after touching 379 cents on Monday, closed at 382 cents. Sterling for three months forward delivery was unquoted during the week. Among the Far Eastern exchanges, the Shanghai dollar showed no change and closed at 3-3/4d. while the sterling/yen rate moved between 1s. 3d. and 1s. 3-1/2d. during the week.

The rates fixed by the Bank of England for buying and selling various foreign currencies were as under: sterling/dollar between 402-1/2 and 403-1/2; sterling/franc between 176-1/2 and 176-3/4; and sterling/Swiss franc between 17.75 and 17.85.

GOLD

Within a few weeks of establishing a record high, during the period under review gold touched the lowest since the beginning of the current year. Opening at Rs. 41-4-0, spot gold recorded by stages to Rs. 40-2-6 on Saturday. The initial decline was partly due to an increase in war risk insurance rates, but the big drop was consequent upon the Government of India's communique regarding the temporary closure of the port of Bombay. The floor provided by the shipping parity was, thus, knocked out, for, in spite of the attractive rates for arbitrageurs no export business was possible in the absence of transport facilities. On Thursday, however, it was announced that the port would be open for outward shipping. At the lower level, there was good inquiry and purchases were reported both for export and for a special source. Consequently, the rate improved to Rs. 42-4 on Thursday, closing lower at Rs. 41-15. August settlement was quoted at level rates with spot, but little or no business was possible for September settlement. There was greater demand for sovereigns and the price improved from Rs. 27-8 to Rs. 28-8 at the end of the week. In London, the Bank of England's buying price of gold remained unchanged at 168 shillings per fine ounce. Floating stocks in the market are estimated at about 200,000 tolas. Arrivals from upcountry are said to average 20,000 tolas a day, while the daily offtake is believed to be around 5,000 tolas, including gold surrendered in exchange for sovereigns. The highest and lowest rates recorded were: Rs. 42-4 and Rs. 40-2-6 for spot and August settlement.

SILVER

In contrast with gold, the silver section of the local bullion market retained its steadiness with little fluctuation in rates. On the opening day, the lowest of the week was touched at Rs. 61-3, but thereafter, spot silver was quoted between Rs. 61-10 and Rs. 62-15, the highest being recorded on Thursday. The premium on ready silver persisted around 4 annas over August settlement throughout the week. Business for September settlement was extremely limited. In London also spot silver remained steady and was quoted between 21-5/8d and 21-13/16d. The feature of the week was the disappearance of premium on cash on Monday, when silver was fixed at 21-11/16d. for both spot and forward delivery. At the close, however, forward delivery was quoted at 21-5/8d. with spot at 21-3/4d. Floating stocks of silver are estimated to be about 10,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 62-15 and Rs. 61-3 for spot and Rs. 62-11 and Rs. 61-2-6 for August settlement.

SHARES

A steadier tone was manifest on the stock market this week and the close was strong on more favourable political news. Steel section was particularly steady; Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds advanced from Rs. 1,662-8 to Rs. 1,785 for settlement delivery for purposes of adjusting outstanding contracts, whilst delivery for cash was quoted at Rs. 1,760. There was a slight reaction at the higher level and the market finished lower at Rs. 1,755. Ordinaries likewise advanced from Rs. 324 to Rs. 339 for cash, whereas transactions for outstanding contracts were done at as high as Rs. 342. The closing rates were Rs. 338 for forward and Rs. 335 for cash. The cotton mill section, on the other hand, was comparatively neglected and there was very little doing. Quotations in most cases stood around the minimum rates fixed by the Stock Exchange Authorities. Bombay Dyeings were done between Rs. 900 and Rs. 910 whilst Centuries and Central Indias showed little change around Rs. 250. Gokaks ruled weaker at the beginning at Rs. 175 as against the previous close of Rs. 182, closing higher at Rs. 180, whereas Kohinoors moved narrowly between Rs. 330 and Rs. 345. New Greaks were practically neglected at Rs. 310. There was good investment inquiry in the Hydro-electric group of shares. Bombay Trams improved from Rs. 122 to Rs. 124, Tata Hydros moved up from Rs. 152 to Rs. 154, whilst Tata Powers gained about 35 points at Rs. 1,285 but reacted to Rs. 1,275 at the end. Andhra Valleys were unchanged at Rs. 1,450 during the week. There was very little activity in the Bank section. Bank of Indias receded to Rs. 128-8 as against the opening rate of Rs. 132, but closed better at Rs 130-8 whilst Reserve Banks remained unchanged at Rs. 97-12. Central Banks, however, were quite steady around Rs. 32-4. Imperial Bank fully Paids gradually moved up from Rs. 1,412-8 to Rs. 1,422-8 and Partly paids from Rs. 337-8 to Rs. 342-8. Amongst Railways, small business was reported in Ahmedabad Prantij around Rs. 980, whilst Tapti Valleys were offered at Rs. 778-12. In the miscellaneous section, Associated Cements were steady around Rs. 412-4 and Belapurs around Rs. 201, whilst Bombay Burmas rose smartly from Rs. 510 to Rs. 532-8 at the finish. Scindia Steams and New Indias were steady around Rs. 18-7 and Rs. 37-4 respectively.

CITY'S HEALTH RETURNS.

The health returns of Bombay during the 26th week of 1940, i.e. the week ended 29th June, were as under:—

The total mortality 539 was 1 less than in the last week and the death-rate registered was 24.2 on the Census population of 1931, as against 538 for the 26th week of 1939 and the death rate 24.1. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 555 and the death-rate 24.8. Out of the total deaths, 143 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, small-pox caused 42 attacks (including 4 imported) and 24 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. There were 7 deaths from Typhoid. Cerebro-spinal fever caused 2 attacks but no death.

The number of live births registered during the week was 636 as against 721 for the 26th week of 1939 and 625 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1935-39.)

BOMBAY RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Department's Report On Extension Of Agricultural Research

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

In spite of the district activities of the Bombay Agricultural Department being modified by the establishment of a Rural Development Department, the rapid extension and development of scientific agricultural research and of livestock and animal husbandry work has occupied the full time and energy of the staff of the Department and makes ever-increasing demands on the senior expert staff, says the report of the Department for 1938-39.

The intensive and widespread programme of the Government in connection with rural development and the schemes in force for bettering the economic condition of the cultivators depend upon the continuance and development of scientific agricultural research work. This work is the most important duty of the Department; indeed research and experiment are the essential foundations of all its other activities.

DRY FARMING RESEARCH.

The dry farming research scheme at Bijapur and Sholapur has again resulted in increased yields of both grain and straw. This increase in yield was much more valuable at Sholapur than at Bijapur, where seasonal conditions were far more favourable.

The botanical work on cotton improvement in Surat aims at the production of a type of cotton with a higher ginning percentage and better yield of seed cotton per acre than the improved type (1027 A. L. F.) which is being widely grown in the district. Selection work was continued in all the crosses and back-crosses, including those intended to combine wilt resistance with desirable economic characters.

The object of the Broach cotton breeding scheme is the combination of all desirable economic characters—high yield, high ginning percentage, better quality and wilt resistance—in one cotton suitable for wide extension in the cotton-growing tracts of the Broach and Panch Mahals district. The work is still in progress.

AMERICAN COTTON CROPS.

Cotton improvement in the Southern Maratha country is centred on the Government Farm at Dharwr, and is directed towards the improvement of the Kumpta and Dharwar American cotton crops. Particular attention is being given to increased yield, better quality and wilt resistance.

Scientific research work on the improvement of the rice crop is being carried on at various centres, notably at Karjat for the rices of the Kolaba and Thana Districts, at Mugad for the rices of the Southern Maratha country and at Kumpta and Ratnagiri for the rice crops of the Konkan. Trials of non-Bombay rices indicate that certain imported varieties may prove useful under particular environmental conditions in local rice tracts.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1940

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French "Fuehrer's" Order To Navy

Duty To Humanity Actuated Britain

British Press Hails Capture Of Fleet And Sympathises With French Sailors' Dilemma

LONDON, July 5.

The action of the Government against the French Fleet is received by the press with mingled gladness and sorrow—gladness because the Government had the courage to undertake the action not only in Britain's own interests but in the interest of France herself and in that of the whole mankind; Sorrow because as a result of the conduct of the Government of Clermont Ferrand, former brothers-in-arms had to be victims of this inevitable action.

Sympathy is expressed for the French sailors in the dilemma in which they have found themselves and the British Government is praised for leaving them the choice of being repatriated or remaining with their old ally to pursue the struggle.

The action of the Government is approved under headings such as "Inexorable Duty" and "Tragic Necessity."

THE "NEWS CHRONICLE" says: "It is from Hitler. not France, that we have taken the French fleet. What is now done in the name of France is dictated from Berlin to Marshal Petain whom the Nazis call openly "the French Fuehrer."

THE "DAILY MAIL" SAYS:

"There will be rejoicing that a greater part of the French fleet has been put out of the reach of the claws of the enemy. Mr. Churchill's grief will be shared for the sad duty we had to accomplish.

Our nation condemns, as history will condemn, the callous and malevolent policy of the men of Bordeaux. It needed supreme moral courage to take this decision and it was a great action dictated by a great man."

THE "DAILY HERALD" SAYS:

"This step was dictated not only for our own safety but also by our duty towards humanity for if we lose the war humanity will be lost.

Our anger is against the perfidious clique in France who imposed on us the hideous necessity of fighting our friends. Our sorrow for the French sailors who suffered in the Mediterranean action is almost indescribable. Their dilemma was as cruel as ours."

THE "DAILY TELEGRAPH":

"Of all the living statesmen Mr. Churchill has been a constant friend of France and his words will make the world understand that the duty imposed on the Government was an inexorable duty to the common cause and to France's freedom.

In the Battle of Oran, we can have no other satisfaction that the certainty that it was forced upon us and that the judgment of the new world and history will pronounce it a duty which we had no right to shirk."

"THE TIMES" says:

"We must maintain the distinction between the Government of Clermont-Ferrand and the fighters who deemed it their duty to obey its orders.

Sympathising as all do with the soldiers and sailors of France in the tragic dilemma in which they find themselves, justice towards them forbids all compunction in describing the action of Marshal Petain and his colleagues.

It is true that they obtained promise of the Nazis that French vessels would not be employed against Great Britain but the time is past when responsible statesmanship in the country could place any reliance upon German promises.

Any action that the British armed forces could take to prevent execution of the orders of the Petain Government has evident justification: It is an action not against France but against Germany. The servile Government of France and its German masters must be blamed for the loss of French lives in the Battle of Oran and the melancholy British victory.—Reuter.

They Left In A Hurry

Italian Delegation Turned Out Of French Somaliland

LONDON, July 4.

According to the B. B. C. when the Italian Armistice delegation visited French Somaliland in pursuance of the armistice terms, it is reported, the French Commander at Jibuti told the Delegation that he refused to recognise the Franco-Italian armistice terms and gave the delegation a few hours in which to leave Jibuti.

The delegation left in a hurry.

An earlier telegram says:—

General le Gentilhomm. Commander of the French forces in Jibuti met Italian delegates on the French border yesterday.

The Italians did not advance any definite proposals and no conclusions were reached.

It will be recalled that the armistice terms between France and Italy accorded Italy full rights to use the port of Jibuti but recent reports indicated that the authorities at Jibuti, including General le Gentilhomm, intended to fight.

FRENCH INDIA TURNS DOWN ARMISTICE

KARAIKAL, July 4.

His Excellency M. Louis Bonvin, Governor of French India in an appeal to the people of French India says:—

"France has signed the Armistice due to shortage of material and excessive forces of the adversary. All is not lost. Let us be confident.

The French Empire is intact and will remain side by side with the British Empire till final victory is won. I appeal to all to be patriotic and request them to be calm and dignified."

"We shall win the war.
"Long live France,
"Long Live Great Britain".—A. P.

Scuttle To Escape Seizure

BERLIN, July 5.

The French Armistice Delegation has reported incidents between British and French warships at Oran to the German Armistice Commission.

The Official German News Agency states that the "leader of the French Government has given orders for French ships to scuttle themselves if they cannot escape seizure by the British."

In referring to Marshal Petain the German Agency uses the phrase "Fuehrer of the French Government."—Reuter.

SECRET MEETING OF PUNJAB ASSEMBLY.

SIMLA, July 5.

In connection with the forthcoming secret meeting of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier, is expected to leave Simla for Lahore on July 7, while Mr. Manoharlal, Finance Minister, and other ministers are expected to leave on July 8. —A. P.

Indians Come Into Their Own

Kenya And Zanzibar Situation

SIMLA, June 5.

The Zanzibar Clove Agreement is working smoothly and as a direct outcome of the agreement, Indians have now recovered their full share in the trade, which they had in 1934, according to the Government of India's review of important events relating to Indians in different parts of the British Empire during 1939-40.

The Bill to place the alienation of land on equitable and non-racial lines has been passed into law.

IN KENYA

In Kenya, the Immigration Restriction Bill, to certain provisions of which local Indians had taken objection, was revised so as to divide all immigrants into two classes, the law being left unchanged for one class, including Indians. The revised Bill has received Royal assent. An Indian has also been appointed to the Immigration Advisory Board. The questions, therefore, which agitated Indians in Kenya, have been satisfactorily settled.—United Press.

AMERICA AND FRENCH FLEET DISPOSITION

Need To Speed Up Construction Of Two-Ocean Navy: British Action Applauded: Italian Papers In A Rage: Invitation To Br. Fleet

WASHINGTON, July 4.

It is learned that the disposition of the French fleet had been the subject of lengthy discussion between the Naval High Command and members of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee at a secret session yesterday before the Committee approved of the bill asking for 70 per cent increase in the size of the United States fighting fleet.

Naval officials are reported to have told the Committee that the possibility of a part of the French fleet falling into German hands made it more than ever imperative for the United States to start upon the immediate construction of a two-ocean navy.

AMERICAN FEARS DISPELLED

WASHINGTON, July 4.

"Every patriotic American citizen will applaud Mr. Churchill upon his wisdom and courage in preventing the use of the French navy by Hitler", commented Senator Pittman.

"It was feared that this step would not be taken in time and that shook the confidence of some with regard to the power of the British to defend themselves long against attack by Hitler. I am sure every member of the United States Senate would applaud Mr. Churchill's act."

"REGRETTABLE BUT NECESSARY"

WASHINGTON, July 5.

British action regarding the French fleet is regarded here as regrettable but necessary. It has been considered axiomatic in American naval circles that the British could never allow the French fleet to fall into German hands.

The British Government would undoubtedly have been criticised if it had not taken the necessary steps. It was felt that while the combined French, Italian and German navies might have proved a powerful threat to British sea power, it is now thoroughly realised that it would be a threat also to American security.

America Hails Britain On Capture Of Fleet

NEW YORK, July 4.

Greatest prominence is given here to Britain's action with regard to the French fleet.

London despatches include references to the last free order given by Admiral Darlan to the French fleet and to the German threats of concentration camp for French seamen's womenfolk.

Wireless reports of Churchill's speech treat it sympathetically with references to the cheering in the House and the Prime Minister's own emotion.

It is declared that the British action gives the lie to peace rumours.

The fact that Mr. Churchill laid the action before the United States for judgment is appreciated.

One comment is that it was "a ringing statement and a resolute action."

A major pre-occupation of the United States has now been settled by the seizure of the fleet.

The fact that French official announcements are now reaching the world 'via' Berlin is duly noted.—Reuter.

CANADA FEELS ENCOURAGED

OTTAWA, July 4.

Indications are that Mr. Churchill's statement on the disposition of the French fleet has done more to encourage Canadians than anything since the start of the war. The British action, difficult though it was, made clear above all question the determination of the British Empire to fight to a finish in the opinion of the Canadian man in the street.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN REACTION

The Sydney radio stated that the news of the action of the British navy regarding the French fleet was received with deepest satisfaction in Australia.—Reuter.

ITALIAN PAPERS FRET AND FUME

ROME, July 5.

Following the same line as the German press, which furiously described Mr. Churchill as a "ruffian" whom the "British nation should hang in Trafalgar Square, opposite Nelson's column", Italian newspapers to-day can hardly contain their fury at the British naval action at Oran. "Gangster" is the common epithet applied to Mr. Churchill in unbridled condemnation of the "greatest criminal enterprise ever carried out in history."—Reuter.

to start upon the immediate construction of a two-ocean navy.—

Why Italian Fleet Kept Out Of Trouble

LONDON, July 5.

The Rome raido announcer in what appeared to be a reply to Mr. Churchill's statement that the Italian navy "kept prudently out of the way" at Oran said that "Italian Naval units played the part of spectators because they could not get to the spot in time."

The announcer threatened naval reprisals and extended an invitation to the British fleet "to repeat the action against the Italian naval base."—Reuter.

EIRE WON'T DEVIATE FROM NEUTRALITY

De Valera Clarifies Govt. Position

DUBLIN, July 5.

Mr. De Valera has made the following statement: "In order to prevent misapprehensions which may be created by recent press and wireless statements I desire to repeat that the Government has no intention of departing from the policy of neutrality adopted last September as representing the unanimous will of the Irish people. Government is resolved to maintain and defend country's neutrality in all circumstances."—Reuter.

The Governor of Bihar opened to-day the first stage in the Bihar Electrification Project by switching on electricity for the supply of current to the town of Sassaram and by inaugurating the tube-well irrigation scheme at Dalia.

MORE FRENCH WARSHIPS IN SCOTTISH WATERS

Sailors Sing 'La Marseillaise' As Ships Enter British Port

LONDON, July 5.

It is understood that more French warships are at anchor in the Scottish waters.

It is stated in London that if additional personnel is required for officering the French fleet now in British hands Canada can supply it.

The Royal Canadian Naval Volunteers Reserve members have been training in Britain for sometime and others are following on. Admiralty officials, greatly impressed with the Canadian keenness, have stated that such men will be valuable asset to the Royal Navy.—Reuter.

SAILORS SING "LA MARSEILLAISE"

LONDON, July 5.

It is now revealed that on the afternoon of June 19 two days after the capitulation of France —ships of the French navy steamed into Playmouth harbour where they received a tumultuous welcome.

Thousands of people were on the foreshore enjoying the weekly half holiday and extraordinary scenes followed.

Three tugs took charge of a French ship and as she approached the shore it was seen that she was crowded with French sailors —far more than necessary. It is learned that they were collected from shore establishments at the ship's base.

The crowd greeted the vessel with a succession of cheers. She moved slowly towards her berth and French sailors responded with continuous hurrahs.

Two ponnaces from the ship came close inshore and the crew blew kisses to the spectators and strains of "La Marseillaise" were heard.

Later in the same evening several French mosquito boats came into the harbour, followed next day by submarines, destroyers and sloops and on the following days by an extraordinary collection of smaller craft including armed trawlers, tugs and armed merchantmen.

Two more destroyers arrived on Wednesday.

Madras Govt. To Run Lottery For War Fund

HYDERABAD APPEAL FOR 'HURRICANE FUND'

MADRAS, July 5.

The meeting of the Executive Committee of the Provincial War Committee held at the Government House, H. E. the Governor presiding discussed the question of running a lottery in aid of the Governor's War Fund for which sanction from the Government of India has been applied for.—A. P.

"Hyderabad Hurricane Fund"

HYDERABAD (Dn.) July 5.

Sir Akbar Hydari President of the Nizam's Executive Council, and Mr. C. H. Gidney, Resident, Hyderabad have issued a joint appeal for "Hyderabad Hurricane Fund."

The appeal says:—

The need of the hour in Britain is for planes and yet more planes. The Nizam's Government have made a contribution of £ 150,000 to the British Air Ministry. But many of us feel that this is not enough and the resources of the Government must be supplemented by such further aid that we as individuals can give."

The appeal says not less than Rs. three lakhs are needed for fighter aeroplanes of the Hurricane class.

Sir Akbar and Mr. Gidney, have initiated the appeal with donations of Rs. 1,000 each.—A. P.

Hollywood Murder

Exploits Of Charlie Chan — *By Alfred Andriola*

WITH THE SHADOW OF THE MURDERED NORDA NOLL AND MYSTERIOUS THREATS HANGING OVER THE SCENE, KORNWELLER BEGINS RETAKES ON "SHADOW DEVILS"...
ALL RIGHT, MR. MANCE! ONCE MORE AGAIN! YOU ARE WOUNDED! MISS LANE IS—
I KNOW! I KNOW! I KNOW THE SCENE BACKWARDS! THIS IS THE THIRD TIME I'VE DONE IT! ONCE WITH LORING—THEN WITH—WITH NORDA—AND NOW—IF MISS LANE WEREN'T SUCH A NOVICE WE WOULD HAVE HAD THIS TAKE LONG AGO!
LATER
YOU WERE SWELL, HONEY! DON'T LET THAT SLICK LUG GET YOU DOWN!
I DON'T MIND, KIRK! IT MUST BE AWFUL FOR HIM—GOING THROUGH THESE SCENES AGAIN AFTER NORDA'S DEATH! HE WAS IN LOVE WITH HER!
LOVE? THAT PLUCKED PROFILE ONLY LOVES HIMSELF! I DON'T LIKE TH' GUY! GOTTA WATCH HIM!

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